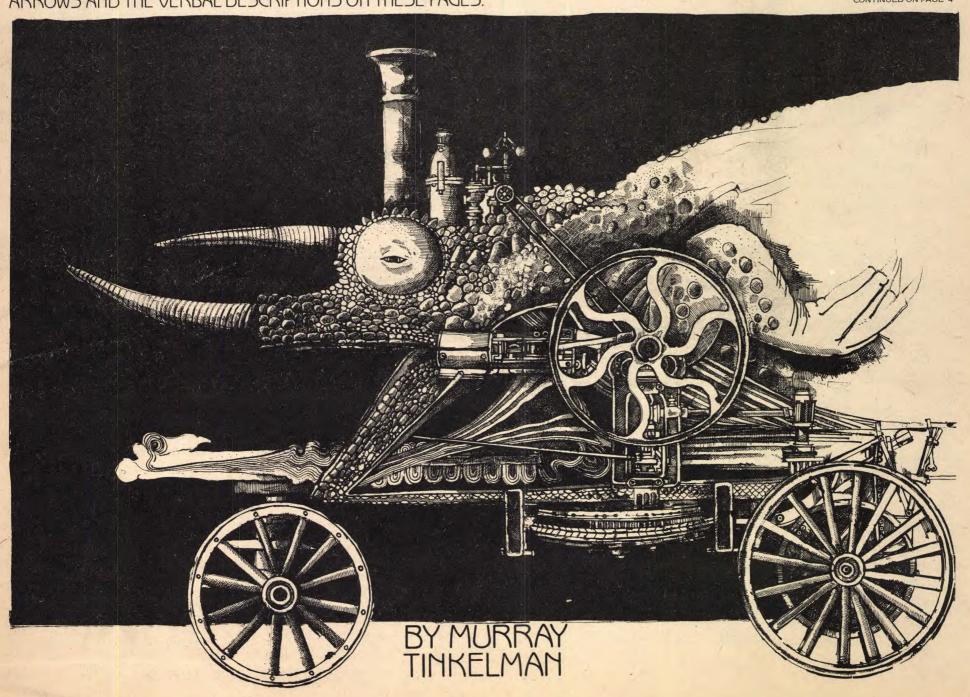


MECHANIMAIS

I LOVE MACHINERY. I LOVE DRAWINGS, PHOTOGRAPHS AND DIAGRAMS OF MACHINERY. PARTICULARLY DIAGRAMS. THEY LOOK IMPORTANT. THEY DEMAND RESPECT AND THEY INSPIRE CONFIDENCE. HOW DARE ANYONE DOUBT THAT THOSE DOTTED LINES, THOSE BEAUTIFUL ARROWS AND THE MYSTICALLY PLACED LITTLE UPPERCASE LETTERS INDICATE SOMETHING OF GREAT BUT OBSCURE SIGNIFICANCE? * THE BLUEPRINT ALSO IS A FORM OF VISUAL TYRANNY. IT IS YET ANOTHER KIND OF ICON TO BE REVERED BY THE MECHANICALLY SOPHISTICATED, AND LOOKED UPON WITH AWE BY THE MECHANICALLY ILLITERATE, SUCH AS MYSELF. * THESE DRAWINGS ARE MY SEMI-RESPECTFUL HOMAGE TO ALL THE MODEL AIRPLANES THAT I ALMOST COMPLETED, EVERY PRINTED-IN-JAPAN SET OF INSTRUCTIONS THAT LED ME ASTRAY. BUT MOST OF ALL TO THOSE PASSIONATELY STERILE DRAWINGS AND ENGRAVINGS THAT GRACED THE PAGES OF THE DICTIONARIES AND ENCYCLOPEDIAS OF MY YOUTH. * AS FAR AS I AM CONCERNED, A STEAM-DRIVEN CHAMELEON, A TRACTOR-TREADED RHINOCEROS, A DIESEL-DRIVEN GUPPY, AND A PROPELLER-POWERED BASS ARE AT LEAST AS VALID AS ALL THAT OTHER STUFF. THESE, TOO, ARE REAL. IF YOU DON'T BELIEVE HOW REAL THEY REALLY ARE, JUST, FOLLOW THE DOTTED LINES AND ARROWS AND THE VERBAL DESCRIPTIONS ON THESE PAGES.





VOLUME SIX, NUMBER FOUR, DECEMBER, 1979
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EUINTERNATIONAL TYPE FACE CORPORATION 1978

CINTERNATIONAL TYPEFACE CORPORATION 1979
PUBLISHED FOUR TIMES A YEAR
IN MARCH, JUNE, SEPTEMBER AND DECEMBER
JUNE AND SEPTEMBER AND DECEMBER
JUNE AND SEPTEMBER AND DECEMBER
JUNE AND SEPTEMBER AND SEPTEMBER AND SEPTEMBER
PHOTO-LETTERING, INC. AND LUBALIN, BURNS & CO., INC.
CONTROLLED CIRCULATION POSTAGE PAID AT NEW YORK,
N.Y. AND AT FARMINGDALE, N.Y. USTS PUBL 073430
PUBLISHED IN U.S.A.

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In this issue: **Editorial**

Announcing the opening of the ITC Center - a new source of inspiration and information for the graphic arts. Page 2.

Mechanimals

A series of fantastic mechanized creatures illustrated with descriptive material by Murray Tinkelman. Page 4.

Ms. Joan Steiner

We have a vested interest in the accomplishments of this issue's fabulous female. Page 8.

Lou Myers

Our favorite humorist applies his talents to the critical situations that face our contemporary society. Page 10.

A Copywriter's Corporate Image

A satirical overview on Corporate Identity Programs by J Scott G, copywriter and account executive. Page 12.

To Helen from Harold

A series of calligraphic letters by Harold Adler to his wandering wife, Helen, covering a space of 15 years. Page 15.

Crossword Puzzle

Appropriately, this issue's crossword topic is the Chinese New Year. Page 20.

Happy New Year

U&lc expresses its best wishes in a handsome greeting created by Tom Carnase. Page 22.

The Four Seasons

Deidi Von Schwaewen's beautiful photos grace this 1980 calendar created for your enjoyment and convenience. Page 24.

Spanfeller's Divine Comedy: Part II

Jim Spanfeller, Jr. and Sr. continue the fascinating epic they started in our last issue. The Inferno. Page 26.

Something for Everybody

Lionel Kalish and Herb Lubalin combine once again to bring you some useless information which you can very well do without. Page 30.

What's New from ITC?

Our newest ITC typeface offering is ITC Novarese, a classic typeface by Aldo Novarese, one of Europe's outstanding type designers. Page 32.

Something from Everybody

In this issue our special color section features eight outstanding alphabet designs sent to us by some of our enthusiastic readers. Page 36.

City Walls

Richard Haas's amazing trompe l'oeil paintings grace urban walls from New York to Munich. Page 45.

The ITC Center, which will open to the public in Spring 1980, has been established to bring you new and exciting typo/graphic arts experiences. Sponsored by the International Typeface Corporation, the Center will include a gallery, seminar facilities, a library and a minitheater. The first unit scheduled to open is the gallery. From April 21 through June 27, 1980, it will feature the initial American showing of "Lubalin in Paris," based on the cations are entering a new era. The leaders 1979 Centre Georges Pompidou exhibit of

Herb Lubalin's work. It is appropriate for the ITC Center gallery to open with an exhibition of the work of the editor and designer of U&lc, who is universally recognized as among the foremost contemporary graphic designers.

Why an ITC Center?

Our purpose is to help you meet the challenge of the '80s. We in graphic communiin the next decade will be those who best

Eulogy:

The word is from the Greek. "Eu" meaning good, and "logos" meaning word. The good word.

U&lc has recently lost Jack Anson Finke, its associate editor, who died on September 1. If anyone ever epitomized the good word, it was Jack.

Jack was a compassionate and concerned man, generous with his time and talent.

And Jack wrote the good word. His was a talent developed through years of reading, of learning, of searching, of separating the good from the bad, the right from the improper. He was a generalist, which is exceedingly rare these days; he could (and did) write everything. Included in his imposing credits: the hit CBS radio series "FBI in Peace and War," NBC's "Treasury Men in Action,""U.S. Steel Hour." He wrote for top comedians, gave them a point

of view, and some of their funniest lines. (Among them: the late Godfrey Cambridge, Jonathan Winters, Buddy Hackett.) And he wrote countless advertising campaigns, all of which read like pieces of music because he would fret and sweat over the simplest phrases for untold hours, never settling for the easy way.

That's the kind of craft he brought to his work.

And that's the kind of mind he had, too. As a generalist, he inquired of black holes, the building of the pyramids, American history, and trends in the graphic arts. His mind was educated, knowledgeable, universal.

Last, he was a man of great fun who found joy in a hundred things in watching the balloons of charlatans shot down or seeing the oldest and baddest movies of them all.

The good word. Jack Anson Finke. JO YANOW AND EMMETT MURPHY

ANEW SOURCE OF TYPO/GRAPHIC INSPIRATION AND INFORMATION

combine design skills and sensitivities with a knowledge of how to use the new technologies.

The ITC Center, therefore, will offer you a unique mix of stimulating graphics and up-to-date information on new technology. This blend of inspiration and information should help visual communicators (whatever their job titles) to create and produce work of the highest quality, in the most professional and effective manner.

The Gallery

The primary purpose of the ITC Gallery will be to present exhibitions of outstanding typographic art and design produced throughout the world. The emphasis will be on contemporary typography, its roots and its directions.

The shows will be international in scope. Under the theme "World Typography Today," exhibitions will present outstanding 20th-century work from the following countries:

The Americas
Argentina
Brazil
Canada
Chile
Colombia
Cuba
Honduras
Mexico
Peru
United States
Uruguay
Venezuela

West Indies	New Phili
Australasia	Thai
Australia	34:1
China	Midd
Fiji	& No

China
Fiji
Hong Kong
India
Indonesia
Japan
Korea
Malaysia
New Guinea

New Zealand Philippines Thailand

Middle East & North Africa Iran Israel

Lebanon Morocco Turkey United Arab Emirates Northern Europe
Denmark
Finland
Iceland
Western E

Iceland Norway Sweden Sub-Saharan

Africa
Ghana
Nigeria
Sierra Leone
South Africa

Uganda Switzerland

Western Europe
Belgium Eastern Europe
Federal Republic Czechoslovakia
of Germany German
France Democratic

of Germany France Great Britain Greece Irish Republic Italy Netherlands ic Czechoslovakia
German
Democratic
Republic
Hungary
Poland
U.S.S.R.
Yugoslavia

Spain

Some exhibitions will feature the work of one country; others will combine work from several countries.

Seminars

A series of design-and technologyoriented seminars will be announced in the Fall.While individual sessions will be limited in size, programs will be repeated in order to accommodate the widest possible audience.

The Mini-theater

This section of the Center will be devoted to showings of short films, outstanding TV commercials, slides of the work of great photographers and experimental graphics. These short "visual experience" programs, repeating continuously, will be sources of aesthetic inspiration as well as of useful and thought-provoking information.

The Library

When completed, the Center's library will be a significant source of information

about typographic arts products and developments. Product literature, books, trade publications and newsletters will all be available for researchers. Presentations of all typefaces of ITC Subscribers (representing all major manufacturers of typesetting equipment and typefaces) will also be accessible to library users. The library facilities and services will be available by appointment.

A Two-way Experience

We at ITC hope that you will visit the ITC Center regularly and that you will share your reactions with us and tell us what shows, seminars and services you'd like us to offer in the future. The ITC Center is a free meeting place for you and your peers and a gallery/seminar/library facility for the sharing of ideas, information and inspiration concerning information systems, typographics and communications. Your ideas will help us make the Center succeed in its primary objective: helping you to meet the design/technology challenges of the '80s.

ITC Center Schedule

The ITC Center will be open throughout the year on regular business days. Hours for exhibitions, seminars and mini-theater programs will be listed in U&lc.

The first gallery exhibition, "Lubalin in Paris," will run from April 21 through June 27,1980. The gallery will be open from 10:00 AM to 5:00 PM, Monday through Friday.

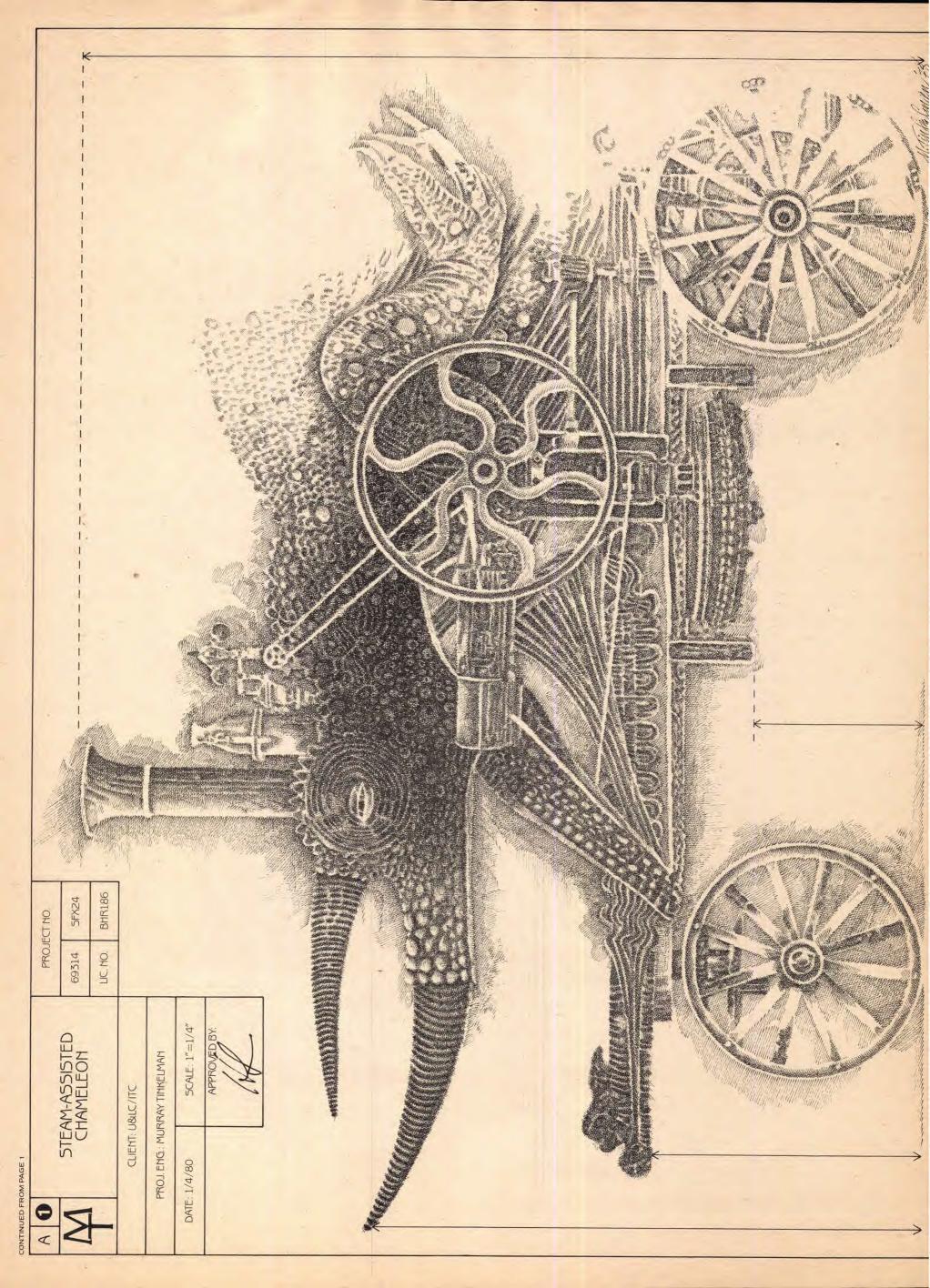
The ITC Center is located on the 3rd floor, at 2 Hammarskjold Plaza, New York, N.Y. 10017.

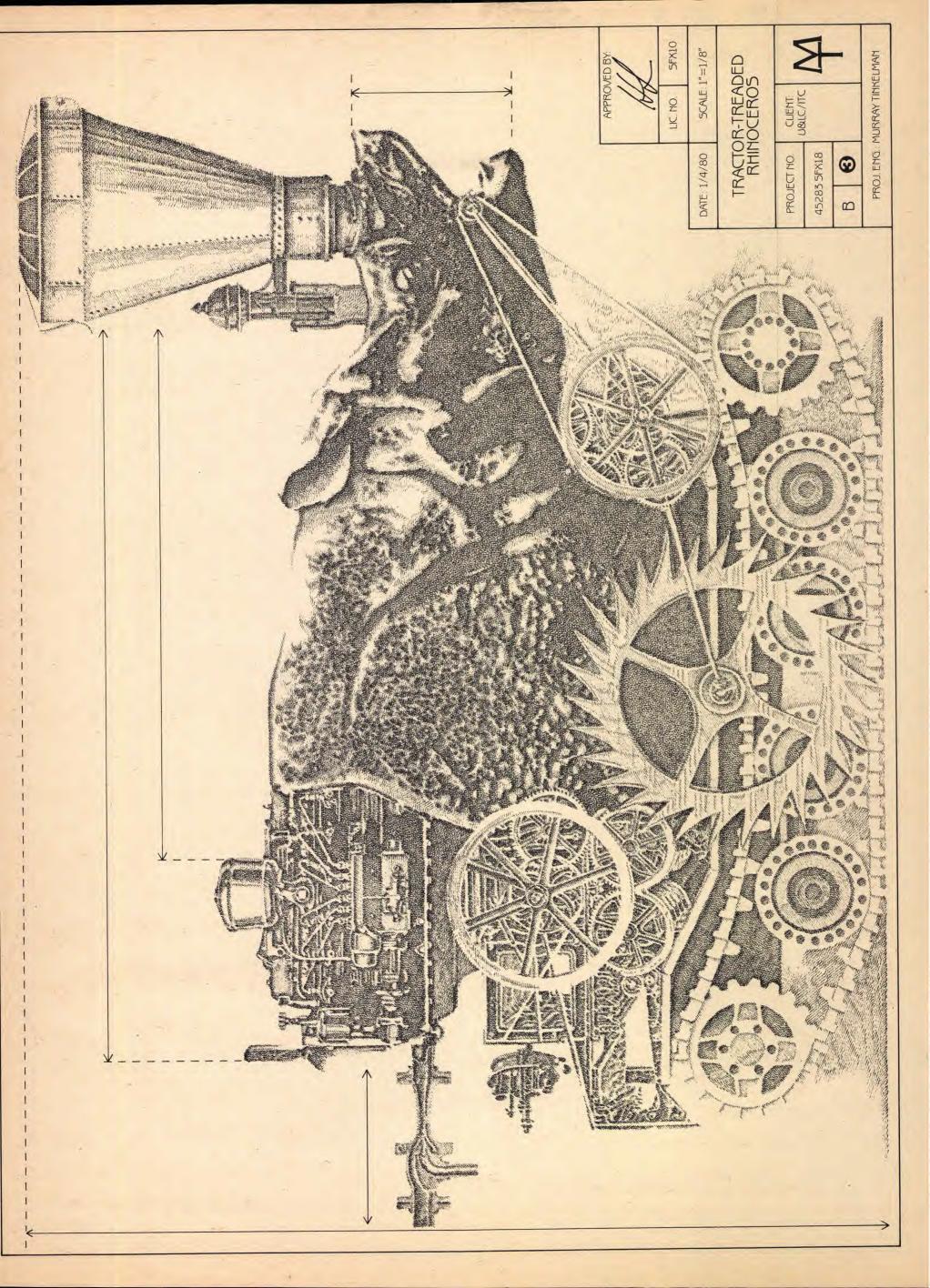
Please note ITC's and U&lc's new mailing address:

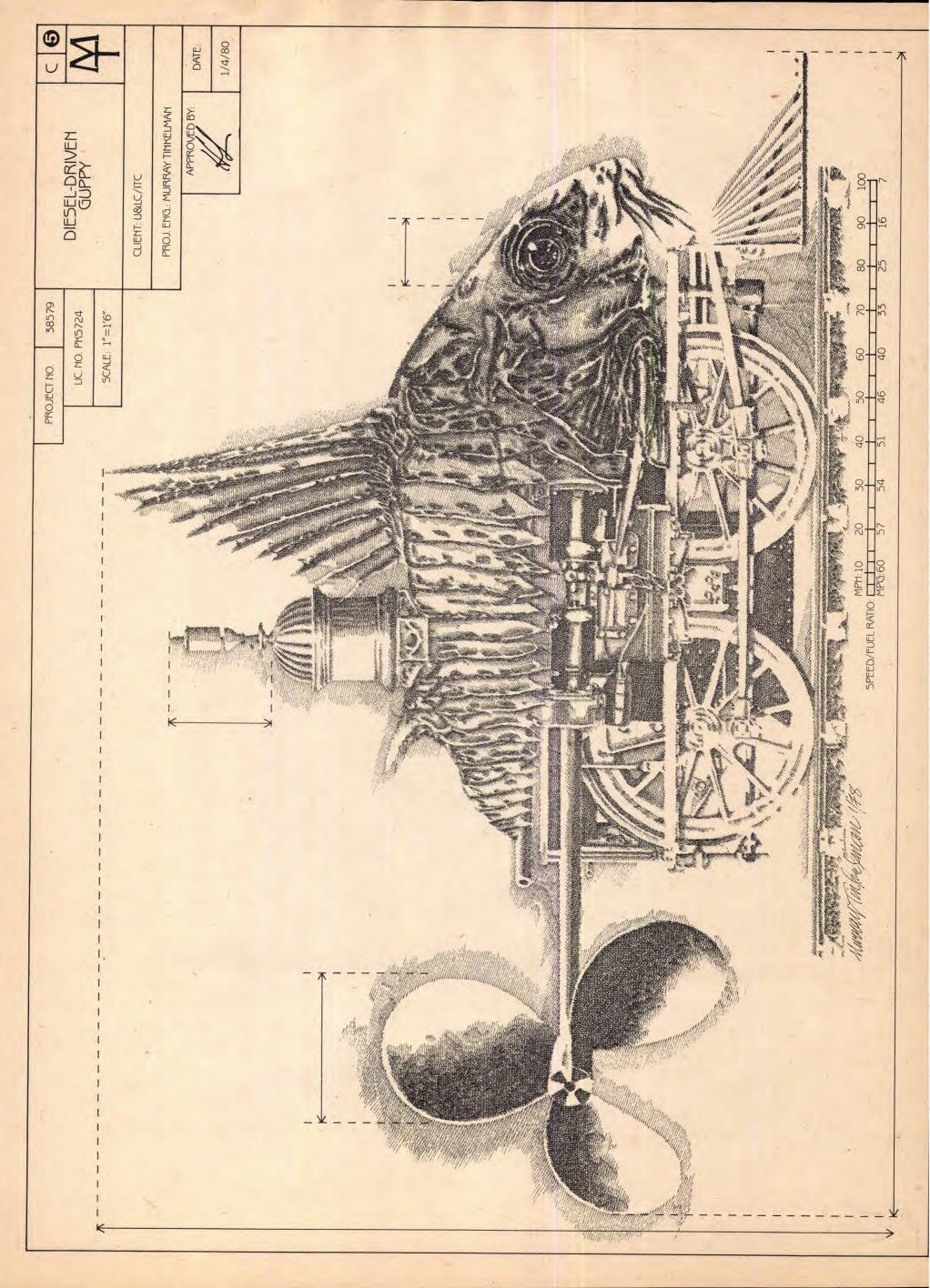
2 Hammarskjold Plaza New York, N.Y. 10017

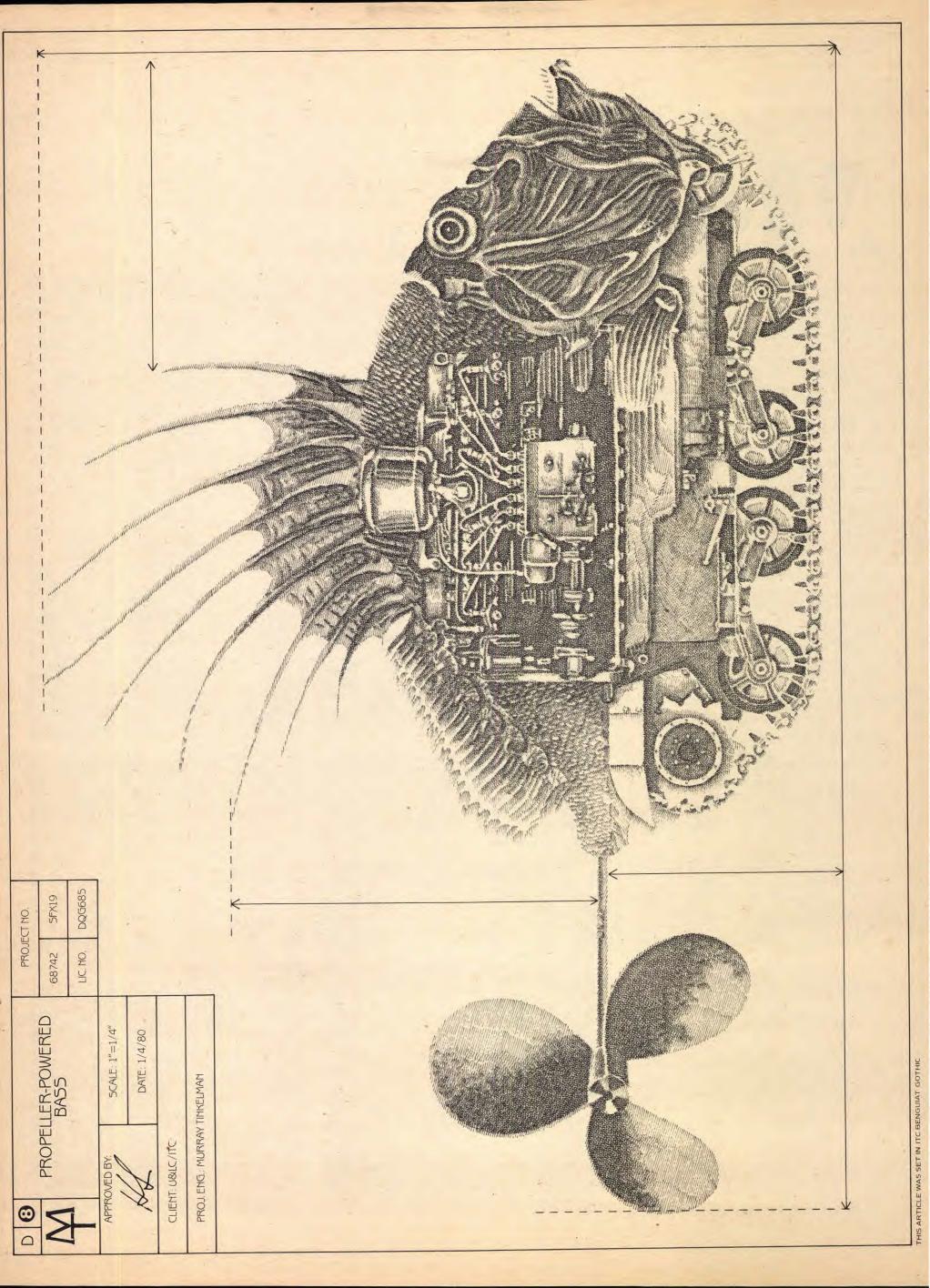
This is also the location of ITC's executive offices and the new ITC Center. It is on Second Avenue, between 46th and 47th Streets. The phone number remains (212) 371-0699.

THIS ARTICLE WAS SET IN ITC SOUVENIR, ITC ZAPF INTERNATIONAL AND ITC CLEARFACE









NISo Joan Steiner

Four years ago, Joan Steiner walked away from a secure but dismal desk job to see if she could turn her needlework talent into a cash crop. While she had no formal art school training, she was no primitive either. Her first pieces were very sophisticated soft sculpture creations in the mode of Claes Oldenburg. But Joan's sculpture was wearable! She made purses in the form of ice skates...a portable radio...a sandwich...a

pop-up toaster.

For her agile mind, it was no quantum leap from a purse, in toaster form, to a complete kitchen, in vest form. One room idea led to another; one vest to another. Each vest was designed and stitched in what she calls her 21/2-dimensional art form, with seethrough and movable parts. Each one is also sprinkled with serendipitous props and wry humor. On the kitchen vest, the refrigerator door swings open and the oven door drops down to reveal a chicken, roasting. The house vest has see-through window panes and doors that open to reveal glimpses of interior rooms. The bathroom vest has a sliding shower curtain, a removable bather, a real mirror and a white satin padded toilet seat. The wheel and windmill on the shooting gallery vest spin, and the glass tubes on the front are filled with mercury which shimmers in motion.

Ms. Steiner has been rewarded for her gutsy imagination and superb skill: Exhibitions at the prestigious Julie Artisans Gallery in New York City, feature articles in The New York Times Magazine and New York Magazine, a cover on Crafts Horizons, an interview on NBC evening news and sales to notable collectors for up-

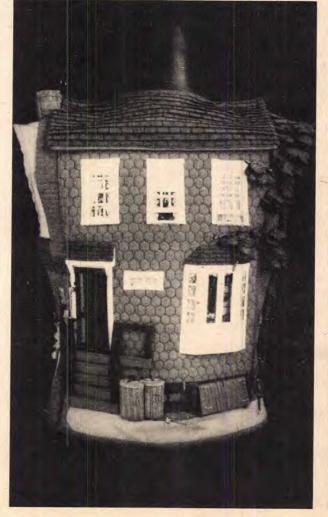
wards of \$1,000 each.

But Joan Steiner is not one to be trapped in one successful stunt. She makes it perfectly clear that she doesn't want to linger over the vests. Her heart is set—art directors, take notice—on creating 2-D, 2 1/2-D and 3-D fabric pictures for commercial illustration.

MARION MULLER

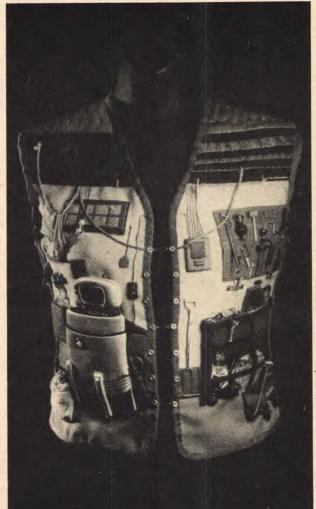






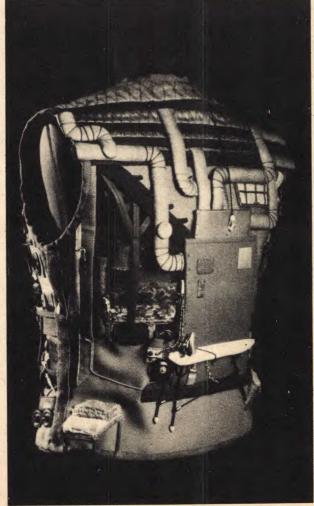






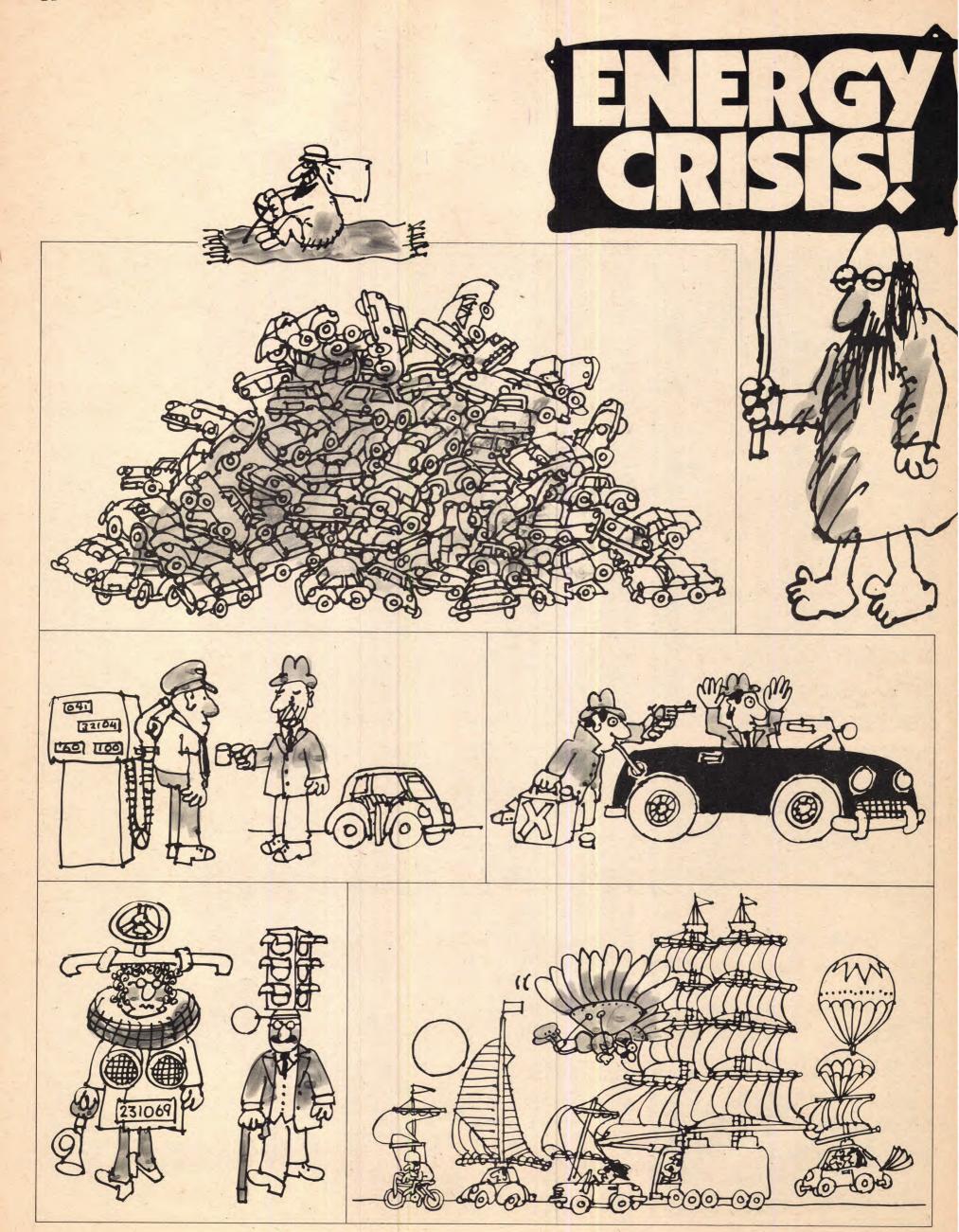








THIS ARTICLE WAS SET IN ITC TIFFANY





ALOGOTYPE DESIGN ASSIGNMENT FOR A GRAPHIC IMAGE PROGRAM FOR J SCOIT G BY J SCOIT G.

While corporate identity programs are familiar to most designers, this piece presents what may be the first graphic identity program for a copywriter/account executive.

Every identity program, either corporate or personal, involves the basic "five WH-questions": Who? What does the who (he/she/it) do? Where? When, why, and how? This is the auditing process.

There are other important considerations in a personal audit:

Do you look like who you say you are? (There are few successful overweight tennis pros.)

Do you dress in a style suitable to your calling? (Lawyers seldom wear scuba gear to work.)

Does your name fit you, both personally and professionally? (No matter how you might admire it, the fact remains that Pius XIV is a great name for a pope but somewhat incongruous for a deli owner.)

Our subject's name is John. He is a copywriter for an advertising agency. He has been fortunate in being able to assume some account management responsibility in addition to his writing, thus greatly increasing his value in the ad game. We see that he speaks properly, cleans up real nice, chooses suitable clothing, and so forth.

His name is solid, but not uncommon. Every Tom, Dick, and Harry is named John. However, we notice that his middle name is Scott. Aha! That's more like it. Respectable, yet rakish. Solid, yet stylish. Overnight, John becomes Scott.

Scott's family has had a history of trouble regarding their surname. At the turn of the century, Scott's great-great-grandfather entered the U.S. (legally) bearing an unusually long and tortuous name. One of those Czecho-slovakian monstrosities, with countless letters and funny little dots (umlauts) over some of the vowels. The U.S. immigration officials were undaunted. Or perhaps they were overly daunted. Anyway, through some sort of mix-up, distraction, or other type of bureaucratic brouhaha, most of

this nice long name was left off the port-of-entry form. In fact, the one lonely letter "G" was the only thing affixed to the space marked "last name." This did not go over too well with the G family.

Several different solutions were attempted. Some members of the family reconstructed their "old country" name. It was a valiant effort, but doomed to failure because English doesn't have time for funny little dots over anything except i, j and ÷. And there's no use saying something like "Just put a colon over the u, but be certain to rotate it 90° first." Try that one the next time you make a restaurant reservation.

Some others in the family simply Anglicized the name. Trouble was, no two branches of the family agreed on the way to do it. Thus there are Graumen and Grauman, Gruen and Gruann, Green and Greene, and on and on.

Scott's branch of the family (Scott and his wife) decided several years ago to keep the name G because it's both distinctive and brief; it also adds a nice touch of Kafka to most dealings with computers (which are usually programmed to reject single-character last names).

However, "Scott G," while visually streamlined, is unbalanced. It lacks power as a corporate symbol. And powerful symbols are very important if one wants to become a living legend in the ad game. Clients want to deal with power figures. On paper — on a bill, for instance — the name of any ad doyen must have a strong, clean, and forthright appearance.

In short, it was necessary to turn Scott G's name into a logotype so that it assumed the stature of a service-industry trademark. Much thought went into the design solution to this problem. The result, as you can see from the accompanying graphics manual, was simple and logical. The successful creation of a name/logotype was achieved through the addition of one letter – the initial "J" from Scott's first name. J Scott G was born. Or rather, made.

J Scott G (not to be confused with F Scott Fitzgerald, John Scott Trotter, or J&B Scotch) is a copywriter/account executive with the Webb & Silberg Advertising Group, a full-service advertising agency operating in the Los Angeles area.

ACCEPTABLE LOGOTYPE FORM

This design is sacrosanct and must not be altered in any manner.

J Scott G

UNACCEPTABLE LOGOTYPE FORMS

No additional design elements are to be attached to this design, such as periods, quote marks, question marks, exclamation points, parentheses, commas, etc. s, etc. An all-lowercase, as well as an all-uppercase, logotype is undesirable, as is any abbreviation of the middle name. So be it.

So be it.
JScott
Scott G
J G
JScott G
JG Scott
Scott JG
JSG jsg
j scott g
JSCOTTG
J. Scott G.
J."Scott"G.
J! Scott G?
J (Scott) G
J Scott G, etc.

ACCEPTABLE SPACING

The logotype should always be set "tight but not touching" (or "kissing," as they say in the trade). The space between the J and the S in Scott and between the final t in Scott and the G should be the width of a lowercase r.

JrScottrG J Scott G

UNACCEPTABLE SPACING

Too much, too little, or unbalanced spacing weakens the visual dynamics of the logotype and lessens its impact and memorability. Under no circumstances will variations be countenanced.

J Scott G
JScott G
JScott G
JScott G
JScott G

ACCEPTABLE COLOR

All elements of the logotype must always appear in the same color: black.

J Scott G

UNACCEPTABLE COLOR

Any variations on the above, such as benday tints, mezzotints, continuous tone shading, or second colors, will be met with considerable disfavor.

J Scott G

J Scott G

ALTERNATE TYPE FONTS

Although ITC Avant Garde Gothic U&lc is the primary choice, other typefaces may be employed when reproducing the logotype, as long as they adhere to the established design parameters and as long as they are selected from the following list:

ITC AMERICAN TYPEWRITER

J Scott G

ITC BAUHAUS

JScott G

ITC BENGULAT

J Scott G

ITC BENGULAT GOTHIC

J Scott G

ITC BOOKMAN

J Scott G

ITC CENTURY

JScott G

ITC CHELTENHAM

JScott G

ITC CLEARFACE

JScott G

ITC ERAS

J Scott G

FRIZ QUADRATA

J Scott G

ITC GARAMOND

J Scott G

ITALIA

J Scott G

ITC KABEL

J Scott G

ITC KORINNA

JScottG

ITC LUBALIN GRAPH

JScott G

ITC NEWTEXT

JScott G

ITC QUORUM

J Scott G

ITC SERIF GOTHIC

JScott G

ITC SOUVENIR

JScott G

ITC TIFFANY

JScott G

ITC ZAPF BOOK

JScott G

ITC ZAPF CHANCERY

JScott G

ITC ZAPF INTERNATIONAL

JScott G

ALTERNATE GRAPHIC DESIGN SOLUTION

If all else fails stick to J Scott G's signature.

Jest 6

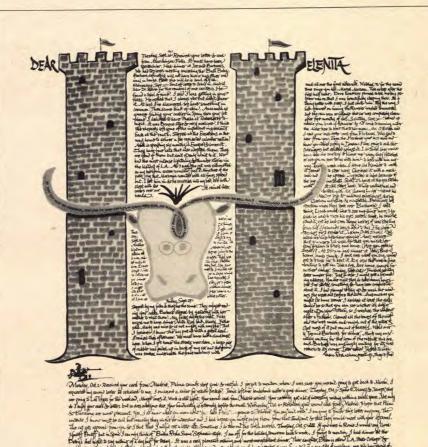


TO: HELEN FROM: HAROLD

Destr Fell 19 Tree day. Softies rep. Grace Sund called me at writ, she recibely year carl and inquired abortom. She is still very time of same for but doesn't know have been it will less. Heavy Nomey called, he get year car. Rich Fishbourn initial with step in authing for clauser of drives. Here is will never take refers the method have been the method of the method. A read to the method of the control of the control of the still be refers the method of the control of the still be refers to the method. Provided the control of the still be refers to the method of the still be referred to th

When television first invaded our lives in the middle of the century, a hue and cry was raised by conservative voices who pronounced it a scourge on civilization."People won't read any more!"they lamented. On the contrary. Without tangling with statistical data, our own experience tells us that people are reading more than ever. Hard-cover and paperback books are rolling off the presses in massive numbers. Bookstores have become supermarkets. Every suburb boasts its own public library, and most of us have run out of bookshelf space for the volumes we continue to buy.

If you want to pin down the real affliction of our society, look to the telephone. There's the culprit that has robbed us of one of life's pleasures: People don't write anymore! No matter how many phone contacts we make in the course of a day, they don't provide the flush of excitement that comes with a personal letter. Con-



sider what the mailman usually leaves at our door. Out of ten pieces of mail, say, we are likely to find four solicitations for contributions, three bills, two free offers we can't afford to accept, one bank statement and/or a Dear-Occupant announcement. They come to us with the heartwarming imprint of an address-ing machine and the kiss of a postage meter. Starved for a human encounter, we scan the pack with hungry eyes for a flash of handwriting or a swatch of personal stationery. It hardly ever comes. The telephone is mightier than the pen! Except for a unique man, Harold Adler, of Sherman Oaks, California.

We recently received from Mr. Adler a series of letters he had sent to his wife over a period of years. Not only are they handwritten, they are rendered in an ambitious calligraphic script, and each page is designed and ornamented in the manner of ancient illuminated manuscripts. The cir-

cumstances surrounding these documents (suddenly "letters" seems an inadequate word) are best recounted by Mr. Adler himself: "My wife Helen is a very creative hand weaver. She has won many awards in conference exhibitions. Some of our clothes are made of fabrics she has designed and woven. Also, wall hangings, drapery materials and upholstery in our home are evidence of her handiwork. She has a keen curiosity of things around her and a strong desire to experience some of the many places she has heard about....My work schedule doesn't allow me to take extend-

ed vacations. I have encouraged her to travel without me. She does, extensively."

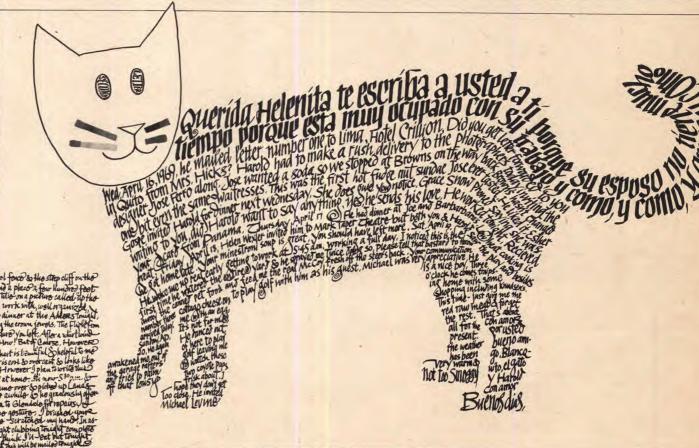
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telen Anter enters Moscow fourteeth Bond-Flees in Tetreat

Monday, Sopt 25, 1972 Received your letter number two this exercing Source glast to free from you. You really ried to get a good thin one your short ladger in London. Mailed letter number one to you first thing this morning to taken the diament of the party of the expanse of mon norm over court on the have Inducer with him and I have the service of the Masse France, Money affect of the Page of the August I from the service of the se

it to the price of a solun minute parlant electric than for an access the angular of a travel. Then, you have been a solun minute parlant electric than for the solund have been as a proper of a solun minute parlant of the solund have been as a proper of a solun bearing of the solund have the solund ha

But the peripatetic Helen is never out of communication with Harold, back home, who uses his talents as a lettering artist, graphic designer and calligrapher unsparingly. Since 1946 he has been associated with the special graphics of the motion picture industry. He has worked on main titles, promotional material and TV commercials, and counts among his major satisfactions the titles he designed for the Academy Award winning film "In the Heat of the Night" and his association with Alfred Hitchcock and Saul Bass in other design projects. For recreation, Mr. Adler used to be a weekend water colorist; now he's a weekend

The letters to Helen span

DEAR-HELEN CONGRESSIONS OF

I SEE YOU FIND A NINE I SHOULD SAY FIVE AAN DIPARTURE YESTERDAY, THERMOS SHOULD BE VERY FINANDY I FOW ARE YOU GOING TO GET POTS IN YOUR SUTTENSE IS FIN JUNIOUS THE CARPETS, WED OCK HARRY I JADA BALLISO BIG TOE FOR THE PAST WEEK AND HE HAD NOT ATTENDED TO IT AS THE DOCTOR PRESCRIBED SATION BARBARA TOOK HIM TO THE EMERGENT CUNICITHE PAST THERE DAY'S SHIELL HAS TAKE OFF WORK TO TAKE HIM TO THE DOCTOR FOR TREATMENT IT PEGAME BADD SWOLLEN AND INFECTED NO SCHOOL FOR I TIM FOR SEVERAL DAY'S BUT HIS

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Today, is now first hay in school. I tow hors it feel to be retimed of no overnight packing? This should be the test pack of the trip, roofed in me place for three weeks. E at all the meal offered you here is a most pance buying nome one of these present their cases with be evaply by needs out what a shiply cattle pance buying nome one of the stores about me? I they not of the house article. It there are turning around the roof While still at side Jo Villandy wit arriver home I time. I when he has point was Fair loans fate. I want to read pance the first late of the mean the was in Carland. It was not not be used to the hardy of the past for days has been in the high severtus and forgy more inast. It is time, salmon! The second shelf in the representation of the Allest returning again, both a hard fat flower the cat has the bottom shelf. Plane stay here of the west for evenings, under the same salmon! The second shelf in the representations of the Lallest returning here is the rest for evening the message of the things of head plane the high shelf. Plane stay here for the eart has the bottom shelf. Plane stay here for the eart has the bottom shelf. Plane stay here for the eart has the bottom shelf. Plane stay here for the eart has the bottom shelf. Plane stay I am in site for downer Friday and launt to tring three earlies? I head plane the Many was phone. I am in site for downer Friday and launt to tring three earlies? She is going to true south satirities and want of the plane and the properties of the downey have been allowed by the plane come back being from her friend in Printingh gard was a read only in the plane and the printing for earlies were the former than a first printing for earlies were planed to a printing were to some of the former was printing the plane and the our first day in school, I how does it feel to be relieved of aucocorrught packing? This should be the THE VIVIAN APONE CTIVE DECESSION OF THE CONTROL OF THE VIVIAN SAPEN SAVE A MANUSTRA SIMPLY OF THE CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF T

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wales of

via Cardiff, St. Fagans, Anglesy Lanagollen, From your faithfu Holyfiead correspondent who is Dublin for Chaucer Saunos puns might get hima kick in his follo bloomin arse

Winslew Hower show after work. Couldn't find my membership card but they
let me in anythan. The show is great. Saw Winno Hammer tenden, Olgan's
on a buying tribut Confral & Sauth America. More pet year moles pict in
Thine, Having Nordic Isna take out once Presently for dunner anight
had a previous in vitation for dinner at the
Parasholes but I can
collect it as I wanted to see the show before it classes Sunday. Paul Suns
collect it as I wanted to see the show and a latablust is true of thems Combet it as I wanted to see the same before at close Sunday, taut I wanted to the card related hetic trust things. The cost is as leep of the cab inset to my left, hade to distinct him. his all never my papers. Culten Dara and he will write his cousin Spoke of Ida. Before she left for Mexico turken yours of pound, pesterbay she pol. 11.98, Saw Wyou Hammer. Oka is one obveying trip to Control Joseph and Mandre John the work of your works just in time. Solway ay Aug 18/10/let a treat months for the mile in the control of the c

another lotter tradit, number ten. The mait has accelerated, it took only fire lays. As the mad seems to be faster I will have a got to think on the property one never letter to Dublin, hope you get it. Designed to these you are having a lovely time. Your programs sceally tought, saids and mights. I notice you have this aft of & you hove tradit, and saids and mights. I notice you have this aft of & you hove the last night. You wish to Ohima Court sounds fastinating. You sho know by now, its more important to take the camera with you. I than you to pusse, even if you have to carry't the vary Henry Charters descripes carrying his plan, in his Look 'Papillon'."
I ve almost finished the book. Got up at 530 a.m., wout into

the kitchent fix coffer & was really shalon awake by thousands of anys. There is a trail from the duning trom door one from the future of a trail from the duning trom door come from the future of the keam to) to sink is black with Thom. I fixed coffer dad on you wisters and had effer in the pates. Get dresd and really won't to work so renew the first and had effer in the pates. Get dresd and really won't to work so renew the first and had enfer out the pates. Get dresd and really won't to work so renew the safet was to won't so won't shappen out to early appear a court of a shappen of the tray arms a court of situation of his broad shappen on the way arms a court of situation of the tray arms a court of situation of the tray arms a court of situation of the court of the work of the tray arms a court of situation of the work of the court to work the eat is a sloop in the tree work all covered with leaves out to work the sort of the work of which finally ended at midtight. Sunday, Angrey it is left to a part of the work of the first of the work of

This time don't bring back a Bush Baby, return with a steer

a period from 1967 to 1979. The design motif of each page is usually related to her environs. A letter to Helen in London, for instance, is partly inscribed in the windows of a double-decker bus. A letter to Helen at Christ Church College was laid out in the form of a cross. In Iran it took the form of an Islamic mosque. There are castles in Spain, and the inevitable bull, of course. There is a letter to Russia, with love and a Red Star. ings? Wrong! He records the

The letter to Mexico is in the shape of a pyramid, and a communique from her cat, Blanquito, came in feline form.

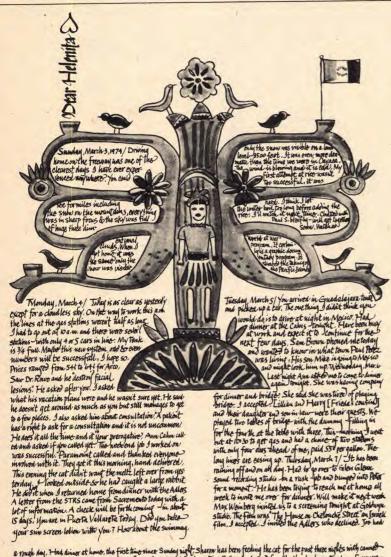
Generally, the letters are a compendium of his week's activities; each day recorded in a separate color. What, you may wonder, does Harold communicate in these awesome compositions? Grand philosophical theorems? Psychic revelations? Amorous outpour-

minutiae of his day: what he ate, who phoned, who invited him for dinner, the quality of the roast beef, the TV show he

watched, the time he teed off at the golf course, his partner at bridge, the cat's appetite, the weather! The incongruity of his formidable format and the trivia of the contents make these letters all the more amusing. We are grateful to Helen and Harold for sharing them with us. Who knows...maybe they will inspire more of us to take pen in hand and revive the lost art and pleasure of letter writing.

MARION MULLER





a rough hay. Had dince at home, the first time since Sunday will sharow has been feeding the cat for the past three nights with cannot fool. I gove him his regular most timake to be eating place at one time. When I returned from the theelen be presented me for more. I gove him his regular most timake the first health of the writing place at one time. When I return the the post three health had the firstheolist. Hunting for him has not been very good, it has been mad not choins are required to the find the most to the first man of movement of the windows the more that of the trade of the windows the narring the close-trange of moverains by Timunga never all covered with snarr. Then the there is snarr in the Charlesworth hills. I have been raining on that off all day. Fall Stoped for this norm. Then also there is snarr in the charlesworth hills. I have been raining on that off all day. Fall says it despets for this norm. There is the there is should be stoped in this near. The wind the stoped has the first and its middle of Sunger bird y extended to discharge a passinger the most unifiedly placed to the post of the tear of it. She was slightly bruised but Paul says it despets pay to trapier them are and its midning for the instrument of the snarr of the most of the theory of the theory of the snarr of the most of the snarry of the most unifiedly placed to their from you. I was applicate the most snarry to the most of the snarry of the most of the process of the snarry of the snarry of the most of the first wight. I was applied to their from you. I was applied to their from you. I was a post of the trank of the snarry of the most of the snarry of the post of the snarry o



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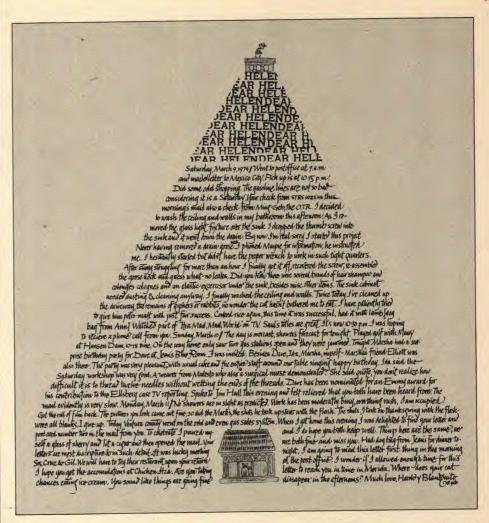
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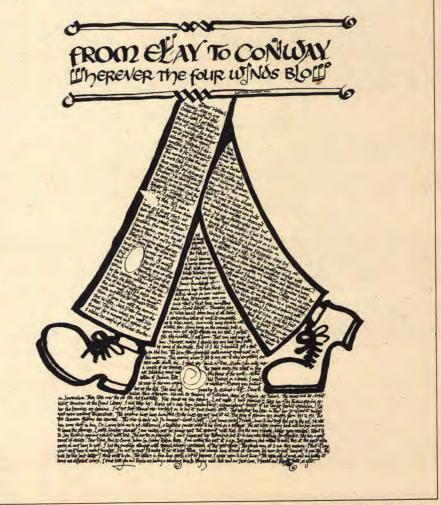
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In that yes for Rocke also !





楽快年新

(Happy 4678)

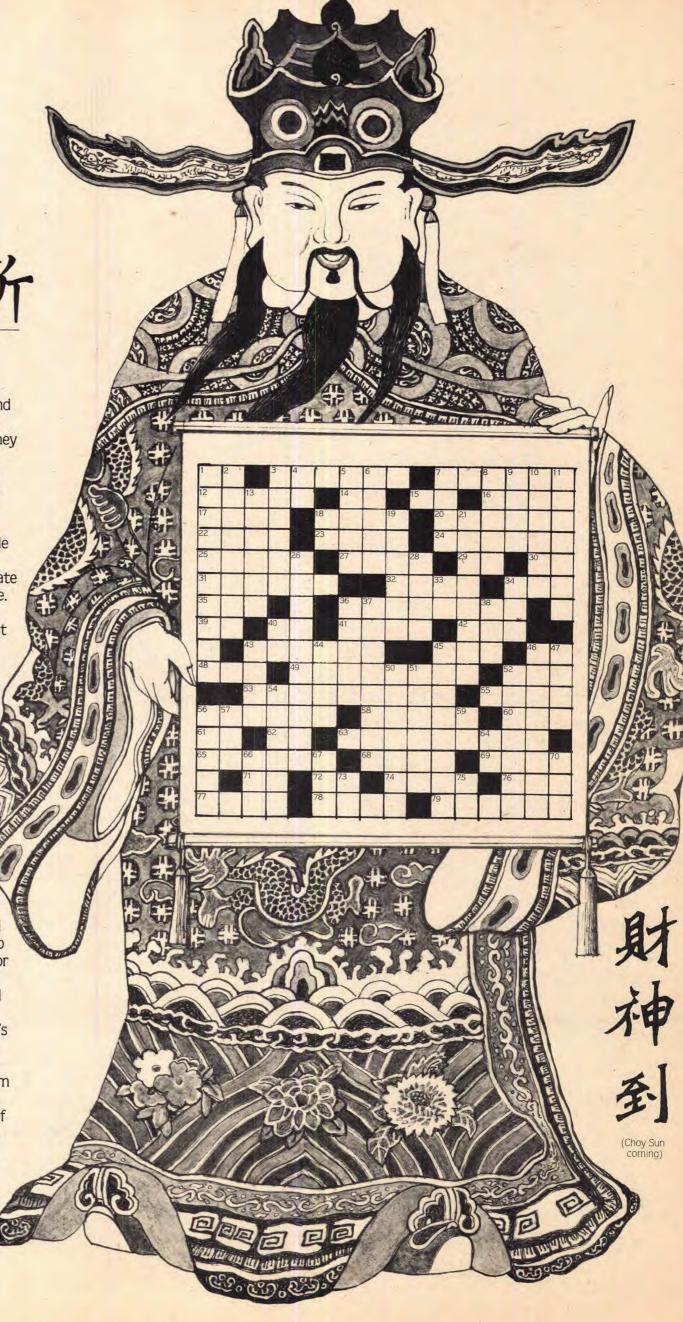
That's right. Four thousand, six hundred and seventy-eight. The Chinese New Year. They began recording time at the same time they began silk weaving and building timber houses and boats. They invented writing a thousand years before that. What was the rest of the world doing? Well, Egypt was still in its First Dynasty; they hadn't even begun the pyramids yet. It took us a couple thousand years, but we finally caught up.

So here we are in 4677, about to celebrate 4678. And what a celebration it's gonna be. It begins months before New Year's Eve. First, everyone has to have new clothes, not just the ladies. And the whole house is cleaned; no quick sweep under the grass mat for them. Then there's the food. Pork, fish, and chickens are preserved in salt... feathers and all. Barrels of duck eggs are wrapped in special clay to keep for months. (Are you listening, Easter Bunny?)

Then, seven days before the big day, the picture of the kitchen god is taken down. His name is Tsao Wang, and he's sort of a Chinese Santa Claus. He's the one who decides who gets the goodies and who gets the lumps of coal. And he takes his report to Heaven. By way of a bribe, the family puts honey on his lips to sweeten his words. They even prepare food for his journey, which begins when they pop his picture into the kitchen fire. So much for the bribe.

Choy Sun is a pretty popular god around this time, too. Especially with the children. He's the god of money, and every New Year's Day the kids get red paper packets filled with money to spend any way they want. Sure beats collecting nickels and dimes from the tooth fairy.

Enough of this. Let's celebrate the Year of the Monkey. So, here's wishing you a happy 4678 and kung-hai-fat-choy. Or... may you have a prosperous New Year.





MENU

Assorted Hot Appetizers Seafood of the Orient · Pigeon of Nature Green

- King Prawns Hunam Style
- Fine Shark-fin Soup
 - Peking Duck
- Prosperous Tenderloin Steak Crabmeat with Green
- Handmade Long-life Noodles
- Apple and Banana Fritters
- · Spring Onion Savory Pancake

It might have been Peking Man (c.500,000 B.C.) who first said,"I love a parade." And one of the

baldness proclaim him a man of prosperity. In China, you are what you eat.

biggest is at New Year's. Lions and dragons are a popular part of it. And a traditional pastime is throwing

firecrackers under their paws. Leading the parade is a man disguised as a Buddha. His chubbiness and

(of the first month)

BANG! These aren't Chinese hoodlums, but fun-loving boys playing with firecrackers. And these are young boys, not bald Munchkins. It was tradition to cut off all their hair except for a few tufts on top and on the sides. It was supposed to make it grow thicker and shinier. Gone today, hair tomorrow.

Definitely not someone you'd want to meet in a dark alley. But, don't worry, this warrior is made of cut paper. And on New Year's Day cut-paper warriors are placed on either side of the main gate to the house. They're put there to scare away the evil spirits. And door-todoor salesmen.



ACROSS

Manchu

3. Smote

7. Guide for Sir Hillary 12. Variety of the guanaco

14. Blood factor

Aboveground subway

man (footstool) 18. End-of-a-work-week exclamation

20. Fruit

If you're in New York City around February 16,

you can celebrate the New Year at the **** Hunam

Restaurant, 845 Second Avenue. You'll be warmly

welcomed by gracious hosts Bobby Lo and Paul

Tang. Here's to your good fortune... Cookie.

22. Large snail (var.) 23. Thomas West

24. Chinese soup

25. Arabian leader

_ho!" (very good in China)

29. You and me

30. Washington follower

31. Kidnapper's demand

32. Chinese secret society

(Polynesian drink) 34. Mai

35. Michigan airport code

36. Chinese port

39. Concerning

41. Suzy or Anna May 42. Sea eagle

43. South China Sea gulf

45. College degree

46. Seymour, for short Tse Tuna

49. Largest boat on a sailing ship

52. Depot (abbr.)

53. Chinese city 55. Charlie.

56. Chinese city or duck

58. Makes eyes at

60. School subj. 61. Commercial

62. Southern state

65. Overly modest

68. English bloke

69. Short play 71. Prefix for mind or furbish

72. Kind of card

74. Close up

76. Chemical suffix 77. North in Paris

to nothing (very little) 78.

79. Kind of hammer

DOWN Song" ('50s

Broadway hit)

2. Farthest 3. Fumes

4. Half a British good-bye

Encouraged

_con carne

boat to China" ..on a

8. Impetuous ardors

9. Landlord's due

10. Chinese temple

11. Crossword puzzle tool

13. A time to fast

18. Football goal 19. Chinese betting game

21. Most coarse

26. Noon meal in Italy 28. Chinese bell

33. Reject initials

_Pan Alley 34. 36. Music from the '40s

37. Gateway to China

38. Part of a circle _mein

40. 43. Tick's partner

44. King_______**45.** Fuchsine colors

46. Hunting prey

47. Partner of 67 Down

50. Final event of the term? 51. Hooked up to a computer

_up (lived together) 52.

54. Showed displeasure

_the back (rewarding gesture)

57. Ancient Tokyo

59. Naval police

64. Similar adverb

66. Bobby of hockey fame

67. See 47 Down

70. Golfer's aid 73. Prefix for plane or bus

75. Follows KK

Number 10 in a series of Very Graphic **Crossword Puzzles** by Al McGinley and Lee Gardner.

ANSWERS ON PAGE 77

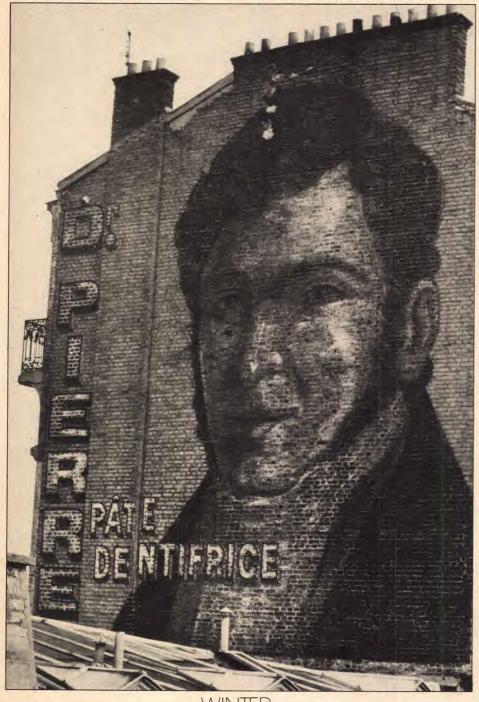
THIS ARTICLE WAS SET IN ITC QUORUM





MeRour

PHOTOGRAPHED BY DEIDI VON SCHAEWEN





WINTER

SPRING

3 10 17 24 31

18 25

19 26

20 27

21 28

6 13 20 27 3 10 17 24 2 9 16 23 30 7 14 21 28 4 11 18 25 3 10 17 24 31 8 15 22 29 5 12 19 26 4 11 18 25 2 9 16 23 30 6 13 20 27 5 12 19 26 3 10 17 24 31 7 14 21 28 6 13 20 27 4 11 18 25 8 8 15 22 29 7 14 21 28 4 11 18 25 2 9 16 23 30 6 18

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Seasons





CLINANAED

FALL

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THIS ARTICLE WAS SET IN ITC DIDI AND ITC AVANT GARDE GOTHIC

WRITTEN BY JIM SPANFELLER, JR. ART BY JIM SPANFELLER, SR.

PART TWO: THE INFERNO

Synopsis: The story opened last issue with a depressed and beleaguered illustrator receiving a call from his infrequent agent A.G.Virgil. The agent talked the already overworked illustrator into accepting an insane assignment with an impossible deadline and very low pay. The assignment is to illustrate a condensed version of Dante's *Divine Comedy* in just three days. Having stopped work on a transportation

series, the illustrator is beginning the background reading when, on his way back from fetching a can of Circle Beer, he trips and knocks himself unconscious. The artist wakes in a curious submarine which is moving through the murky depths toward what appears to be an inferno!

he artist was aghast at the incredible spectacle of fire and brimstone. It took only seconds for the dazed illustrator to realize that the vessel was going to plunge headlong into the violent flames that were blazing from a crack in the ocean floor.

Astonishingly enough the submarine miraculously advanced through the burning vapors with only a minor tremor. Soon the craft came to a halt at the bizarre and terrifying place that existed within that burning shell. The hatch of the vessel swung open and the illustrator climbed down into the igneous abyss.

Once afoot on the uncomfortably hot surface the artist recoiled in surprise not so much from the unaccountable scenery as from the presence of none other than A.G. Virgil. The artist's agent stood not more than ten feet from the submarine, impatiently staring at a pocket watch.

Greeting him quickly, A.G. Virgil hastened the illustrator toward a dark, foreboding gate. "Hey, Span, what kept you? You know we got gonna make the next launching."

"Ah, sorry," said the flabbergasted illustrator, "I guess I didn't know and...

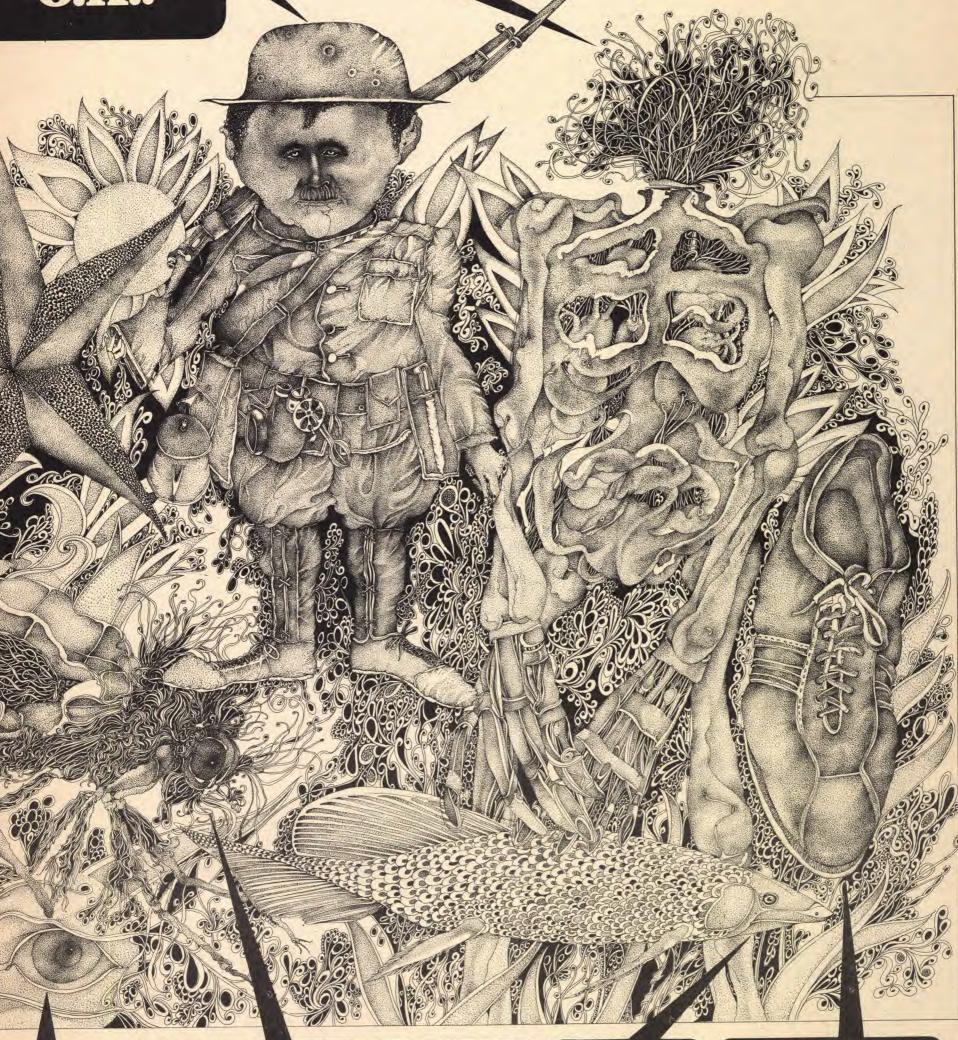
"Forget it, Span. Come on now." As the unlikely duo moved closer to the gate the artist saw that there was a dreadful message inscribed in dark characters on the top of the structure. The alarming notice ended with the line, "Abandon everyhope, Ye that enterhere." The illustrator was about to remark on the sinister communication when A.G.Virgil tugged him through the gateway. The macabre scene that unfolded in front of the two men as they passed through that gate took the breath away from the artist for a moment.

The first thing that caught the illustrator's attention was a large unfinished billboard. The demoniacal placard was entitled Candidates for Hopelessness, and it consisted of a long list of nominees, such as All existentialists with hemorrhoids, All people who consistently end their sentences with OK, All art directors named Syd, The inventors of home movies, The Glad Man, The Tidy Bowl Man. a deadline. We gotta hurry if we're | The Frito Bandito, All illustrators who trace photographs, and All



War is hell! O.K.?

Ouch!



Every inferno needs a little funnel vision. And I thought I was the acne of perfection.

Better here than Mexico!

Shoe biz is my life.

impersonators of Morris the Cat. The list went on and on, but A.G. Virgil urged the artist forward.

As the two men moved farther into the nether world, many different visions wafted past them in the hot acrid air. At first the illustrator couldn't figure out why the images were eerily familiar, but then he realized that they were all from his own files of jobs that had failed. One after another his Waterloos floated through his field of vision. Worst of all, a strange hypnotic effect swept over the illustrator like a cancer, tainting his mind and his moral sense; as they traversed the infernal regions, the things that A.G.Virgil said began to make more and more sense to the awed illustrator.

Agent: So, Span, do you remember all these wonderful little gems?
Artist: Yes, A.G., I'm afraid I do.
Agent: You see what happens when you try to get a little artsy?
No one wants that creative nonsense. You gotta learn to give the art director what he asks for. All this other detail is totally wasted!
Artist: But I'm an artist, A.G. I'm

Agent: Artist nothing, you're a businessman with a service to sell. You're a tiny cog in the industrial revolution.

supposed to be creative.

Artist: Yes, but...

Agent: But nothing, Span. Check this stuff out! They ask for a sweet little girl and what do you do? You give 'em a candy factory it's so sweet. Then they want a fly, just a simple little fly, and you bring the art director a giant mosquito with acne.

Artist: Everyone gets acne at some time or another, A.G.

Agent: Great attitude, Span. How about that job there. The A.D. wanted a goldfish, and you turned in some kind of prehistoric lungfish that they thought looked like a benign Leon Trotsky.

Artist: Ah, that art director just has a shoe up his...

Agent: Don't say it – Syd and the shoe are both here already. But let's not forget your best failure, your most spectacular mess-up, the end all to end all.

Artist: Which one?

Agent: That abomination there between Syd's shoe and that dumb soldier drawing that was supposed to be for an antiwar poster. The one where the medical client asked you for a tasteful piece on flatulence and you brought in an untasteful piece on flagellation. Just great, Span, just great.

Artist: Everyone makes a mistake now and then, A.G.

Agent: Will you listen to me! The point is that you continually do more than people ask for. You have to remember, never be first and never be last in this business. When they ask for a star give them a star and not a starfish.

Artist: Well it does have its points, A.G.

Agent: You've gotta just crank the stuff out.

Artist: Yes, A.G., I guess you're right after all. I should spend less time on everything.

Agent: Sure I'm right. You spread your name around and after you pay your dues, bango, you've made it big! I'm only telling you all this because I like you, Span. I really wish you'd listen to me for once.

Artist: I suppose you've got something there. I don't know why I've been worrying about the art side of things; it's like you say — money is everything!

Agent: Now that's the spirit, pal. Come on, we have to hurry – the blimp leaves any time now. Artist: Right, A.G., the blimp.

The blimp?! The two men came to a road sign of sorts, and Virgil quickly consulted it for directions to the blimp. The listing was more a guide to floors than anything else. One through six was for Incontinents, seven was for Violents, eight and nine for Fraudulents, with the restrooms on seven and souvenirs on all floors. The blimp, listed last on the guide, was on floor nine A. The artist wanted to buy a souvenir but his agent said there wasn't enough time, and they rushed off toward the eleva-

After the elevator whisked them down to nine A, the lowest place in that yawningpit, the artist and his agent had a short, chilly walk to the blimp. "It gets colder with each floor you go down," explained A.G.Virgil when he noticed the illustrator shivering.

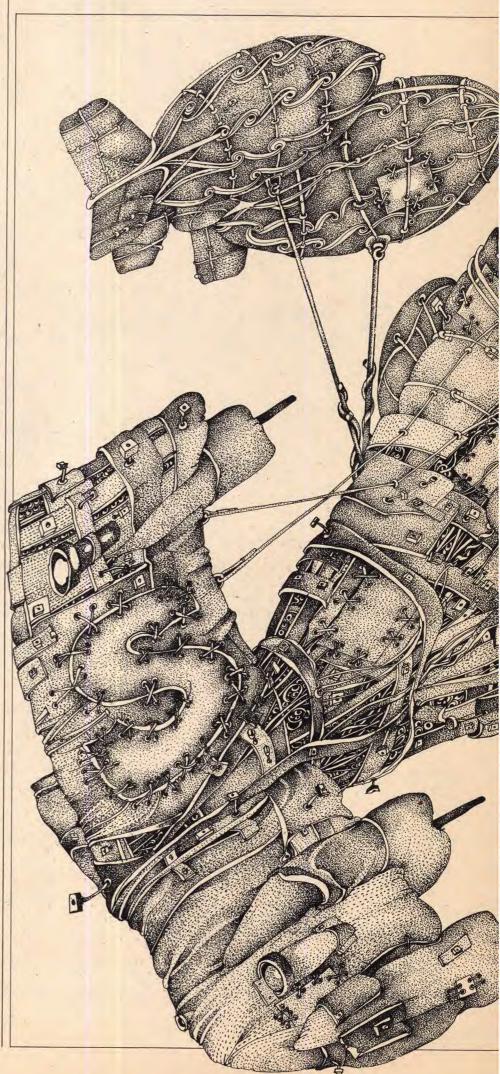
tor lobby. Luckily, the express car

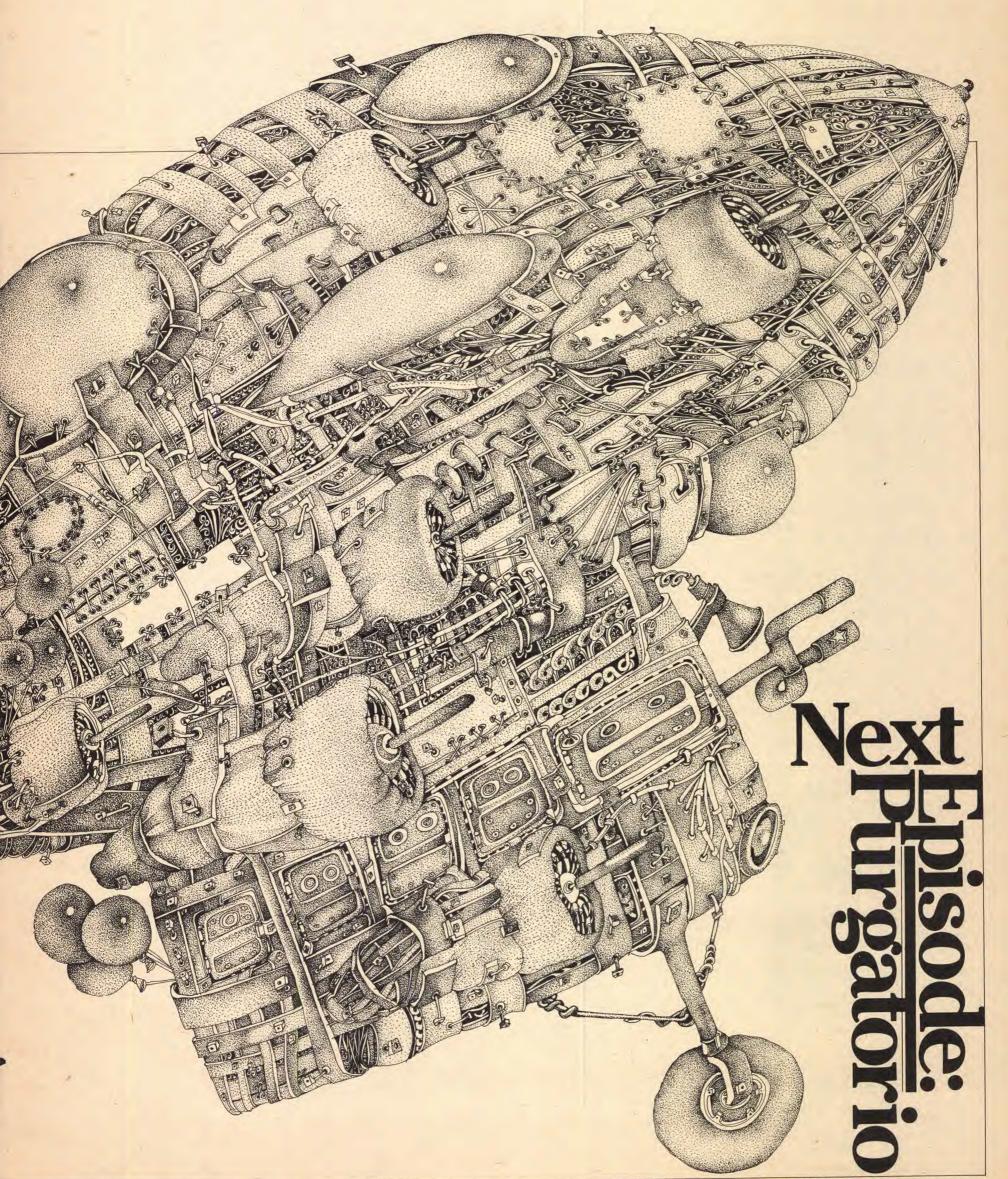
was waiting when they got there.

As they reached the launching area the giant cigar-shaped balloon was just taking off, and the two men jumped on in the nick of time. As the blimp started its ascent back past the nine floors, the illustrator began to feel another strange change sweep over him. As they floated above that home of lost souls the artist suddenly felt very guilty about some of the things he had just said and done.

Before he had a chance to reflect on this new change within him the artist was jerked back to his present situation by the sound of a metallic voice from a hidden intercom. "Good evening; this is your captain, George Beelzebub. Welcome to the blimp *The Prince of Darkness*. I hope you have a tormentful ride. We should be reaching the shores of Purgatorio within a few hours."

Again there was a slight tremor and lots of heat as the ship passed back through the ring of fire. Looking ahead all the artist could see was the murky waters. He dismally wondered what frightful adventures lay in front of him. But, alas, only time would tell.





Something for Everybody from U&lc

What do Quotations from Mao Tse-tung, In His Steps, Valley of the Dolls, Guinness Book of World Records. A Message to Garcia, Baby and Child Care. American Red Cross First Aid Book, American Spelling Book, and Your Federal Income Tax have in common with the Bible?



What do Sweden, The Netherlands, Iceland, Norway, Denmark, Canada, France, Japan, and the United Kingdom have in common with the Ryukyu Islands?



What do Mark Twain, Thomas Jefferson, Sinclair Lewis, Rod Laver, Lucille Ball, General Custer, Bernard Shaw, and Judas Iscariot have in common with Red Grange?



What do Harpo Marx, Judy Garland, Leonardo da Vinci, Jack the Ripper, Babe Ruth. Cole Porter, Rex Harrison, Lizzie Borden, Charlie Chaplin, and Paul McCartney bavein common with Herb Lubalin?

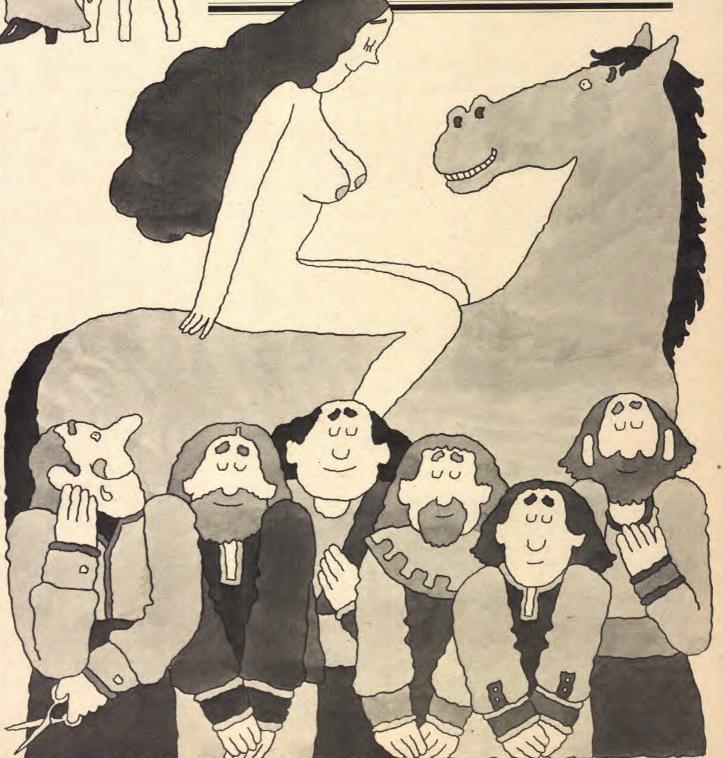




PEEPING TOM: In 1040 the Lord of Coventry in England agreed to his wife's plea that he reduce oppressive taxes, but only on condition that she in turn ride naked through the city. This she did, and the townspeople so revered her for her action that all averted their eyes. The exception, a tailor named Tom, was struck blind for his impudence. A voyeur was from then on known as a peeping tom. This also applies to Dick & Harry.

GIRL FRIDAY

Robinson Crusoe, by Daniel Defoe, appeared in 1719. In the well-known story, Crusoe, stranded on a desolate island, was lucky enough to be joined by a black man whom he named Friday, that being the day they met. His man, Friday, existed for many years in people's minds as the image of an able and accomplished assistant who could perform any task, no matter how difficult, required of him by R.C. The status of Friday remained quo for many years until a new generation of liberated women proved that they could do what Friday could do, equally as well, or better, any day of the week. And that's when Girl Friday arrived on the scene.



ILLUSTRATIONS BY LIONEL KALISH

What's New from ITC?

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These new typefaces will be available to the public on or after January 15, 1980 depending on each manufacturer's release schedule.



ITC NOVARESE BOOK

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ITC Novarese is a truly classic typeface with a distinctive Grecian chiseled look. It is a widely usable text type suited equally well to advertising, books, publications and a wide range of corporate literature where large amounts of reading matter require distinction and style without loss of readability.

ITC is proud to offer this type family created by one of Europe's outstanding typeface designers, Aldo Novarese, and licensed by ITC from Haas'sche Schriftgiesserei AG. Mr. Novarese has designed over 164 typefaces, including Eurostile, Egizio, Torino, Slogan, Fontanesi, Magister, Juliet and Nova Augustea.

ITC Novarese offers small caps in the Book and Medium romans. It uses roman capitals with the italic lower case letters. For text settings, a special set of roman capitals is sized and unitized to work with the italic letters.

A rich, full-bodied, flavorful letter, ITC Novarese's style comes from its graceful curves and finely chiseled serifs. The contrast between its thick and thin strokes is noticeable but not extreme, giving the text a sparkle and color in mass without sacrificing printability.

When U&Ic started publication six years ago, we had three objectives (the dream of any publisher): One, a large circulation of select readers; two, enough advertising to pay the bills without bloating our pages; three, a responsive audience.

On all three counts, we knock on wood as we check off our accomplishments.

Our circulation is indeed the largest of any publication devoted to graphic arts. Demographic studies show that we have no spurious readers; our subscribers are all hard-core employees in the field; art directors, designers, typographers, production people, teachers and students preparing for work in the communications world.

By choice, we sell only enough advertising to pay **some** of the bills, so we can maintain a comfortable and esthetic ratio of editorial pages to advertising space.

But where we feel we have truly scored an unprecedented success is in the response we've received from our readers. From the very beginning, the number and nature of the letters that have crossed our desks has been nothing short of phenomenal. At first they were simple typewritten or handwritten messages of appreciation. Then some calculating souls poured out their praises in ambitious calligraphic script. Some started to illustrate their prose. The expressions became more visual than verbal, as anyone might expect from graphic artists. Our readers obviously liked what they saw and wanted to get into the act. Without intending to, we had blundered into an audience-participation adventure in publishing.

"So, what else is new?" you may ask. All editors of magazines and newspapers are swamped with manuscripts and contributions from readers—all wanting to be published—for a fee, of course. Our singular situation is that we are swamped with contributions by people who want to appear in our pages with no thought of compensation. When our journal is put to bed, they simply want to be under the covers with us. We take that as a compliment.

SOME THING FROM EVENY BODY

Obviously, we've encouraged audience participation all along, since we regularly print some of the irresistible work that arrives in the mail. Readers' contributions have found their way into our special feature sections such as Comic Alphabets, Something for Everybody, Something from Everybody, Ms., etc. Many of our major articles like Murray Tinkelman's Mechanimals, Letters to Helen from Harold and J Scott G's Corporate Image, all in this issue, came to us as unsolicited contributions.

But our open-minded open-handedness has been a mixed blessing. We've doubled our work. Our editors spend many extra hours evaluating the pieces that arrive in the mail daily; we must study and select carefully to maintain the uniqueness and quality we've established for **U&Ic** in the first place. It is not easy to reject work, and the truth is we must send back many more pieces than we can accept. The whole mental, emotional and physical process of dealing

OR,26x8GOD REASONS WHY U&Ic CREATED THIS ARTICLE with readers' contributions has become a major effort. But we continue to be seduced by the outsize envelopes, mailing tubes and packages that arrive each day, because out of them we have pulled a wealth of stimulating ideas of very high caliber. In fact, so much worthy material has accumulated that we are devoting our entire eight-page color section in this issue to work received from readers.

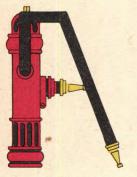
The subject is Alphabets...in a variety of moods. Some are serious, some comical, some playful, some intellectual—all quite wonderful. We have one contribution from an experienced designer in California, five from young college sophomores enrolled in Communications Design courses at Eastern Carolina University, a most ambitious and literate extravaganza from a young Renaissance woman in Brooklyn, and a captivating animal alphabet from a pixie in Connecticut.

What we especially like is the diverse sources of these contributions. It is obvious that no one has cornered the market on creativity, and we honestly believe that one of our functions as liaison to the graphic arts world is to sweep away the prejudices about talent—where it blooms, which schools provide the best training, which cities nurture greatness. The cross-section of talent we've exposed in these pages should put to rest forever any misconceptions in such matters, even if it pricks our pride and rocks some of us out of our complacency.

However, it's not our purpose here to give you a rundown of our virtuous deeds, any more than our readers send us free contributions for our financial and esthetic well being. Who is so altruistic? Our contributors—and rightly so welcome the ego boost, the exhibition space and the opportunity to be seen by their peers. On our part, the grand purpose of this eight-page spread is not just to fill the issue with some provocative new ideas, but also to display, in an effective manner, our newest typeface, ITC Novarese in Light, Medium and Bold, with Italics, and ITC Novarese Ultra without Italics. MARION MULLER







DESIGNER: Craig Vosler Virginia Beach, Virginia AGE: 23 EDUCATION: Currently enrolled at Eastern Carolina University, a Communication Arts major with emphasis in Graphic Design and a minor in

dent alphabets to U&lc, advises us: "The survey course places the students under a great deal of pressure...acceptance into the BFA program is very selective and

Prof. Jeff A. McGinnis, who form-

erly taught the course "Introduc-

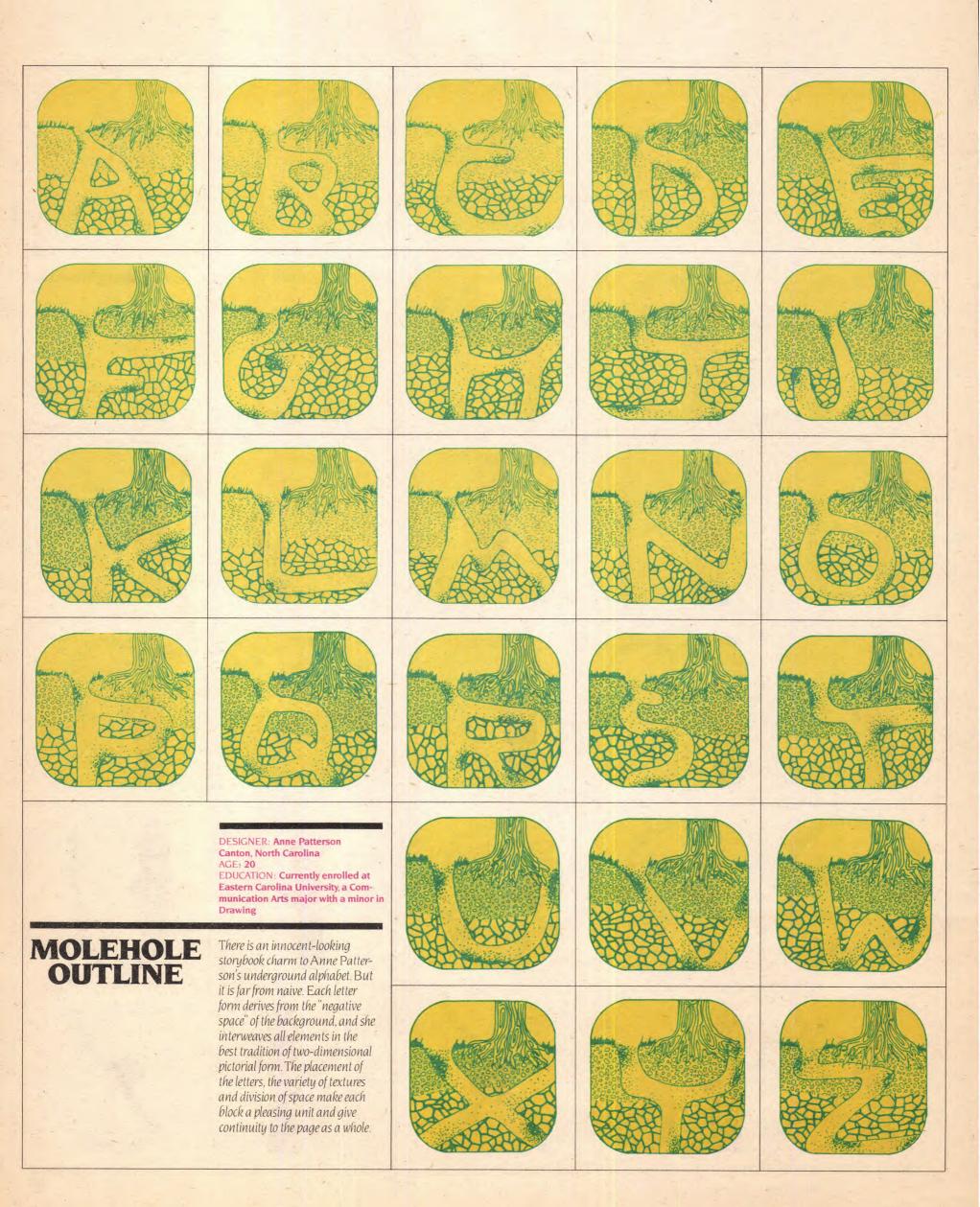
tion to Communication Arts" at

ECU and submitted these stu-

mitted after taking the course". There is such a thoroughly professional no-nonsense consistency and authority to Craig Vosler's Fireplug alphabet, it belies the fact that it was executed by a sophomore with little or no experience in graphic design. It is witty, economical and executed with consummate skill.

FIREPLUG GOTHIC





A cheese lover is called a

TUR PHILE. OEN PHILE

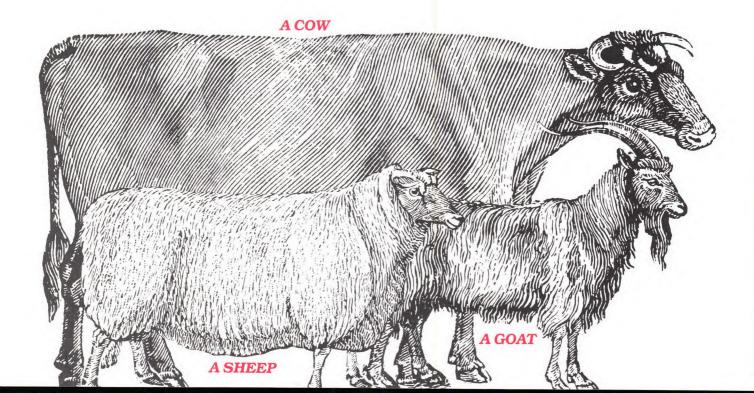
is what a wine lover is called. Usually they're both the same.

urophile? Oenophile? Just fancy names for a cheese and a wine aficionado. Some people like one or the other, and most like them both. Both is best.

In this booklet we've tried to simplify and clarify in an effort to edify. That is, to name some cheeses with a short description, along with a list of wines with which to taste them. We've even done an experimental wine and cheese tasting and introduced it with a little bit of general wine/cheese facts. Then to fill out the story (and your waistline) we've cooked up a few recipes incorporating wine and cheese.

We've asked our favorite graphics/chef/sommelier, Mo Lebowitz, to write and design this for you in an ITC face. He selected ITC Bookman for its clarity, variety and handleability. Like cheese and wine, ITC Bookman has a

lot of good combinations built in.



FOR THE TUROPHILE:

"PHEW!"

They may get yours at first. But keep trying. Just like olives, they need a special taste. The best cheese with wine (or without). Here are some to think about:

Albini: Firm. Cow's milk added. Italy. **Alpestro:** Slightly salty. Italy.

Altenburger Ziegenkäse: Soft, mild. Germany.

Altsohl: Creamy, rich and sharp. Sheep's milk added sometimes. Like Roquefort. Hungary.

Autun: Mild, creamy. From Burgundy. France.

Banon: Farm cheese. Wrapped in chestnut leaves. France.

Bernarde: Saffron-colored. Cow's milk added. Italy.

Cabécou: Medium-firm, mild. Matured in vine leaves of local wines. France.
Caciofiore: Very soft, fresh, buttery and

delicate. Italy.

Cajassou: Pungent, strong, France. Canestrato: Sheep's milk added, Strong, firm, Italy.

Canestrato: Sheeps milk added, Strong firm. Italy.

Caprian: Strong taste, smell. Italy.

Caprian: Strong taste, Sinen. Italy.
Capricette: Fresh, white and soft. France.
Caprino: Biting, spicy. Argentina.
Cashera: Hard, brittle, biting, Greece.
Castelo Branco: Medium-soft. Portugal.
Chabichou: Cone-shaped. Pungent, fresh, medium-soft and fruity. France.

Charolles: Cone-shaped. Hard, nutty. France.

Charost: Pungent, medium-soft. France.
Châteauroux: Pungent, firm, nutty. France.
Chèvre à la Feuille: Tender, flavorful.
Wrapped in chestnut leaves. France.
Chèvretin: Small squares. Delicate.
France.

Chèvreton: Smooth, nutty, delicate.

Chèvrotin: Mild, light, delicate. Eaten with garlic and salt or sugar and cream. France. Civran, Fromage de: Tangy, fruity. Strong goat smell. France.

Coimbra: Salty. Portugal.

Colombières, Fromage de: Semi-firm.

Like a Reblochon. France.

Condrieu: Medium-firm, creamy. France. Couhé-Vérac: Square. Firm, nutty, goaty. France

Coulandon, Fromage de: Delicate flavor. Like a Brie. France.

Crèche: Aromatic, strong. France. Creusin: Round. Hard rind. France. Crottin de Chavignol: Salted, mediumfirm, France. **Feta:** Astringent, salty, flaky. Greece/America.

Foggiano: Like a Pecorino. Italy. Formagelle: Small, soft, fresh. Italy. Formaggini: Sweet, fresh, mild. Cow's milk added. Italy.

Gaiskäsli: Soft, fresh. Germany. Getmesost: Sweetish, soft. Sweden. Gex Marbré: Unusual, blue-green markings. Cow's and sheep's milk added. France.

Gien, Fromage de: Matured in ashes. Sheep's milk added sometimes. France. **Gjetöst:** Amber-colored, firm-textured, sweet. Norway.

Graçay: Cone-shaped. Firm, light goat smell, nutty taste. Coated with ashes. France.

Incanestrato: Rennet cheese. Various spices and oils. Italy.

Jochberg: Cow's milk added. Austria. **Jonchée:** Mild and creamy. Made with laurel leaves. For dessert. France.

Joumeaux: Cylindrical. France. Koppen: Firm. Cup-shaped. Germany.

La Mothe Saint-Héraye, Fromage de: Smooth, mild. Best in summer or autumn. France.

Lecco: Soft. Slightly sweet. For dessert. Italy.

Levroux: Simple, mild. France. **Linies:** Soft, fresh, mild. France.

Livernon: Soft, fresh, mild. Goaty aroma. Nutty taste. France.

Loches, Fromage de: Cylinder. Fresh, milky. France.

Lormes, Fromage de: Cone-shaped. Soft, delicate. France.

Mont-Cénis: Cow's milk added. Light yellow. Salty blue mold as in a Roquefort. Parsley added. France.

Montmarault; Ronjadoux; Saint-Pardoux: Cylindrical. Blue-veined. France.

Montrachet, Fromage de: A great cheese. Cylindrical. Soft, supple, light and creamy. Packed in chestnut or grape leaves. Sometimes in ashes. France. Mottais: Creamy, soft, smooth and mel-

Mottais: Creamy, soft, smooth and metlow. Like a Camembert. Part cow's milk. France.

Pamproux: Round. Small and mild. France.

Pelardon: Thin skin. Soft but dense texture. Nutty. France.

Persillé d'Aravis: Cylindrical. Darkskinned. Firm and sharp. France. Petafina: Some cow's milk added. Also oil, brandy, absinthe, salt and pepper France. Picodon: Soft. Fine, nutty and full-flavored. France.

Pie, Fromage à la: Also called Fromage Blanc. Very fresh, moist and soft, Used in Nouvelle Cuisine or with chives. France. Pourly: Cylindrical. Soft, delicate, supple, light and nutty. France.

Pyramide: Another name for a Valencay. Rabaçal: Medium-soft. Simple, Portugal. Rocamadour: Shaped as a large coin.

Soft, tender, nutty, France.

Ruffec: Simple, mild, goaty, France,
Sableau: Triangular, Fresh, white, milky,
mild, France.

Saint-Claude: Small squares. Mediumfirm. Ready to eat after only 8 hours, but will age well. France.

Will age Well, France.

Saint-Fargeol: Pungent, firm, France.

Saint-Gelay: Sized and shaped like a

Camembert, Moist, France.

Saint-Loup: Soft, simple. France. Saint-Marcellin: Like a Brie. White inside.

but a blue mold on the outside. Some sheep's milk added. France.

Saint-Maure: Semisoft. Like a Camembert. France.

Sancerre, Fromage de: Semihard. Mellow: lightly salted. France.

Sault: Smooth Wrapped in chestnut leaves. Some cow's milk added. France. Sauze: Aromatic and strong. France. Seguin: Simple, mild. France.

Selles-sui-Cher: Mild, soft. Coated in ashes. France.

Solliès Toucas: Dry, goaty, France. Stracchino: Rich, pungent, soft, Italy. Taviers: Small and aromatic, France. Thivers, Fromage de: Small and strong. France.

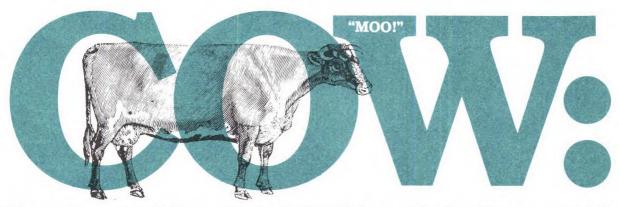
Trois Cornes: Strong and aromatic.

Troô, Fromage de: Cone shaped. Soft. Small, fine, firm and fruity. France. **Valençay:** Pyramid-shaped, Firm, goaty and tangy. Good both young and old.

Vézelay, Fromage de: Soft, mild, aromatic.

Xaintray: Aromatic and pungent. France.

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Most cheeses are cow's milk cheeses. But they've literally been milked for all they're worth. Different molds, techniques and grasses make for this abundant (but partial) assortment:

Aberdeen: Rich, soft and creamy. Scotland.

Aettekees: Strong, white and fermented. Belgium.

Aisy, Cendre d': Aged in grapevine ashes. France.

Ajacilo: Medium-hard. Corsica. **Albula:** Full of various herbs. Switzerland.

Allgauer Bergkäse: Like an Emmental. Bavaria.

Allgauer Rahmkäse: Like a mild Limburger. Bavaria.

Alpes: Like a Bel Paese. France. **Alpestra:** A smoked cheese. Austria.

Ambert: A great French cheese. Like a Cheddar. There are many versions. France.

Amou: Like a Saint-Paulin. France.

Ancien Impérial: Soft, fresh

and creamy. France. **Andean Cheese:** Wrapped in

leaves. Venezuela. **Appenzell:** A medium-soft

Emmental. Switzerland. **Appetost:** Smooth and mellow with caraway seeds added.

Denmark.

Arber: Semihard. From sour milk. Germany.

milk. Germany. **Arrigny:** Soft and fresh. From

Champagne. France. **Asadero:** From whole milk.

White. Mexico.

Asiago: Sweet-curd, semicooked. Italy/America. **Backsteiner:** Like a Limburger. Germany.

Bagnes: Hard and aromatic. Switzerland.

Bagozzo; Bresciano: Hard. yellow, sharp. Like a Parmesan. Italy.

Baker's Cheese: Like Cottage Cheese. For pies, cakes. America. **Ball Cheese:** From sour milk. Pennsylvania Dutch. America. **Banbury:** Soft. England. **Barberey:** Like a Camembert.

Battelmatt: Medium-soft. Switzerland.

Bauden: Cylindrical. Sour milk. Germany.

Beaufort: Sharp, distinctive, creamy, France.

Beaumont: Semisoft and delicate. France.

Bellelay: Soft and blueveined. Switzerland.

Belo Vrhnje: Rich, smooth and white. Yugoslavia.

Bel Paese: Mild, rich and creamy. For the table. Italy. Bergkäse (Battelmatt, Fon-

tina, Gruyère, Montasio, Vacherin, Walliser): Semihard and nutty. Switzerland.

Bergquara: Like a Gouda. Switzerland.

Bitto: Hard and oily. For grating. Italy.

Bleu: Creamy with blue veins. Lots of character. France.

Blue: An American or Danish version of French Bleu.

Bondon: Cylindrical. Soft and creamy. France.

Bondost: Cylindrical. Creamy. Switzerland.

Bouille, La: Cylindrical. Penetrating, fruity. France.

Bourgain: Fresh, perishable and unsalted. France.

Box Cheese: A firm. mild, yellow brick-shape. Germany. **Bra Cheese:** Hard, small and

white. Italy. **Brandkase:** Small. Sour milk.
Ripened in beer kegs.

Germany. **Brevine:** Like an Emmental.

Switzerland

Brickbat: Semihard with cream added. Ripened for at least a year. England.

Brick Cheese: Semisoft, mild and pungent. America.

Brie: A great cheese. Soft, creamy and pungent. France. **Brillat-Savarin:** Creamy and buttery. France.

Brioler: Soft, fatty and strongtasting. Germany.

Broodkaase: Flat, hard and nutty. Holland.

Bruxelles: Soft and creamy. Belaium.

Budapest: Fresh Cream Cheese. Very soft. Hungary. **Bulle:** A Gruyère. Switzerland. **Burmeister:** Soft. Brick. America.

Bushman: Medium-hard and yellow. Australia.

Buttermilk Cheese: Fresh, soft and fine-grained. America. **Cabrales:** A Blue. Spain.

Cacciocavallo: Spindle-shaped. Smoky. smooth. firm and white. Italy.

Caerphilly: Semisoft and quick ripening. England.

Calvenzano: Like a Gorgonzola. Italy.

Cambridge: Soft, white and tangy. Eaten fresh. England. **Camembert:** Soft, buttery and pungent. France.

Cantal: Mild. nutty and firm. Aged 6 months. France.

Carré: Small and creamy. France.

Cascavel Penir: A copy of Cheddar. Turkey.

Castelmagno: Like a Gorgonzola. Italy.

Castillon: Fresh, white, creamy and perishable. France. **Cendré de la Brie:** Creamy.

white, soft, Ash-cured. France. **Certoso Stracchino:** Like Tallegio. Italy.

Cervelle de Canut: Fresh white cheese mixed with chives, salt and pepper. France.

Cham: Like an Emmental. Switzerland.

Chamberat: Flat. Firm and fruity. France.

Champoléon de Queyras: Hard. From skim milk, France.

Chantelle: Like a mild Port du

Salut. America. **Chaource:** Cylindrical. Supple

and fruity. France. **Charleroi, Boulette de:** Round.

Creamy. Belgium.

Charmey Fine: Like a Gruyère. Switzerland.

Chaschol: Wheel. Hard. From

skim milk. Switzerland. **Cheddar:** Hard, sharp and aged

3-6 months. America/England. **Cheshire:** Firm and yellow. England.

Cheshire/Stilton: A mix of the two. Blue-veined. England. Chiavari: Firm. From sweet

or sour milk. Italy. **Chrisalinna:** Hard. Switzerland.

Citeaux: Medium-soft and tangy. France.

Clabbered Cheese: Fresh Cottage Cheese. Kept cool.

England.
Claqueret Lyonnais: Fresh.

moist and herby. France. **Club:** Spicy, mashed Cheddars in jars. America.

Coeur à la Crème: Heartshaped. Rich dessert. France. Colby: Like a Cheddar. Softer body with an open texture. Moist. England.

Commission: Round Edamstyle. Up to 8 pounds. Holland.

Comté: Like a Gruyère. France. Conches: Like an Emmental. France.

Coon: Tangy, very crumbly, sharp texture. America. **Cornhusker:** Very moist Ched-

dar. America.

40 d

Foin: Ripened in new-mown

Havarti: Round. Packed in foil. Sharp. Denmark. Hay Cheese: Fromage au

cooked. Made at a Trappist

monastery. Like a Port du

Salut. Belgium.

Harze: Aromatic, strong, semi-

hay. France. Helitz-le-Maurupt: Fresh Cream Cheese. Eaten very

fresh. France. Herbesthal: Strongly flavored with milk from cows grazing in

grasses full of herbs. Germany. Herkimer: New York Cheddar cheese. America.

Herrgårosost: Medium-firm. Sweet, nutty flavor with small eyes as in a Gruyère. Sweden. Hervé: Like a Limburger in 6-inch cubes. Belgium. Holstein Skim-Milk Cheese:

Saffron-colored with buttermilk added. Germany. Hop; Hopfen: Small. Matured

in hops. Germany. Horse Cheese: A Cacciocavallo whose trademark is a horse's

head. Italy. Ilha Cheese: Firm. Exported to

Portugal. Azores. Imperial Club: Cheddar.

Canada. Isigny Cheese: Like a firm

Camembert with the aroma of a Limburger, America. Jack Cheese; Monterey Jack:

One of America's best cheeses. Soft Cheddar style. Mild and smooth when young, and sharper as it ages.

Jarlesberg: Skim-milk. Like an Emmental. Norway. Jiban Homeed: Sour. Made from yogurt. Middle East. Joban: A simple milk and rennet cheese. Syria.

Kaimar Cheese: Fresh Cream Cheese when young. Strong when older. Turkey.

Karvi: Soft and mild with caraway seeds. Norway.

Kash Kwanh: Parmesan-style. Simple. Balkan Countries. Kleinkäse: Semihard. Mild

and smooth. Germany.

Kochenkäse: Salt-free and white. Dessert. Luxembourg. Krauterkäse: Firm and herby. For grating. Switzerland.

Krutt: Ball-shaped. Primitive and sun-dried. Asia.

Kryddost: Mild and anise-

flavored. Sweden. Labanee: From yogurt which is allowed to drain: then salted. Syria.

Laguiole: Like a Cantal. France.

Dorset: Hard, blue-veined, pungent and rich. England. Dresdener Bierkäse: Soft with caraway seeds. Germany.

Dry Cheese: Very hard. Bavaria.

Cornimont: Like a Münster.

a Stilton. England.

with curds, cream.

mold. England.

Brie, France.

France

France

Italy.

Scotland

France.

Cheese. Italy.

Pungent, with caraway. France.

Cotherstone: Blue-veined. Like

Cottage Cheese: Uncured. Soft

Cottenham: Creamy, rich,

medium-hard with a bluish

Cottslowe: Strong-flavored.

Coulommiers: A tasty, small

Coulommiers Frais: Parisian

Cream Cheese: Uncured. Rich,

white, soft and mild. America.

Crema Dánica: Soft and rich.

Like a Camembert. Denmark.

Crème de Gruyère: Softened.

bland Gruyère in foil portions.

Crème-Double: Soft and white

with heavy cream added.

Cremini: Rich, soft Cream

Crescenza: Sweet and soft.

Croissant Demi-Sel: A salty

year or more. France.

Cream Cheese. France.

D'Ambert: Firm and pro-

soft. Austria/Hungary.

Ewe). Denmark.

Bleu. Denmark.

holes. Denmark.

creamy. France.

creamu. France.

England.

England.

salty. Egypt.

Denmark.

America.

Creuse Cheese: Fresh or aged a

Crowdie: A fresh-cream cheese.

nounced with some bitterness.

Danablu: Like a Roquefort (see

Damen: Uncured. Mild and

Danish Blue: Like a French

Danish Export: Cylindrical

Dansk Schweizerrost: Like

Darling: A Vermont Cheddar.

Dauphin: Loaf-shaped. Sup-

Very aromatic. France.

Like a Stilton. England.

rich and fresh. France.

Demi-Sel: Soft, salty and

Derby; Derbyshire: A hard.

Devonshire: Cream Cheese.

Domiata: Mild, white and

moist and flaky Cheddar.

Decize: Rich, simple and

ple with a penetrating aroma.

Daventry: Round and small.

Délices de Rouvray: Creamy.

and small. Like a Gouda.

an Emmental but smaller

soft, creamy. England.

Cream Cheese. France.

Duel Cheese: Cubes. Softcured. Austria.

Dunlop: Spicy, sharp and medium-firm. Scotland. Dutch Cream Cheese: With added eggs. England.

Edam: A 1-5 pound ball cheese. Red wrapper, yellow cheese. Holland.

Elbing: Crumbly, spicy, coldweather. German.

Elbo: Butterlike and mild. Denmark.

Emiliano: Cylindrical. Like a Parmesan. Italy.

Emmental: Hard. Like a Gruyère, but with larger holes. 100-200 pound wheels. Switzerland.

Engadine: Medium-firm and mild. Switzerland.

Epoisses, Fromage d': Made with brandy, salt, pepper, cloves and fennel. France.

Erbo: Like a Gorgonzola. Italy. Étuvé: Medium-firm and mild. Holland.

Farm Cheese: (1) A mild Cottage Cheese. America. (2) Individual cheeses made and cured by local farmers. France.

Farm Vale: A small Cream Cheese. England. Flamengo: Like Edam.

Portugal.

Furmai Squaquaron: Very fresh Cream Cheese. Italy. Gammelost: Semisoft. Grainy, sharp and aromatic. Norway. Garda: Rich, creamy and very soft. Italy. Gautrias: Soft. Like a Port du Salut. France.

Géromé: Cylindrical. Red wrapper. Like a Münster. France. Gervais: Delicate, rich and creamy. France.

Gex-Septmoncel: Salty and spicy. Like Blue without the veins. France.

Gloucester: Hard with blue mold. Two types: Single which ripens in 2 months; Double which is larger and ripens in 6 months (and is better). England.

Glumse: Cottage Cheese. Germany.

Gorgonzola: A great cheese. Round wheel. Semihard. creamy, blue-veined and pungent. Italy.

Gouda: Flat ball with red rind. Yellow like an Edam. Very popular. Holland.

Gouzon: Like a Camembert. France.

Goya: Dry and hard. Like a Parmesan. Argentina. Grana Reggiano: A Parmesan

made in Reggiano. Italy. Gras: High butterfat, from whole milk. Holland.

Green Bay: A slightly sharp. white Cheddar. America.

Green Cheese: A Cheddar-type cheese flavored with crushed sage leaves. America.

with flower petals added. Fontina: Supple. pleasant and delicate. Italy.

Forez: Cured on a cellar floor under dirt and trickling water. Like a Roquefort. France.

Fourme d'Ambert: Blueveined and spicy. France. Fromage de Vendôme: Tangy and soft. Ash-cured. France. Frühstück: Round, Like a Limburger American.

Gruyère: Large wheel. Sharp flavor with small eyes. Much imitated everywhere. Switzerland.

Guéyin, Le: Unusual. Made from Tranginat. Dry. small. salted and peppered. France. Güssing: Like American Brick Cheese. Austria.

Hablé Crème Chantilly: Very rich, delicate, soft, when fresh. A dessert. Sweden.

Hand Cheese: Originally hand-molded, small, sharp and pungent when aged. Switzerland.

Fløtost: Made with boiled whey. Norway.

Flower Cheese: Soft-cured

Fort, Le: Made with chopped leeks. France.

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Lancashire: Hard, strong, white toasting cheese. England.

Langlois Blue: Rich, very creamy and blue-veined. America.

Langres, Fromage de: Coneshaped, smooth and yellow. Fresh. Cured in walnut leaves. France.

Larron: Square-shaped. Pungent and spicy. France.

Laumes, Fromage des: Brickshaped. Tangy, spicy and a little smoky. France.

Lebne: Middle Eastern Cottage Cheese.

Leicester: Hard. reddish-color, mildly sharp. England. Leyden: Hard. spicy. With

cumin or caraway and cloves. Holland.

Liederkranz: Soft and smooth. Brick-shaped. Pungent and fruity like a mild Limburger. Another of America's special cheeses.

Limburger: Semisoft brick. A surface-ripened cheese. Very pungent in flavor and aroma. America/Europe.

Lincoln: Soft, perishable Cream Cheese. England. Livarot: Cylindrical. Elastic texture with a full aroma, strong and spicy flavor. France.

Lodigiano: Yellowish and firm. Sharp and slightly bitter taste. Grating. Italy.

Lombardo: A grating Parmesan. Italy.

Longhorn: Cheddar, America. Lorraine: Hard and small. Seasoned with pepper, salt, and pistachio nuts. A delicacy. France.

Luneberg: Aromatic, saffroncolored. A cross between an Emmental and a Limburger. Austria.

Malakoff: Small, creamy, white. France.

Mâquée: Homemade Cottage Cheese from Belgium.

Maribo: Like a Gouda. Denmark.

Marienhofer: Odorous and soft. Like a Limburger. Austria.
Maroilles: Square. Pungent and rich. Beaten and mashed during fermentation, rolled, dried and formed. Named for a 10th-century monastery.

France.

Merovingian: Medium-firm, creamy, white and tangy. France.

Mignot: Firm, pungent with a big flavor. France.

big flavor. France.

Milano, Stracchinodi: Like a
Bel Paese. Italy.

Mimolette: Like an Edam, but harder and aged longer. Holland.

Minas: Medium-firm and white. Brazil.

Minnesota Blue: Blue-veined, slightly salty. A product of the state. America.

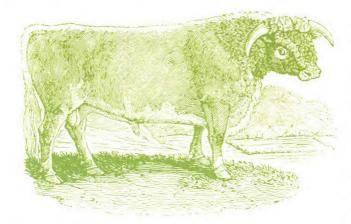
Molbo: Round red ball. Mellow and mild. Denmark.

Mozzarella: Stored in salt water: not cured. Pure white, elastic, milky smell with a mild, creamy flavor. For cooking and salads. Italy/America.

Mozzarinelli: A small version of Mozzarella. Italy/America.
Münster: (In America) Mild. yellow. milky and bland. (In Germany) Strong, pungent and firm with caraway.

Mycella: Like a strong, hearty Gorgonzola. Denmark.

Mysöst; Mytöst: Pale brown, buttery taste, mild. Sweden. Nageles: Round. Fresh with cloves. Holland.



Moncenisio: Like a Gorgonzola. Italy.

Mondseer: Skim and whole milk. Like a mild Limburger. Austria.

Monsieur, Fromage de: Cylindrical. Soft with a fruity flavor and penetrating aroma. France. Montasio: Firm when young; brittle when old. Mild and white when young; pungent and yellow when old. Italy.

Mont des Cats: Like a Saint-Paulin or Port du Salut. Made by Trappist Monks in Flanders. Belgium.

Mont d'Or: Some goat's milk added. Soft, tender, delicate and savory aroma and taste. France. Morbier: Thick disc. Supple. milky aroma and pronounced flavor. France.

Mostôffait: Fresh, white, rich and flavored with tarragon. France.

Motte Valsesiane: Round and small with fennel seeds. Italy. Mount Hope: A Californian Cheddar. America. **Nantais:** Square with rounded corners. Elastic with a tangy taste and full, strong smell. France.

Nessel: Soft, round and thin. Cured. England.

Neufchâtel: Heart or square. Soft. smooth. savory with some salt. (See Malakoff.) France. Nieheimer: Sour-milk. Slight salt. Cured in hops with caraway seeds added. German. Noekkelöst: Hard. Like an

Noekkelost: Hard, Like an Edam with cumin and clove added. Norway.

North Wilts: A creamy, richtasting Cheddar. England.
Nuits, Fromage de: Eaten fresh, or aged in leaves or vines. France.

Oka: A medium-soft Trappist Monk cheese like a Port du Salut. Canada.

Olivet Cendré: Soft, light, supple, pungent. France.

Orrys, Les: Wheel. Like a Camembert with tang. France.
Oswego: A New York Cheddar.
America.

Óvár: Medium-soft and mild. Hungary.

Palpuszta: Like a Limburger but stronger. Hungary.

Panir: Cottage Cheese of milk curdled with lemon juice. India.

Pannarone: Rich, creamy. Like a Gorgonzola without the blue-green veins. Italy.

Parmesan: Large wheels 14-18 inches in diameter. Hard, brittle and crumbly. Aroma of violets. Fruity to sharp taste. For the table when young: for grating when old. A very great cheese. Italy.

Passaver Rahmkäse: Finequality Cream Cheese. Germanu.

Patay: Soft, supple with a delicate bouquet. France.

Pavé de Moyaux: Squares. Soft, supple, moldy bouquet, with a strong, spicy flavor, Like a Pont-l'Évêque. France.

Penroque: An imitation of Roquefort made in Pennsylvania. America.

Petit-Bessay: Soft, fresh, supple, fruity and clean. France. Petit-Carré: A rich, fresh Cream Cheese. France. Petit-Suisse: Enriched with

Petit-Suisse: Enriched with cream. Small cylinder. Fresh. sweet and delicate. For dessert. France.

Philadelphia Cream: Excellent branded soft white Cream Cheese. America.

Pithiviers au Foin: Soft, mild and supple. France.

Pont-l'Évêque: Semisoft, square. Very individual aroma with a smooth, silky texture. France.

Poona: A medium-soft, flavorsome and smooth cheese from New York State. America.

Port du Salut; Saint-Paulin: Tender and velvety texture. A milky aroma with a mild, creamy flavor. France.

Potato Cheese: With boiled potatoes added. Germany.
Pot Cheese: Like a dry Cottage Cheese.

Prato: Like an Edam. Brazil. **Pretost:** Contains whisky. Like a Gouda. Sweden.

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Primavera: Medium-firm. Primula: Portions. Between a

Promessi: Soft Cream Cheese.

Provolone: Oval-shaped and

Queso Fresco: Fresh Cottage

Quesong Puti: White and soft.

Radener: Dry, hard Ramadou: White, creamy, very Reblochon: Soft, pinkish rind. Recuit: Soft. Like Ricotta. Used in cooking or eaten plain, or

Regianito: Like a Parmesan.

Remoudon: Cube-shaped.

Riceys, Les: Soft, simple, clean

Rigotte: Cylindrical. Soft and

Rocroi: Soft, supple, lighttrated flavor. France.

Romano: Dry. hard, yellow. Roncal: Like a Parmesan. When aged the rind is seared

Runensten: Like an Emmen-

Rush Cream Cheese: Left to

Saaland Pfarr: Hard. Biting

Saanen: Large wheels. Big

Saingolon: Blue. Like a

Saint-Benoît: Soft. Aged in Saint-Gildas-des-Bois: Very Saint-Ivel: Yogurt-flavored

Saint-Nectaire: Red and white rind. Yellow, mild texture.

Salers: Yellow and smooth, A

Saltee: Firm and spicy. Ireland. Samsö: White, firm. Sharp

Sapsago: Hard, small grating Sbrinz: Hard. Like a Parmesan. For grating only. Argentina. Schabzieger: A hard, dry, sharp Schmierkäse: Strong, flavorful Serai: Hard. Dried in caves and crusted and mixed with herbs. Silesian: Like a Hand Cheese. Flavored with onions or caraSmaltost: A soft melting

Soumaintrin: Round. Firm.

Spalen; Stringer: Hard and Sperrkäse: Hard and dry. Ger-

Spiced Leyden: An Edam with caraway seeds. Holland. Sposi: A small Cream Cheese.

Stilton: A great cheese. Crumbly

Tallegio: Semihard. full-

Tamié: A monastery cheese.

Tarare: A soft Triple-Cream Terzolo: In cold weather only.

Tête de Moine: Cylindrical of equal height and width—like a "head." Firm with a good

Tholy: Like a Camembert, but

Tilsit: Small wheel. Supple,

Tomme: Many varieties. Sometimes a goat's-milk

Tournon-Saint-Martin: Pyramid-shaped. Mild. France. Trauben: A Gruyère aged in

Triple-Crème: A soft-ripened

Truckles: A skimmed cheese.

Tulle, Fromage de: Blueveined and salty. France. Tuscano: Like a soft Parme-

Vacherin: Several varieties.

Vendôme Cendré: Ash-coated,

Veneto: Like a Parmesan. Vieux Lille Puant: Salty, very Villebarron: White. Aged in

Villiers-Vendôme: Ashmatured. Wrapped in vine

Void: Loaf-shaped. Supple. strong and spicy. France. Welsh Cheese: Caerphilly.

Wenslyendale: Like Stilton.

West Friesian: Best when only

Whitethorn: White and firm.

Wiltshire: A snappy Cheddar.

York: A perishable Cream





Don't be sheepish about trying these cheeses. They're usually more outspoken than cow's-milk cheeses, but their individuality helps to point up many wines—especially the country wines. A small selection herewith:

Abertram: Hard. Czechoslovakia. Alentejo: Soft and pungent. Portugal. Andorran: A typical country/mountain cheese from the Andorra Valley. France.

Ardi-Gasna: Air-dried. Sharp and nutty. France.

Asco: Goat's milk added. Corsica. Aspe: Firm, aromatic. France. Azeitão: Soft and oily. Portugal. Branja de Brailia: Salty and firm. Rumania.

Branza de Burduf: Shipped in pine- or firwood to add to the flavor. Rumania.
Branza de Cosulet: Shipped in pine bark.
Rumania.

Bricotta: Medium-soft, creamy. Corsica. *Brina-Dubreala:* Medium-soft. Brinecured. Rumania.

Brinza (Altsohl, Klencz, Landoch, Liptauer, Neusohl, Siebenburgen, Zips): Creamy, rich, sharp. Hungary. Broccio: Salty. Like Ricotta. Italy. Brousse de la Vézubie: Creamy, sweet, mild. France.

Cachat d'Entrechaux: Medium-hard. Strong. Made from liquors. French. Caillebote d'Aunis: Fresh, unsalted, mild. France.

Caille de Habas: Fresh. Clotted. France. Calcagno: For cooking only. Italy. Camarguais: White. Flavored with thyme, bay leaf. France.

Cardiga: Rich and oily. Portugal. Carlsbad: Medium-hard and salty. Czechoslovakia.

Casere: Hard, brittle, biting. Greece. Cendrée, La: Firm and flat. France. Cierp: Cow's milk added. France. Corse, Roquefort de: Like Roquefort. Corsica.

Domanci Beli Sir: Cured in a fresh sheep's skin. Yugoslavia.

Eriwani: Salted in brine. Russia. Fromage à la Crème: Fresh cheese with beaten egg added. France.

Ftinoportno: Like a Brinza. Macedonia. Iraty: Cow's milk added. Supple, pungent, tasty. France/Spain.

Karab: Eriwani cheese. Russia. Kassen: Very firm. Greece. Katschawalj: Like Cacciocavallo. Many shapes. Yugoslavia.

Kolos-Monostor: An agriculture school cheese, Rumania.

Leaf Cheese: From sour skimmed milk. Eastern Europe.

Leruns: Salted and simple. Pyrénées cheese. France.

Lescin: Milk and rennet cheese. Russia. Liptauer: Pungent, soft, creamy, rich. Paprika is added. Hungary.

Locatelli: Dry, hard and crumbly. Sharp, rancid flavor and smoky aroma. Grating. Italy.

Maiorchino: Pungent with black pepper added. Sicily.

Majocchino: Goat's and cow's milk added. Like an Incanestrato goat cheese. Sicily. Manchego: Manchego Viejo: The young and old versions. The young is bland but pleasant. The old has a superb nutty taste and texture. Spain.

Manur: Slightly salted with added butter-milk. Yugoslavia.

Mascarpone: Soft. White and mild. Like Ricotta. Used to make cheesecake. Italy. Mintzitra: Soft and oily. Greece. Montagne, Fromage de: Smooth-textured, flavorful. A mountain cheese from the

Pyrénées. France. Niolo: Square. Soft, goaty, sharp and buttery. Corsica.

Oloron, Fromage d: Fresh curd. A dessert cheese by itself or with cream and sugar or caramel syrup. France.

Oriental Fromage: White and salted. Like Feta. Middle East.

Osseau, Fromage d': Lightly crusted, soft, white. France.

Ostiepek: Like Cacciocavallo. Czechoslovakia.

Pecorino: Large wheel. Hard, yellow, smoky and sharp. Table and/or grating. Italy.

Pentele: Simple. Various regions. Rumania.

Péral: Red, round. Ripened on straw. Hazelnut flavor. France.

Poustagnacq: Sometimes of goat's milk. Fresh, pungent and strong. Made in crocks. France.

Raviggiolo: Mild, very soft. Italy. Rhubarbe: Sharp. Made by kneading Cognac into Roquefort, covering with pepper and maturing in caves with wines. France.

Ricotta: Soft, mild and milky white. Eaten alone or with sugar or cinnamon, or blended into pasta stuffings and salads. Italy.

Roquefort: A great cheese. Soft. Foilwrapped in wheels. Buttery, smooth with blue-veined mold. An all-around cheese. France.

Salamana: Pungent and soft. Ripened in a sausage-like casing. Eaten on bread or cooked in polenta. Italy.
Sardo: A Pecorino cheese. Italy.
Sassenage: Blue-ish, hard and salty.
Cow's and goat's milk is added. France.
Scanno: Yellow and very soft. Italy.
Septmoncel: Blue-veined and semihard.
Cow's and goat's milk added. Like a
Roquefort. France.

Serra, Quejio da: Slightly acid. Portugal. Sir Iz Mjesine: Fresh. Eaten plain or salted, or allowed to age. Yugoslavia. Sir Posney: Hard, white and holey. Yugoslavia.

Slipcoat; Colwick: Very soft, small, white and rich. Cheeses ripen between cabbage leaves which are "slipped off" when eating the cheese. England. Spra: Salty, firm and blue-veined. Greece.

Szekely: Soft. In sausage skins. Hungary.

Tignard: Salty, firm and blue-veined. France.

Toscano: Like a soft Romano. Italy. Travnik: Very soft and mild. Russia. Traz os Montes: Soft and oily. Portugal.

Urda: Aromatic. Rumania.

Valdeblore: Cylindrical and large. Mild when young and harder and stronger when older. France.

Viterbo: Grating cheese. The milk is curdled with wild artichoke. Italy.

FOR THE OENOPHILE.

WINE

As long as you're trying cheeses, you should throw in some wines to make it even more fun (and the tastes more complex).

Here's a basic list of some worth trying.

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Albana de Romagna Aloxe-Corton

Alsace, Muscat d' Alsatian: Gewurtztraminer Riesling Sylvaner Amontillado Sherry Amoroso Sherry Anjou-Mousseux Arbois Asti Spumante Auxey-Duresses Banyuls Barbaresco Barbera Barolo Beaujolais Beaumes-de-Venise Beaune Bergamo Bergerac Bernkastel Bingen Blanc de Blancs Blanc Fumé Blaye Bodenheim Bonnes Mares Bonnezeaux Bordeaux Bourg Bourgueil Bouzy Brouilly Brunello Bual Madeira Burgundy Cabernet Cabrières Cahors Caldaro Capri

Carignane

Carlowitz

Cerons

Chablis

Cesanese

Chalakoa

Carmignano

Castel de Monte

Castelli Romani

Chalon, Château

Châlonnaise

Chambertin Chambolle-Musigny Champagne Champagne Nature Champigny Charbono Chardonnay Château Grillet Châteauneuf du Pape Chavignol Chenas Chenin Blanc Chianti Chiroubles Chusclan Cinque Terre Clairette de Bellegarde Clairette de Languedoc Claret

Clos Mariout Colares Condrieu Corbières Cornas Coronata Corvo Côteaux de la Loire Côte de Beaune Côte de Dijon

Côte de Nuits Côte d'Or Côte Maconnais Côte-Rôtie

Côtes de Bordeaux Saint-Macaire Côtes-Canon-Fronsac Côtes du Rhone Cramant Crépy Dão Debrői Hárslevelü Deidesheim Dézaley Dôle

Eltville **Emerald Riesling Entre-Deux-Mers** Est! Est! Est! Falerno Fendant

Echézeaux

El Borio

Egri Bikavér

Filzener Fino Sherry Fitou Fixin Fleurie Folle Blanche

Fracia Frascati Frecciarossa Fronsac Frontignan

Fuencaral Gaillac Gamay

Garda, Chiaretto del Gattinara

Ghemme Gigondas Givry

Graves Graves-de-Vayre Grenache **Grey Riesling** Grignolino **Grist-Meunier** Guébar Gumpoldskirchner Hallgartner Hambacher Harrach, Côteaux de Hattenheimer Haut-Dahra Hermitage Hochheimer

Imperial Tokay Jasnières Julienas Jura, Côtes de King Minos Koberner Lacrima Christi Ladoix-Serrigny Layon, Côteaux du Liebfraumilch Lillet Listrac Locorotundo Luberon Mâcon Madiran

Malaga Malmsey Madeira Manzanilla Marcobrunner Margaux Marsala

Médoc Mercurey Merlot Mersault Monbazillac Monserrato Montagny Montepulciano Monthélie

Montilla Montrachet Moselblümchen Moselle Moulin-à-Vent

Moulis Muscadet Muscatel

Nebbiolo Neustadter Niersteiner **Ogliastra** Orvieto Pacaret Paille, Vin de Palette Palma Papparetta Pâtrimonio Pauillac Pecharmant Pernand-Vergelesses Petite Sirah Picpoul de Pinet Pinot Blanc Pinot Gris **Pinot Noir Pomerol** Pomino Pommard Port Pouilly-Fuissé Pouilly-Fumé Pouilly-sur-Loire Pouilly-Vinzelles Quart de Chaumes Quincy Rainwater Madeira Richebourg

Néac

Riesling Romanée-Conti Roussillon, Côtes du Saint-Amour Saint-Émilion Saint-Estephe Saint-Joseph

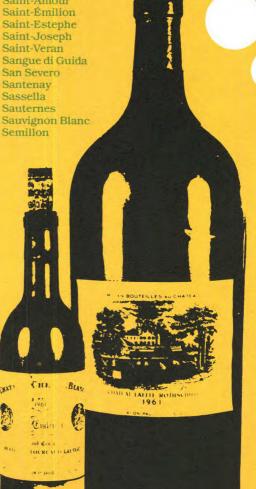
Sangue di Guida San Severo Santenay Sassella Sauternes Sauvignon Blanc

Serriger Shiraz Soave Spanna Steinwein Stradella Syracuse Szamorodni Tamara Tawny Port Terlano Tinta Tokay Torre Guilia Torre Quarto Tour-la-Reine Treble Palma Sherry Valdepeñas Valpolicella Valtellina Verdicchio Vermouth Vidonia Vin de l'Étoile Vin de Sable Vinello Vinho Verde Volnay Vosne-Romanée Vouvray

Vecla

Zilavka

Zinfandel





ccording to Legend, cheese eating began with the shepherd in ancient Greece who took a trip on an extremely warm day, and who found, when he stopped for his lunch, that his goat's milk wasn't milk any more. It had become the most basic of cheeses - a soft, unripened type. Out of curiosity he tried the creamy pieces of curd that had sunk to the bottom of his pouch and liked them. From there, things got more sophisticated.

The process of making cheese is simple and very natural. Milk is heated and left to stand with or without the addition of rennet. (The shepherd's pouch was made from the stomach lining of a goat, and it had rennet left in it.) This is a sort of self-digestive process that turns the milk and forms curds and whey. (What Miss Muffet sat on her tuffet and ate until the spider frightened her away.) The whey is poured or squeezed off and the remaining curds or solids are aged to varying degrees of ripeness. Whether the milk is from a cow, goat or sheep (ewe), bison or whatever, it all works the same way. The results are all variations on a theme. Or to put it in graphics terms—like a type family.

Basically these variations fall into four categories: soft, semihard, hard and very hard. Soft cheeses can be unripe (Cottage Cheese, Cream Cheese, Ricotta) or ripe (Camembert, Limburger, Brie). Semihard cheeses can be ripened with a mold (Danish Blue, Gorgonzola, Stilton) or with bacteria (Port du Salut, Brick, Münster). Hard cheeses can be ripened with gas-producing bacteria (Emmental, Gruyère) or just plain

Provolone), and very hard cheeses just ripen until they become crumbly grating cheeses (Parmesan, Romano).

Some super Turophiles have been known to take a hard cheese, like an Edam, and lay it away tightly sealed and cool for two years or more. The result is a very hard, exotic cheese surrounded by a golden, honey-like juice. It sounds like a natural with a cool glass of old Sauternes or Tawny Port, but that's a special case, requiring the same amount of care as in laying away a great bottle of wine and allowing time to have its effect.

Cheeses are made almost everywhere in the world. France, Italy, Switzerland, and Greece are particularly adept in this respect, and America doesn't do badly either. Wisconsin, in the milk belt, performs admirably when it wants to. (American cheesemakers should be excused the invention of a fifth type of cheese-Process Cheese-in which the aging process is halted, with the interruption resulting in something like gummy plastic). California has its little Rouge et Noir cheese factory in Petaluma, where the

bacteria (Cheddar, Edam, locals drive to buy their Breakfast, Camembert. Brie, and Schloss cheeses. But unlike the Wisconsin product, these elegant cheeses are only available around Northern California. One California specialty cheese available everywhere is Monterey Jack - and it's great!

There are no scientific reasons for the wine/ cheese affinity. I strongly suspect that when a cheese (which is chemically a base) and a wine (an acid) mix in the mouth a pleasant neutralization takes place.

Certain cheese/wine combinations rise to greatness; usually they are opposite tastes originating from the same geographic locality. Just to prove my theory, I did a small tasting. For my wines, I chose a wide range: a red and a white Bordeaux, a red and a white Burgundy, an Anjou Rosé, a Sauternes, a Tawny Port, a Madeira, and a medium-dry Sherry. For my cheeses, I spread out a group of goat cheeses in the category of soft-ripened (Chabichou), softunripened (Capricette, Montrachet), and semihard (Valençay). I also selected a sheep cheese

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of the semihard type (Roquefort). Most of my total selection were cow cheeses of the soft-ripened (Coulommiers, Triple-Crème, Pont-l'Évêque), semihard (Kleinkäse, Bel Paese, Port du Salut, Stilton, Tallegio) and hard (Emmental, Cheddar) types.

Generally I found that the goat cheeses tended to make the wine drier or more tart. Maybe the natural saltiness of these cheeses points up the acids in the wines. Neither did they go down well with the sweeter wines like

the Anjou or Sauternes.

The cow and sheep cheeses tended to blend well with the majority of the wines. The secret here is in the matching of the strength and character of cheese and wine. The bigger, stronger cheeses (Roquefort, Stilton) seemed to overpower all but the highly alcoholic Sauternes, Sherry, Port and Madeira. An interesting discovery was the overall success of the Madeira with all the cheeses (and the fruit and nuts). It's easy to see why the colonials like Washington and Jefferson drank it so regularly. It was the one wine they could import that thrived on rough handling without turning bad and could be depended upon for long bottle life.

The cheeses made in the same localities as the wines (like the Burgundies and the Montrachet) were good matches—the proof of the theory that things from the same soil have an

affinity for each other.

White wines seemed to work as well as the reds. There are some Oeno/Turophiles who claim white wines are more successful with cheeses. I personally prefer the reds. The final decision really rests with your own tastes.

Here are some interesting combinations that are worth trying. Apples, sharp Cheddar or Brie and Port. Pears, Camembert, and Tawny Port. Nectarines, Blue Cheese, and Bual Madeira or Oloroso Sherry. Tangerines, Roquefort, and Tokay Azu. Oranges, Bel Paese, and Sauternes, Grapes, Gouda, and Rosé, And if you're in the mood for a "pig out," try some Sauternes with (don't laugh) M&M Chocolate Covered Peanuts and any one of the sweeter dessert cheeses from the list. Everyone laughs . . . until he tries it.

A few points to remember about serving cheese. Keep it in a refrigerator, wrapped in plastic to preserve its moisture. The harder the cheese, the longer it can be stored at its peak. Like wines, cheeses should be eaten at the peak of their development. This peak may last anywhere from hours to weeks, and from beginning to the end of the peak, the cheese may be milder or stronger. You should experiment with them to enjoy them.

A perfectly ripened cheese may be stored at its peak in the freezer until you need it. Just take it out a day or so before you intend to eat it, place it in the vegetable compartment and let it gradually defrost and collect itself.

Take your cheese with a good French or Italian bread (preferably made by you) or crackers and unsalted butter. The butter adds a certain voluptuousness and the bread or cracker makes for a nice textural contrast. Always allow your cheeses to come to room temperature before eating them. Taste and bouquet are released by warmed-up cheese.

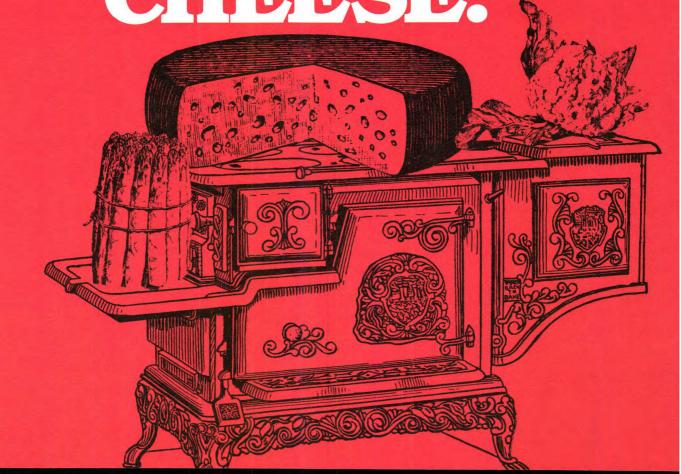
And remember to cook with cheese and wine in combination. The heat fosters a subtle blending. Many cheeses take on a new character when mixed with foods. Try substituting contrasting or similar cheeses for those called for in your recipes. Use Roquefort on a broiled steak instead of herb butter. Try Emmental instead of Mozzarella. Surprise yourself. There are no rigid rules. And remember, next time you're smiling over a glass of wine, say "cheese."

The results:



	Red Bordeaux	White Bordeaux	Red Burgundy	White Burgundy	Anjou Rosé	Sauternes (good with cashews)	Madeira (good with walnuts & cashews)	Sherry (good with cashews)	Tawny Port (good with walnuts & cashews)	
Capricette Goat cheese. Soft-unripe.	becomes	Good, simple blend.	Pleasant.	Good.	Bad mix of two bland tastes.	No. Nothing happens.	Interesting. Odd but pleasant.	No. Wine overpowers cheese.	No.	
Kleinkäse Cow cheese. Semihard.	Good, round combination.	Same as above.	OK. Not special.	Good.	Bland. Nothing.	No. Bitter.	Same as above.	Same as above.	No.	
Montrachet Goat cheese. Soft-unripe.	Very good; very dry and tasty.	Same as above.	Both from Burgundy. Excellent.		Wine is too sweet for this cheese.	No. Tastes too differ- ent.	Same as above.	Interesting. Almost worked.	No.	
Triple-Crème Cow cheese. Soft-ripe.	Very nice. Smooth and subtle.	Good.	Nice combination.	Good.	Nice match. Mild and balanced.	Good smooth blend.	Same as above.	No.	Fair. Weird.	
Bel Paese Cow cheese. Semihard.	Very fine.	Good.	Same as above.	Good.	Nothing.	No.	Same as above.	No.	No.	
Chabichou Goat cheese. Soft-ripe.	Very good. Very dry.	Good.	Same as above.	Good.	Interesting.	No. Bad aftertaste.	Same as above.	No.	No.	
Port du Salut Cow cheese. Semihard.	Very good. Nutty.	Good.	Same as above.	Good.	Fair.	No.	Same as above.	No.	No.	
Coulommiers (like Brie) Cow cheese. Soft-ripe.	A classic.	Good.	Same as above.	Good.	No.	No.	Same as above.	No.	No.	
Tallegio Cow cheese. Semihard.	No.	Cheese wins.	No.	No. Bitter.	No.	No.	Same as above.	No.	No.	40 m
Feta Goat cheese. Semihard.	Very dry. Like a goat cheese.	Fair.	Good.	Good.	No.	The odd couple.	Same as above.	No.	No.	
Emmental Cow cheese. Hard.	Fine and nutty.	Fair.	Good.	Very good.	No.	Fair.	Same as above.	No.	Interesting. Too many tastes.	
Cheddar Cow cheese. Hard.	Fine.	Fair.	No.	Fair.	Different.	Interesting.	Same as above.	No.	No.	
Valençay Goat cheese. Semihard.	Great. Dry.	No.	Good.	Fair.	Wine is lost.	Good.	Same as above.	No.	No.	
Pont l'Évêque Cow cheese. Soft-ripened.	Excellent match.	No.	Almost.	No.	No.	No.	Same as above.	No.	No.	
Stilton Cow cheese. Semihard. Blue.	Big cheese. Little wine.	No.	Close.	No.	Not quite.	Great. Smooth aftertaste.	Same as above.	Fine.	Great. Classic.	
Roquefort Sheep cheese.Semi- hard.Blue.	Cheese wins.You don't.	No.	Good try.	No.	Almost.	Great match.	Same as above.	Fine.	Great.	





40 n

400

Spanakopitta.

The Greeks know their cheeses and use them a lot. This is a cheese and spinach pie.

Ingredients:

squeezed.

2 eggs, lightly beaten.
1 onion, chopped very fine.
2 tablespoons of chopped parsley.
10-ounce package of chopped spinach, defrosted and well-drained or

1½ cups of skim or whole milk. 3 tablespoons of instant-blending

flour.

½ teaspoon of nutmeg.
8 ounces of Cottage Cheese.
½ cup of cubed Feta Cheese.
1 pinch of salt.
1 16-by-16-inch sheet of phyllo pas-

1 16-by-16-inch sheet of phyllo pastry (can be purchased frozen or made ready to use).

1 tablespoon of oil.

Technique:

1. Beat the eggs in a large mixing bowl and set aside.

2. Cook the onion, parsley and spinach in a small amount of water; drain very well and set aside.

3. Combine the milk, flour, a pinch of salt and the nutmeg in a small saucepan. Stir it over a moderate heat until it becomes a simmering sauce. Let it continue for only a minute.

4. Very slowly stir a half cup of the white sauce into the beaten eggs. Mix in the spinach mixture, then the remaining white sauce. Then stir in the Cottage and Feta Cheeses. Put this final mix into an 8- or 9-inch-square nonstick cake pan. Brush the phyllo pastry with some oil and fold it in half. Do it again. This should form an 8-by-8-inch square. Place it on top of the spinach mixture.

5. Bake it in a 325-degree oven for 30-40 minutes until the top is golden and crusty. Let it cool a couple of minutes and cut it into squares. Yield: Four main dishes or 8 side dishes.

OK. You've got this great crusty, cheesy, spinachy slice of pie sitting on the plate in front of you and you're poised, fork-in-hand, ready to voraciously devour it. Stop! Go open a chilled bottle of Beaujolais, Zinfandel or Rosé. What a match.

Braised Green Beans Basque Style.

Part of the France/Spain border is a mountainous little corner called the Basque Region, Because of the mountains, there are a lot of sheep and goats, with the resultant use of their cheeses, Simple but complex.

Ingredients:

1 pound of small, narrow green beans (or if large, halved lengthwise).

1/4 cup of imported olive oil.
1 dried hot chili pepper, halved.
1 can of tomatoes, peeled, seeded, and chopped.
1/4 cup of finely minced fresh parsley.
3 large basil leaves, finely minced.
1 large sprig of fresh thyme or 1 teaspoon of dried.
1 teaspoon of dried oregano.

2 garlic cloves, minced. Salt and pepper.

Minced parsley for a garnish. Freshly grated Parmesan Cheese.

Technique:

1. Snap off the ends of the beans or cut them at an angle. Rinse them under cold water and drain.

2. Bring a 6- to 8-quart pot of salted water to the boil and add the beans. Let them roll-boil for 5 to 7 minutes or until crisp-tender. Do not overcook! Drain them in a colander and quickly plunge them into ice water to stop the cooking process. Set them aside.

3. Heat the olive oil in a heavy 8-inch

3. Heat the olive oil in a heavy 8-inch iron skillet over a high flame. Add the chili pepper and let it cook until it darkens. Discard it. Add the tomatoes, parsley. basil, garlic, thyme, oregano, salt and pepper and bring it all to the boil. Reduce the heat, partially cover and let simmer for 20 to 25 minutes or until the tomatoes have had their liquid evaporated and the sauce is dark and thick.

4. Stir in the green beans, cover and simmer for 10 more minutes. Taste your product and add what you think it needs in seasonings. Garnish it with the parsley, put it on the table with a dish of the Parmesan next to it and let everyone grab. Yield: 4 servings as a side dish. If you want to make a main dish from this, just add a couple of cans of white beans and some prosciutto ham to heat up with the green beans.

Drink a Rhone, Petite Sirah or Zinfandel. Maybe a Barbera or big Rioja would help, too.

Cheese-Stuffed Chicken Birds.

Birds is another name for the rolled breasts of chicken. They look like little birds with no heads. You may lose your head over this delicious dish.

Ingredients:

2 whole chicken breasts halved and pounded flat between two sheets of waxed paper.

4 2-inch-by-3-inch slices of Emmental or Gruyère Cheese. You can use Mozzarella or Monterey Jack also. ¼ tablespoon of dried tarragon. Salt and pepper to taste. Careful. 1 cup of beef bouillon. ½ cup of brown sauce Espagnole. ¼ cup of Bual Madeira wine. 1 tablespoon of chopped parsley. 2 tablespoons of chopped shallots or scallions.

4 tablespoons of unsalted butter.

Technique:

1. Salt and pepper the flattened chicken breasts. Lay a slice of cheese on each and top with a pinch of the tarragon. Roll each breast like a jellyroll and secure with a toothpick or tie in two places with a fine string.

2. Heat the butter in a 10-inch skillet until it stops foaming. Add the birds and sauté at a medium heat until they are browned all around.

3. Add the beef bouillon and shallots. Continue the cooking, covered, over a low flame for about 15 minutes.

4. Remove the birds and boil down the pan juices until they become syrupy. Add the Madeira and let it boil down to the same consistency again. Add the brown sauce and lower the flame.

5. Return the birds to the pan and allow to warm up in the sauce. Sprinkle on the parsley and serve with plain rice and a simply prepared vegetable such as broccoli, tomatoes or carrots. Yield: 4 servings.

This little beauty deserves the best red wine you can give it. A Bordeaux or Chianti springs to mind quickly.

*Brown sauce Espagnole is easily made by melting 2 tablespoons of butter in a 1-quart saucepan, adding 3 tablespoons of flour over a medium flame and mixing until it combines into a smooth paste and browns to a nutty color. Then add 1 cup of red wine, 4 cups of beef broth, a sprig of thyme (or ½ teaspoon dried) and 4 tablespoons of tomato paste. Bring all to a simmer and when it cooks down to half, it's ready. It only takes an hour to do. Freeze or refrigerate the extra sauce.



All typography is ITC Bookman. All large settings of 36 point and over are set on a manually operated photo display typesetting machine. All text settings are leaded one point and normal letterspacing is used.

Cover Page 40a:

The text is set in 20/19 ITC Bookman Light Italic. The large display is set in ITC Bookman Bold.

Page 40b:

"Introduction" is set in 11 point ITC Bookman Demi Italic. The large initial is set in ITC Bookman Bold. The text is set in 18/19 ITC Bookman Medium Italic. The animal names are set in 11 point ITC Bookman Demi Italic.

Page 40c (Goat):

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Pages 40 d, e, f, g (Cow):

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Page 40i:

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Page 40j:

The wine listing is set by alphabetical groupings in 8/9 ITC Bookman Light Roman, Light Italic, Medium Roman, Medium Italic, Demi Roman, Demi Italic, Bold Roman, and Bold Italic in repeating order.

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Page 40 m:

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Papers and Printing:

The papers: The cover is Champion Kromekote* 1S Cover/.010. The text is Champion Carnival* Offset Vellum Web, White/80 lb.

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The text was printed on a Hantscho Mark V, 17¾ x 26½ web offset press at 32,000 impressions per hour, using 150-line screen and Kodak LN-W plates. The color sequence was: black, blue, red, yellow.







DESIGNER: Susan L. Palamara Brooklyn, New York AGE: 24 EDUCATION: BFA with highest honors in Communication Design, Pratt Institute, 1977

LITERATURA CAPS

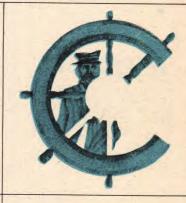
The Cast of Characters

A for Alice in Wonderland, B for Cyrano de Bergerac, C for Captain Ahab, D for David Copperfield, E for Edmond Dantes, F for Frog Prince, G for Gulliver, H for Huckleberry Finn, I for Ichabod Crane, J for Jane Eyre, K for King Arthur, L for Little Women, M for Three Musketeers, N for Nicolai Rostov, O for Othello, P for Pied Piper, O for Don Quixote, R for Rip Van Winkle, S for Sherlock Holmes, T for Oliver Twist, U for Ulysses, V for Virgil, W for Wang Lung, X for Xanadu of Kublai Khan, V for Young Goodman Brown, Z for Doctor Zhivago.

The literary alphabet begun in her senior year at Pratt, and since refined, reflects Susan Palamara's twin obsessions: reading and drawing. Ideally, each configuration would not only be the initial letter of the character's name, but would also evoke the spirit of the person. In one case, however, she forsook the personage and alluded to a sense of place, as in X for Xanadu.





















































Richard Haas's City Walls: Before,8



BY CAROL DIGRAPPA



BEFORE.

CORNER PRINCE AND GREENE STREETS, NEW YORK CITY: AFTER.

MULBERRY STREET, LITTLE ITALY, NEW YORK CITY: BEFORE.



AFTER.



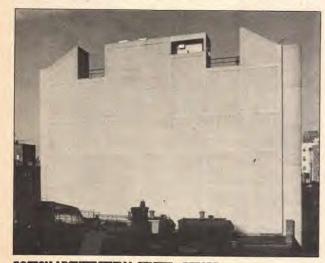
True to the spirit of the decade, in the mid-sixties a group of artists in New York began making art in the street. They painted abstract murals on certain windowless sidewalls of old buildings in decaying neighborhoods. At the time, the idea seemed innovative, but it was just a new variation on an old, practical art form. Frescoes and murals on urban walls have reflected the ideas of men of many civilizations—more than are evidenced by archaeological discoveries. We've found precedents in the Ice Age cave paintings, the Greek, Roman and Indian frescoes. And what a coincidence that about the same time Giotto, Piero della Francesca and Masaccio were teaching church dogma and glorifying Renaissance

buildings in Tuscan cities, Aztec fresco painters were covering every temple in Teotihuacán, the new City of the Gods, with their pantheon. Even twentieth-century muralists in Mexico, and in this country under the WPA, designed monumental murals that were popular with the community while still respected as "art". And who knows how many other murals have been buried or hidden, how many have washed, peeled or crumbled away?

Many modern artists were attracted to the spatial possibilities and the scale of urban walls. As murals caught on, City Walls was formed, in 1967, as a non-profit organization, to coordinate government agencies, private businesses, individuals and artists. Director

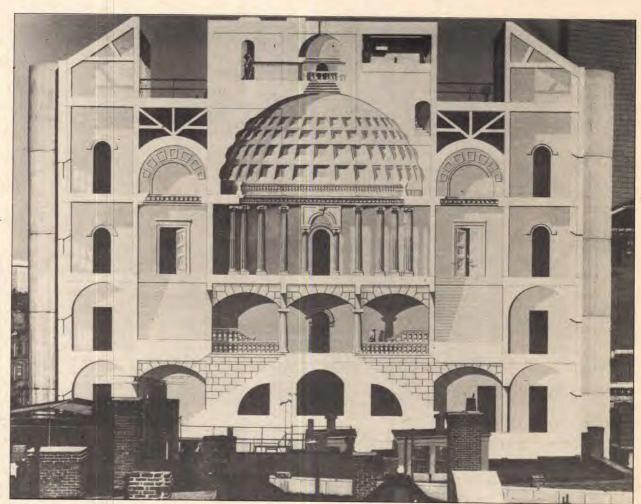
Doris Freedman describes the cooperative enterprise this way: "The fact that an artist paints a wall in a deteriorating neighborhood is a statement that he cares enough to do it, and that someone cares enough to pay for it. It can stimulate pride and the energy that is in the community to do something about the way

Take the trompe l'oeil murals of Richard Haas. His sense of humor and style have inspired pride and delight in New York neighborhoods, and led to murals in Boston, Chicago, Galveston and Munich. In fact, since the execution of Haas's first mural in 1975, the medium has become a major preoccupation. He even painted an extraordinary interior mural on four walls of his Soho loft—a marble fireplace, portico facing uptown, and a succession of rooms with a window facing downtown - influenced by Peruzzi's Sala della Perspectiva,



BOSTON ARCHITECTURAL CENTER: BEFORE. TURAL CENTER: BEFORE.

WALLS, INC. AND PRIVATE DONORS WITH FUNDS FROM THE NATIONAL PAINT AND COATING ASSOCIATION.



CORNER OF FRAVENSTRASSE AND ZWINGERSTRASSE, MUNICH, GERMANY: AFTER.



BEFORE.



one of the first Renaissance architectural interiors, in the Villa Farnesina in Rome.

"I'm always looking for ways to memorialize the past," says Haas, "and at the same time, to make the piece work, which is always the primary consideration." His first mural, on Prince Street in Manhattan, played upon the decorative style of the landmark cast iron buildings in Soho, and called attention to the real facades of the reviving light industry turned artist community, now a fashionable neighborhood. Just completed in November is the mural on three sides of the Crossroads Building at Times Square, painted to resemble the tower of the New York Times Building that once stood nobly across 42nd Street. Commissioned as part of an effort to clean up the theater district, Haas designed it "in the spirit of the tower, not as a carbon copy."





NEW YORK TIMES TOWER, CROSSROADS BUILDING, TIMES SQUARE, NEW YORK CITY:

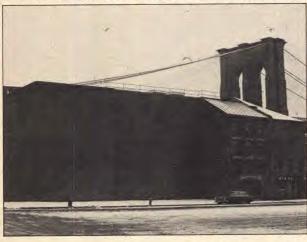
measuring device as well. The Chrysler Building stands 1.046 feet, the Empire State 1,250, and the Twin Towers

But how long does it take to paint a mural, and how long does it last? Compared to a fresco, a mural painted with outdoor latex is more quickly executed, and more ephemeral. Union sign painters can put one up in three days, or three months, in the case of the Times Tower. It should last five to ten years, while frescoes, painted on wet plaster, might survive thousands of years. Of course, there are methods for extending the life of modern murals: sandblasting, washing the wall with acids, and priming. Haas has discovered a paint with a projected life of 50 to 80 years, but the cost of importing it from Germany has been prohibitive so far. Still, he doesn't mind the paint fading and chipping with time. It only gets better, as the softer colors become more subtle fresco hues.

SPONSORED BY CITY WALLS, INC. AND CONSOLIDATED EDISON.

BEFORE.

PECK'S SLIP, SOUTH STREET SEAPORT, NEW YORK CITY: BEFORE.



The same is true of all Haas's murals. His aesthetic falls somewhere between postmodernism and the surreal. He plays with deep space and shadows, jumbles architectural styles, hews illusionary colonnades windows and porticoes. In his Peck Slip mural, at the South Street Seaport, the Brooklyn Bridge appears as a distant vision, Piranesiesque, perfectly framed through a colonnade. Yet, in reality the viewer sees the bridge looming over the roof of the painted building. Haas's vision, parlaying with real scale, creates a visual riddle, mysterious and ironic.

If the trompe l'oeil architecture of Giotto and Michelangelo served as a mere backdrop for the high drama of God and men, the emphasis for Haas is simply reversed. When shadowy figures appear on the Boston Architectural Center, they are reminiscent of De Chirico's somnambulists. In other murals, there are no people—only a tongue-in-cheek symbol. In the Mulberry Street mural in Little Italy, phallic loaves of bread are stacked on display in the window of the Sanitary Bakery In the Munich mural, it's Everyman's dreamboat - a '32 Mercedes.

Perhaps for Haas, it's the building itself that lives. Even after it's gone, its spirit remains in memory. For the New York Times Tower, he had a romantic feeling. "For me, it never left," he was recently quoted by the Times, itself. "It was that kind of building. It declared the identity of Times Square. Some buildings don't go away."

Carrying the notion still further, Haas has designed several shadow murals. Sometimes the "ghost" of a building that no longer stands, casts its shadow on the mural as if it still occupied its past space. In a mural for the World Trade Tower, the shadows of the Chrysler and Empire State Buildings are projected as "narrower and more graceful ancestors." A whimsical design, "it's a





AFTER.

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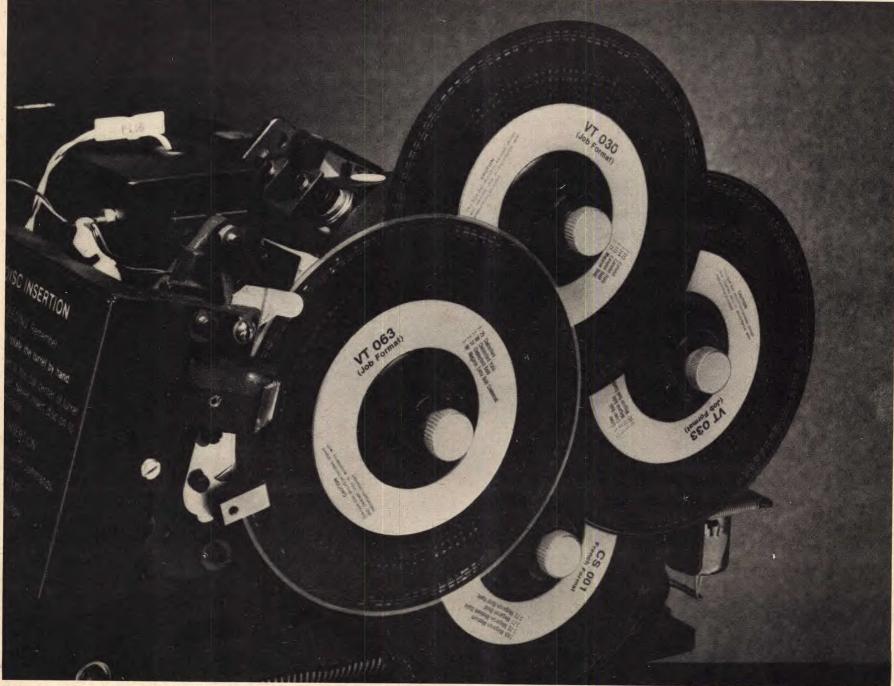
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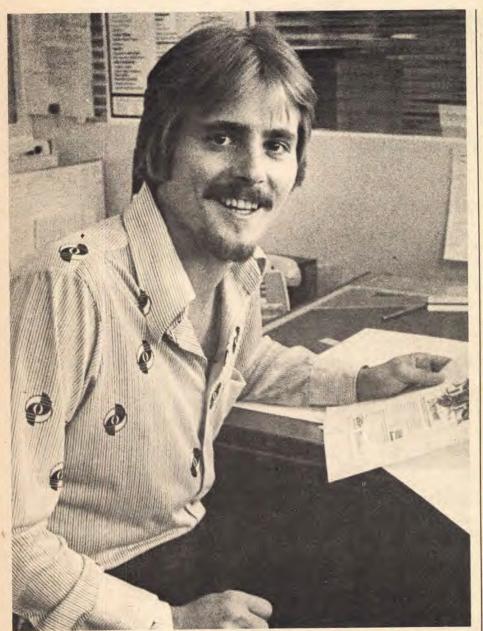
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NEWSLETTER

SKILLS FOR HIRE*



GRAD FINDS ART SCHOOL "A HORN OF PLENTY"

PHILADELPHIA — Joseph Schneider, Jr., was a 1976 graduate of the Art Institute of Philadelphia. But he is still reaping the benefits of his Institute training. First, the school set him up in field training at Philadelphia's Brownstein Advertising Agency. Upon his graduation, the Institute put him in touch with Acerba Associates in Wynnewood, Pennsylvania, where he was hired as a production artist. Since then, Joe's talent and enthusiasm have taken

him to the position of art director, working with clients such as the National Football League, Proctor-Silex and Hunt Manufacturing Co. "The Art Institute gave me a well-rounded training," he says. "A little of everything I needed, so that when I got out into the professional world, I knew how to begin." Joe's alma mater is also where he met his wife, Vicki, and recently the Institute provided him with a new assistant, graduate Ed O'Neill.

ART AND LAUGHS LIGHT UP CONFERENCE

PITTSBURGH — The Design Schools sponsored another landmark seminar, as art directors, agency people, designers and communicators in the greater Pittsburgh area recently converged to watch and listen to *The New Yorker*'s Brendan Gill, Push Pin Studios' Seymour Chwast, and cartoonist Lou Myers. The three men,

together with slides and commentary, led the audience through a funny and informative conference on Humor in Graphics. The event was sponsored by The Design Schools' Employment Assistance departments, and graduates of the schools may soon be working for many of the people who attended.



LEFT TO RIGHT, CHWAST, GILL AND MYERS AT THE "HUMOR IN GRAPHICS" CONFERENCE.

ATLANTA DESIGNER RUNS THE GAMUT



ATLANTA—Little
did Laura Weldon
realize when she
graduated from
the Art Institute of
Atlanta that she
would soon be
designing ads for
clients as diverse as

Kennesaw Life Insurance, 3M National, and the Joe Corley Karate account. It's all in a day's work, says Laura, who is known affectionately as "Red" for her long, curly locks. A Visual Communications major, who put together a first-class portfolio, Laura now works for The Aasgaard Assembly, a small, artfully decorated and fast-growing agency servicing accounts in the greater Atlanta area. One of Laura's most recent designs, a series of billboards for 3M, can be seen along the highways as one enters the city.



Visual Communication student at the Art Institute of Pittsburgh, Frank Guzzone, designed this "Cobra Club" logo reminiscent of every tacky night club and bar that appeared in those "private-eye" flicks of the 1940's.

* The Design

Art Institute of Atlanta
Art Institute of Fort Lauderdale
Art Institute of Houston
Art Institute of Philadelphia
Art Institute of Pittsburgh
Colorado Institute of Art

A series of programs and seminars featuring noted designers, artists and filmmakers will be given at intervals in key American cities. Sponsored by The Design Schools and local art directors clubs, the programs will be announced by mail in various local areas. Watch for your invitation.

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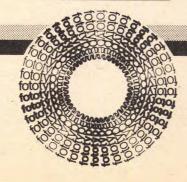
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Garamond®	Buch kursiv schmal book condensed italic romain labeur italique étroit
Garamond®	kursiv schmalfett bold condensed italic italique étroit gras
Garamond®	kursiv ultra schmal ultra condensed italic ultra italique étroit
Garamond	fett
	gras kursiv halbfett bold italic
Gill Sans	italique demi-gras
ill Sans	ultra schmalfett ultra bold condensed ultra étroit gras
Goudy	extrafett heavy face extra gras
Horley Old Style	normal regular normal
talia ®	Buch book romain labeur
Italia ®	normal medium normal
Italia ®	halbfett bold demi-gras
Italian Old Style	normal regular normal
Italian Old Style	halbfett bold demi-gras
Italian Old Style	kursiv italic italique
Kabel®	Buch book romain labeur
Kabel®	normal medium normal
Kabel®	halbfett demi demi-gras
Kabel®	fett bold gras
Kabel®	ultra ultra ultra
Lubalin Graph®	mager extra light maigre
Lubalin Graph®	Buch book romain labeur
Lubalin Graph®	normal medium normal
Lubalin Graph®	1 11 6-11
	- 20

Murray Hill	halbfett bold demi-gras
Poppl-Exquisit	
Quorum®	mager light maigre
Quorum®	Buch book romain labeur
Quorum®	normal medium normal
Quorum®	halbfett bold demi-gras
Quorum ®	Black Black Black
Romana	ultra ultra ultra
Sabon-Antiqua	normal regular normal
Sabon-Antiqua	halbfett medium demi-gras
Sabon	kurisv italic italique
Sorbonne	normal regular normal
Sorbonne	halbfett medium demi-gras
Sorbonne	fett bold gras
Sorbonne	kursiv italic italique
Sorbonne	schmalhalbfett medium condensed étroit demi-gras
Souvenir Gothic	mager light maigre
Souvenir Gothic	norma medium norma
Souvenir Gothic	halbfet demi-bold demi-gras

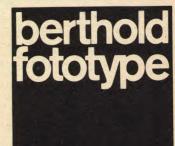
Souvenir Gothic	kursiv mager light italic italique maigre
Souvenir Gothic	kursiv medium italic italique demi-gras
Souvenir Gothic	kursiv halbfett demi-bold italic italique demi-gras
Syntax	normal regular normal
Syntax	halbfett medium demi-gras
Syntax	extrafett extra bold extra gras
Syntax	kursiv italic italique
Zapf Buch®	mager light maigre
Zapf Buch®	normal medium normal
Zapf Buch®	halbfett demi-bold demi-gras
Zapf Buch®	fett heavy gras
Zapf Buch®	kursiv mager light italic italique maigre
Zapf Buch®	kursiv italic italique
Zapf Buch®	kursiv halbfett demi italic italique demi-gras
Zapf Buch®	kursiv fett heavy italic italique gras
Zapf Intern.®	mager light maigre
Zapf Intern.®	normal medium normal
Zapf Intern.®	halbfett demi demi-gras
Zapf Intern.®	fett heavy gras

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Headline: Machine (ITC) halbfett

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The bold condensed lines of this popular Roman style don't hide the underlying romantic flavor of the design.

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condensed format.

Always a good choice for text, Bembo is now looking at home in display settings.

Clearface HEAVY CONDENSED A popular headline Roman, it offers pleasing balance and color in a heavy,

Eurostile BOLD The strong solid look of Eurostile is further enhanced in this weight.

Light and frothy, the perfect accompaniment to light hearted designs.

Helvetica MEDIUM EXTENDED The beat goes on with yet another

version to mix into your Helvetica repertoire.

MUIDAM Helvetica Useful when lettering is viewed through a clear surface like acrylic or glass.

Palatino ITALIC SWASH CAPS
This font of swash caps can be used to add that hand lettered look to Palatino

Park Avenue
A workhorse among scripts, Park

Avenue is a traditional choice for formal

Romic LIGHT Romic MEDIUM Romic BOLD

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A new concept in Roman typefaces, its unusual serif construction and stylish indents produce a pleasing blend of the classic and contemporary. Designed by the Letraset Type Design Studio.

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The disciplined character construction retains enough of a casual character to be light and immediate.

I.T.C. Zapf Chancery

I.T.C. Zapf Chancery

I.T.C. Zapf Chancery

I.T.C. Zapf Chancery

An elegant interpretation of a Chancery script. There are many swash characters and a good selection of alternate ligatures. A remarkable palette for the creative typographer.

Croissant

Weight distribution and "stencil breaks" make Croissant one of a kind.

FRANKFURTER

The highlight feature adds a glossy effect to this popular style.

TILLLES GOTHIC LIGHT

The 1930's feel is complemented by the design's ability to be tightly set.

Harlow SOLID

Another period piece, Harlow has been the inspiration for many hand styled

Roman Script

The joining elements on many of the characters allow it to be set in script fashion.

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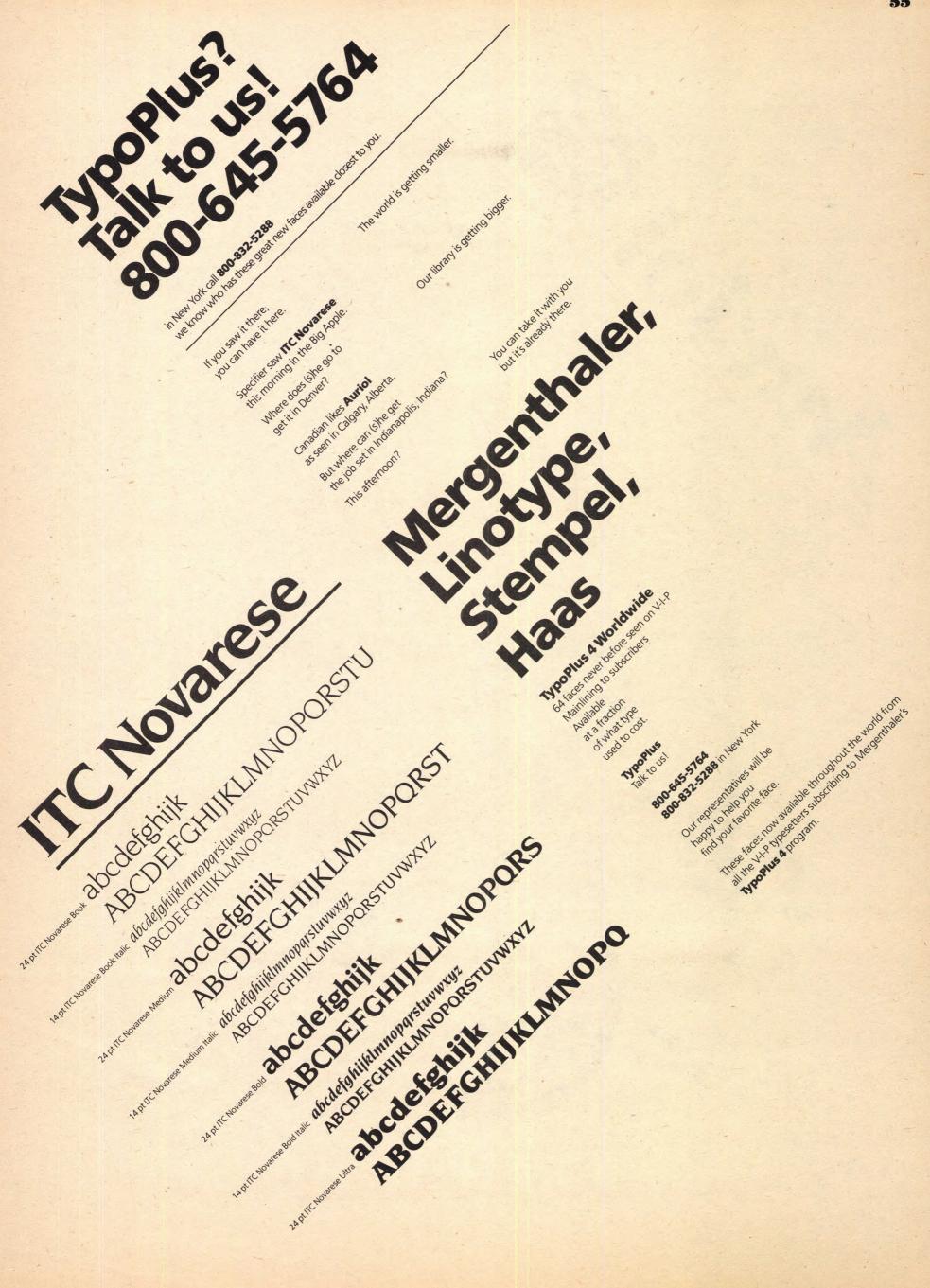
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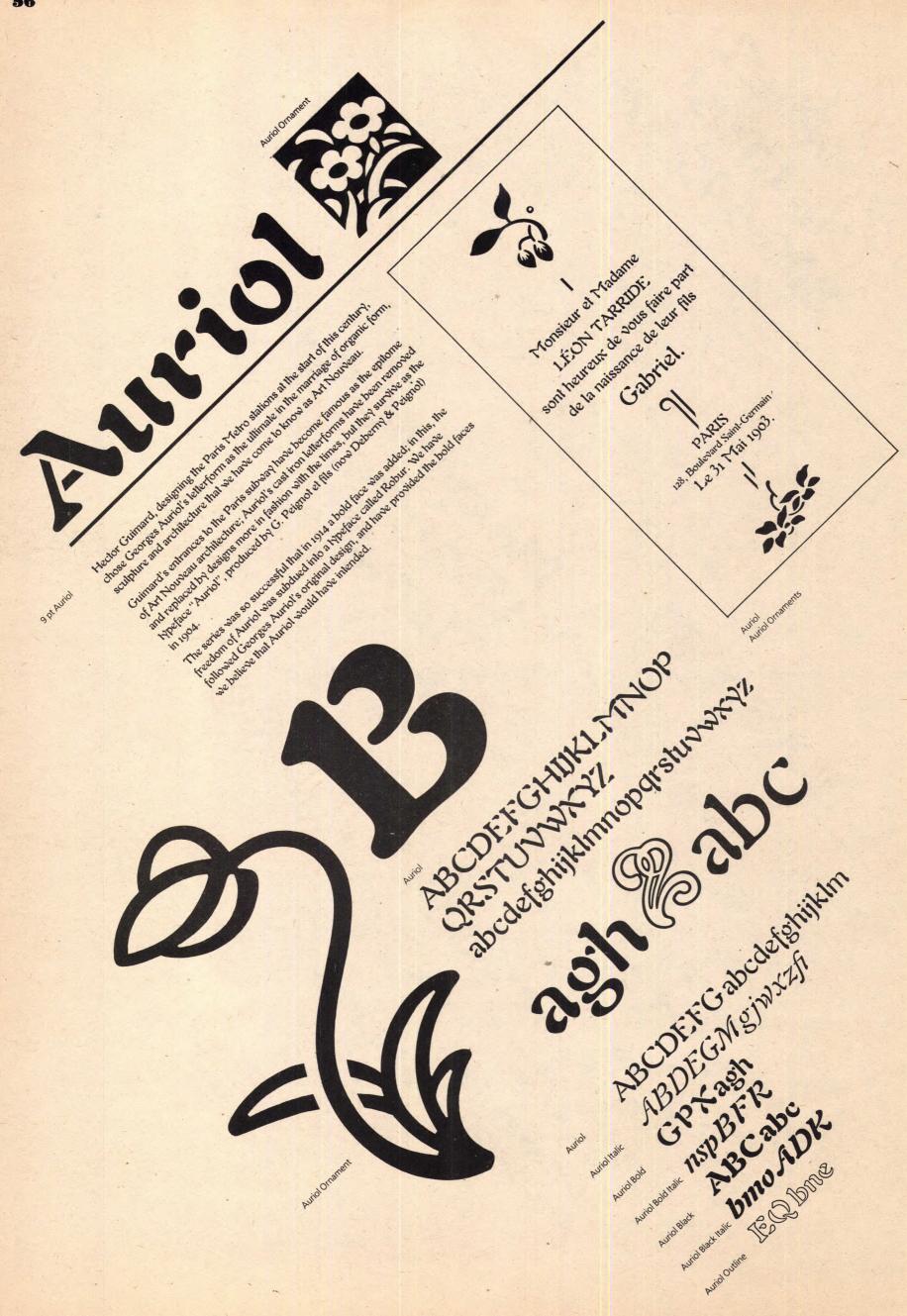
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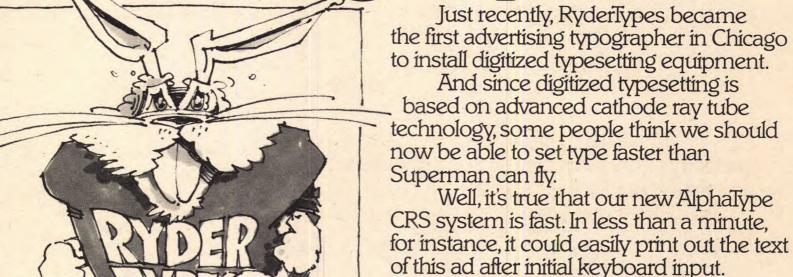




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800.6A5.516A NPOPIUS? talk to us! ATTHE OUTSHY OF SAME ARE THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY O in her town to take the destroyou. Told there agod by estate the safe of there of the safe the safe of the safe the saf Marked Wisconsin Letter Paradical trade to Det their hands on the Radical trade trade to Det the Radical trade trade trade to Det their hands on the Radical trade And the street good face are journeed up in the red by ou get them? Culver City California mants caston alack. IN NEW YOrk all Bornes Proces from the the folk on Yadder Pactar India de dunned up These facts now as a state strong to the world from the state of the s Lune Land State The Land These faces now available strong that thought of the strong that the day of the strong that th Typopius a Display all the U.P. tople eters subscribing to. ves but where anyou get these faces? Merdenthaler Boucks 3 led Bain New York Typoplus Display 8006455764 Talkous! winds laddy of teachite face. Our epegenatives, Juliet Bellder Chelo Linotype! Sternipeli Broaden Cropped 4225 BIONORIA Mergentraler Linotype Company Typogladic Harter Foad 1767 address citylstate

We'd Like To Clear Up Some Very Strange Rumors About Our New Digital Typesetting Capabilities.



But please don't send in a job at 10:30 and expect to have it back by 10:45, because speed alone wasn't the reason we installed the CRS.

We wanted this new system to give our customers access to the most sophisticated, highest quality phototypesetting that's available anywhere.

The CRS allows refinements in type spacing and kerning unheard of until recently.

Until now, most conventional photo composition could be adjusted in ½ units only, like minus ½ set letter spacing.

But with the CRS, precise 1/8 unit adjustments can be made. This ad was set

with minus \% unit letter spacing and \% of a point of negative line leading.

Until now, the creation and manufacture of a particular type font grid took months. But the Italia type face that we're using here was added to our CRS library in just a fraction of that time.

The CRS offers a wide selection of typefaces that is being added to almost daily. The CRS allows unlimited mixing of type sizes and type styles within a job without any loss of speed. The CRS produces extreme enlargements of type characters without any loss of sharpness.

In fact, about the only thing the CRS doesn't do is set type quite as fast as you

may have heard it did.

To separate the incredible rumors from the even more incredible facts, call a RyderTypes salesman soon.

RyderTypes, Inc., 500 N. Dearborn, Chicago, III. 60610. Tel: (312) 467-7117.

With these forty-four Compugraphic has it(c) all.

Our ITC library is now complete. With the addition of this group of forty-four ITC typeface releases, we have the complete library from the International Typeface Corporation of text/display and text type designs. These very successful typefaces are the typographic trendsetters of today. Here's your opportunity to specify surefire designs that offer you and your clients the dynamic look of contemporary typography. They are available from your Compugraphic typographer.

ITC American Typewriter

Light Condensed

ITC Avant Garde Gothic

Extra Light Oblique

Book Oblique

Medium Oblique

Demi Oblique Bold Oblique

ITC Benguiat Gothic

Book with SMALL CAPS

Book Italic

Medium with SMALL CAPS

Medium Italic

Bold

Bold Italic

Heavy

Heavy Italic

ITC Century

Book

Book Italic

Ultra

Ultra Italic

ITC Garamond

Light

Light Italic

Book

Book Italic

Bold

Bold Italic

Ultra

Ultra Italic

ITC Garamond

Light Condensed

Light Condensed Italic

Book Condensed

Book Condensed Italic

Bold Condensed

Bold Condensed Italic

Ultra Condensed

Ultra Condensed Italic

ITC Serif Gothic

Serif Gothic Light

Serif Gothic Black

Write for your free specimen booklet.

ITC Zapf International

Light

Light Italic

Medium

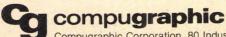
Medium Italic

Domi

Demi Italic

Heavy

Heavy Italic



Compugraphic Corporation, 80 Industrial Way, Wilmington, Massachusetts 01887

Letter-perfect 8000 times per second

An Autologic digital CRT phototypesetter sets type at astonishing speeds: up to 8000 characters per second. The amount of time, care and craft we devote to the production of each individual character is equally impressive.

We start out with a beautifully designed typeface. Each character is then fed into our computerized digitizing system. On the video terminal screen, an Autologic craftsman relentlessly strives for perfection. Adjustments to height, stroke weight, curves, straight edges, and proportions are made electronically in seconds.

Finally, perfection is reached. The letterform, recreated as digital "information" for computer storage, takes its place in our font library. With over 700 prestigious typefaces, Autologic has the largest digitized font library in the world.

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electronically, by expanding, condensing, and slanting. No grids to install. No time spent changing fonts.

Achieve the production advantages of CRT typesetting, with perfect output quality. Autologic, Incorporated. 1050 Rancho Conejo Blvd., Newbury Park, CA 91320. (213) 889-7400. A subsidiary of Volt Information Sciences, Inc.

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Gentlemen: I want to kn —Please cor —Please sen	ow more about your ne stact me to arrange for d me more information	a demonstration.
Name	Ti	tle
Company		
Address		
City	State	Zip
Phone		U&ic12/79

ANYARECA

Listing all the typographers who are potential ATA members would take nearly 5 spreads like this one.

But listing all the typographers who are actually ATA members is much easier.

All 55 of them are circled here.

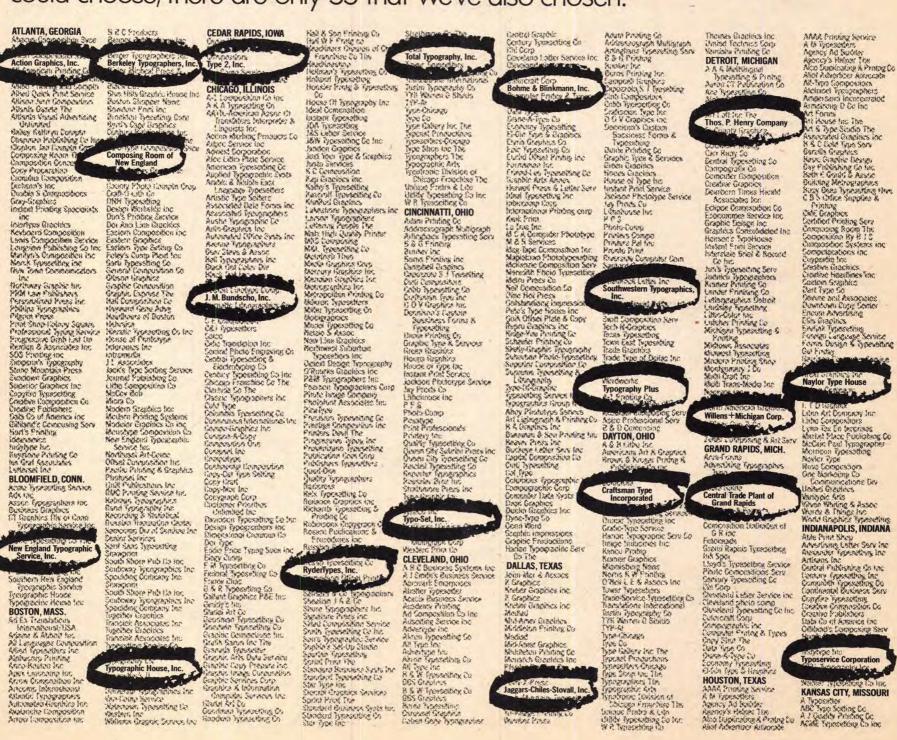
Now, that just might lead you to believe that becoming a member of the Advertising Typographers Association isn't all that easy. And you'd be right.

Because, in order to become an ATA member, a typographer has to meet an exceptionally high set of standards that include typesetting, technology, work

quality and business ethics.

Var-Cellip Service Valencian Typeselling Co Vikislam (ac Williams Graphic Service (no

All of this is something you might want to consider the next time you select a company to set type. Because of the thousands of typographers you could choose, there are only 55 that we've also chosen.



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Join Our Book Club To help our customers select and specify VIP type styles, We've produced the ultimate type book a handsome hardbound volume. This comprehensive, 519 page book is a type specifier's dream offering quick reference to more than 250 type styles in 21 sizes from 6 pt. through 72 pt. Each style is shown with a fast, easy-reference character count tabulator. Fonts are displayed as they appear on the grid including all capitals, lower case, regular figures, punctuation marks plus ancillary characters

schemed with the font.

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Introducing the Alphatype CRS. The CRT typesetter that gives you higher quality, better productivity and more versatility than it's ever been reasonable to expect from one machine,

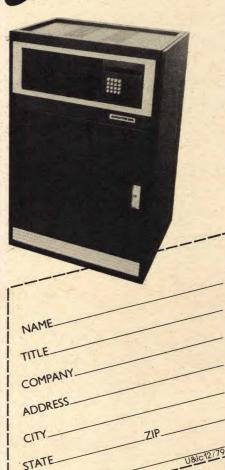
Alphatype CRS is already establishing a new standard for the industry, due to its unique system for high quality character resolution— 5,300 lines every inch. Resulting in image sharpness that was never possible

- SPECIAL CRS FEATURES ☐ Type sizes range in ½ and 1 point increments from 5 to 48 points.
- Up to 150 sizes and styles on line.
- ☐ Unlimited mixing of sizes and styles.
- Precise character fit and alignment. ☐ Typesetting job parameters controlled
- from input.
- Unlimited reverse and forward feed
- (1/2 point increments).

- ☐ Automatic galley step-over makes it possible to set multiple columns providing the capacity associated with
- ☐ Capable of utilizing high resolution litho speed photo materials.
- ☐ Highest engineering and manufacturing standards. Plug in components and diagnostic programs to increase reliability and productivity while decreasing service down-time and expense.

Input to the CRS is via a floppy disk created on our new FDTS III (Floppy Disk Typesetting System) or your Alphatype Keyboard/Editor. Plus the Multiset III, a full-blown minicomputer system, drives the CRS on line. Either way, these intelligent input systems offer unsurpassed typographic capabilities to take advantage of all the special features built into the CRS.

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Now we've invented something even better-the remarkable Typositor 4000.

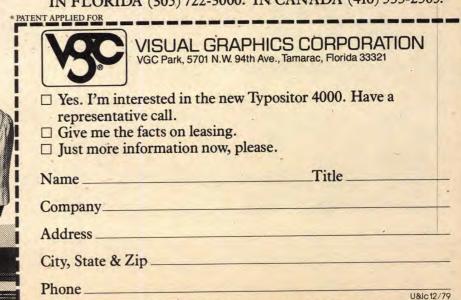
The Typositor 4000 is a unique phototypesetter that delivers headlines of unsurpassed quality in sizes from 24 to 96 point. It operates in normal room light, has a brightimage visual spacing system, and produces display type quickly and economically.

But that's where any resemblance to our 2" font machine ends. The "4000" will set your type in 2/3 less time—thanks to exclusive new VGC Microfont® masters, automatic focusing, push-button electronic exposure control, and high-speed random access character selection.

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we call the Typositor 4000 "the last word in headline typesetters."

> New VGC Microfont shown in compact library binder.





Is the Typositor 4000 for you? Yes, if you're using an IBM Selectric Composer, and want quality headlines as well. Yes, if you own photocomp text equipment, and

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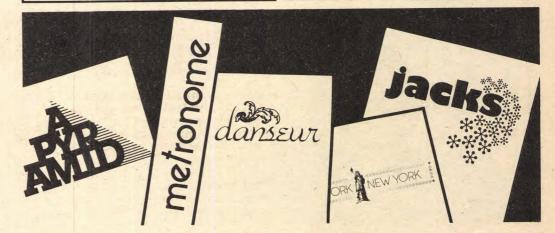
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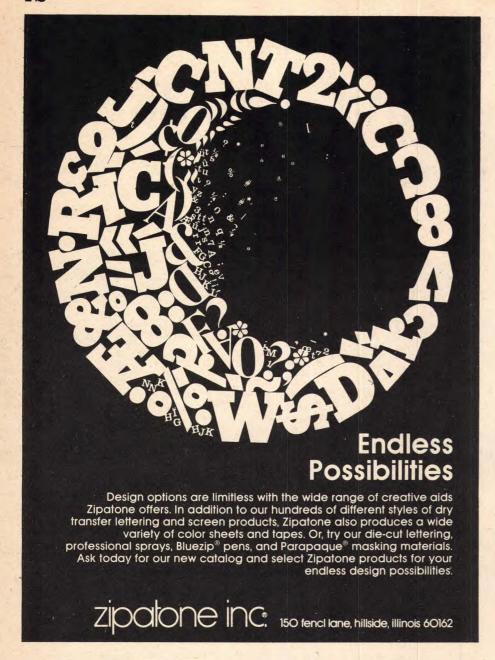


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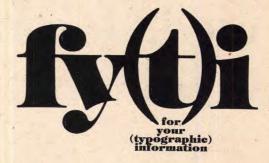
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A bimonthly magazine produced by the illustrators and designers of the Push Pin Studios.



A mini-glossary of computer/typographic terms. Compiled by Paul Doebler and Edward M. Gottschall.

Communicating Typewriter

An automatic typewriter that uses telephone lines to exchange information with similar units or computers.

Compose

The total process of setting type into lines, then columns, and finally assembling everything together with illustrations so that all elements are correctly positioned.

Computer

A device capable of producing useful information or functions by accepting data and performing prescribed operations. Various types of computers are calculators, digital computers and analog computers.

Computer Graphics

Charts, diagrams, drawings and other pictorial representations that are computer-generated.

Computer Instruction

An instruction, either in source or machine language, directing the computer to perform some operation on data specified by the instruction.

Computer Program

A set of instructions which, when converted to machinereadable format, causes a computer to perform a series of specified operations to achieve the desired end result.

Computer Tape Reader

A device normally attached to a computer, photographic typesetter or other system machine to read coded tape and transfer the material into the machine.

Contour Characters

Letters having a continuous even-weight line drawn around the outside of the character, but not touching it.

ABCDEF

Conversational Mode

A style of operation that involves a "dialogue" between a computer and its user. The computer program examines the input supplied by the user and formulates questions or comments which are directed back to the user, after which the user replies with further instructions, and so on.

Core (Storage)

The "memory" within a computer, as opposed to storage on peripheral devices.

CPI

Characters Per Inch. The storage density of a magnetic tape, drum, disc or any device that information is recorded on.

CRT

See Cathode-Ray Tube.



A mini-glossary of computer/typographic terms. Compiled by Paul Doebler and Edward M. Gottschall.

Cursive

An italic typeface embellished in a manner that gives it more distinction than a conventional italic.

Cursor

A movable spot of light that appears on the screen of visual display terminals and can be positioned horizontally and vertically by means of keyboard controls to instruct the computer at what point a correction, insertion, deletion or other change is to be made.

Cutoff Rule

A printing rule used to separate advertisements or different news items.

Daisy Wheel

A 3-inch diameter metal or plastic disc with typewriter characters on spokes radiating from its center. Disc spins and, as keyboard is struck, hammer strikes disc from rear to print the keyboarded character. Can write 55 characters per second compared to 15 characters per second for the metal ball. Some typewriters can be equipped with two or more daisy wheels to mix faces on line and/or step up printing speed to 75 characters per second. Such devices also offer differential spacing and promise a wider choice of typeface sizes and styles than are currently available on typewriters. Daisy wheels are interchangeable so that a variety of typefaces can be used on one machine.

Dash Leaders

Leaders consisting of dashes

as distinguished from dot (leaders.)

Data Bank

The mass storage of large amounts of information indexed in a manner that facilitates selective retrieval.

Data Base

Data items that must be previously stored in order to meet specified information processing and retrieval needs. The term generally applies to an integrated file of data.

Data Reduction

A processing operation for transforming large volumes of raw data into more useful condensed or simplified form.

Data Transmission

The high-speed sending of coded data over telephone or other communication links.

Demodulation

The process of retrieving an original signal from a modulated carrier wave. This technique is used in data sets to make communications signals compatible with business machine signals.

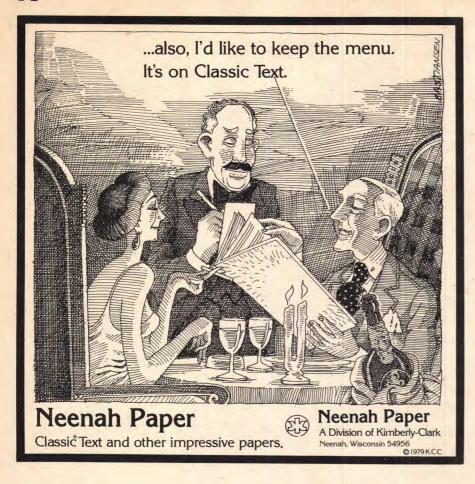
Citizens of the United States:
In compliance with a custom as old
as the government itself, I appear before
you to address you briefly, and to take in your
presence the oath prescribed by the Constitution of
the United States to be taken by the President "before he
enters on the execution of his office." (II take the official oath
today with no mental reservations, and with no purpose to construe
the Constitution or laws by any hypercritical rules. And while I do not
choose now to specify particular acts of Congress as proper to be
enforced, I do suggest that it will be much safer for all, both in official
and private stations, to conform to and abide by all those acts which
stand unrepealed, than to violate any of them, trusting to find impunity
in having them held to be unconstitutional. (If it is seventy-two years
since the first inauguration of a President under our National Constitution. During that period fifteen different and greatly distinguished citizens have, in succession, administered the executive branch of the
government. They have conducted it through many perils, and generally
with great success. Yet, with all this scope of precedent, I now enter
upon the same task for the brief constitutional term of four years
under great and peculiar difficulty. A disruption of the Federal Union,
heretofore only menaced, is now formidably attempted. (II hold that, in contemplation of universal law and of the Constitution, the Union of these States
is perpetual. Perpetuity is implied, if not expressed, in the fundamental law of
all national governments. It is safe to assert that no government proper ever
had a provision in its organic law for its own termination. (IBut if the destruction of the Union by one or by a party only of the States be lawfully
possible, the Union is less perfect than before the Constitution, heart of the vital element of perpetuity. I am loathe to close. We are not
enemies, but friends. We must not be enemies. Though passion
may have strained, it must not break our bonds of aff and dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal. Now we are engaged in a great civil war, testing whether that nation, or any nation so conceived and so dedicated, can long endure. We are met on a great battlefield of that war. We have come to dedicate a portion of that field as a final resting-place for those who here gave their lives that that nation might live. It is altogether fitting and proper that we should do gave their lives that that nation might live. It is altogether fitting and proper that we should do this. IBut, in a larger sense, we cannot dedicate—we cannot consecrate—we cannot hallow—this ground.

The brave men, living and dead, who struggled here, have consecrated it far above our poor power to add or detract.

The world will little note nor long remember what we say here, but it can never forget what they did here. It is for us, the living, rather, to be dedicated here to the unfinished work which they who fought here have thus far so nobly advanced. It is rather for us to be here dedicated to the great task remaining before us—that from these honored dead we take increased devotion to that cause for which they gave the last full measure of devotion; that we here highly resolve that these dead shall not have died in vain; that this nation, under God, shall have a new birth of freedom; and that government of the people, by the people, for the people, shall not perish from the earth.

Having a complete library of type designs is not as important as knowing how to use it.









A mini-glossary of computer/typographic terms. Compiled by Paul Doebler and Edward M. Gottschall.

Density

The amount of information which can be stored on a medium in a given area; e.g., on magnetic tape a common density is 800 bytes or characters per inch. See Byte.

Descender

The part of a letter that descends below the base line as on, for example, the lowercase g, j, y.

Digital

Data in the form of discrete digits, as opposed to analog data.

Digital Computer

A computer output device for drawing graphic images on a print medium as directed by digital signals.

Digitizer

A device for converting data into discrete countable digits or bits.

Disc

A flat circular plate with a magnetic surface on which data can be stored by selective magnetization of portions of the surface. (See also Disc Drive.)

Disc Drive

The system or device which electromagnetically reads information from or writes information on a magnetic disc. One or more discs are mounted on a vertical rotating shaft separated from each other. Between the discs are read/write heads for each surface of each disc; they operate on the discs as the discs rotate. Access time is slower than on a magnetic drum but storage capacity is greater, cost is lower, and discs are interchangeable.

Disc Pack

A grouping of magnetic discs, giving the appearance of a stack of phonograph records. Disc packs offer very large data storage capacities as well as random access to the stored data.

Display

A temporary visual representation of computer output, as on a cathode ray tube.

Display Typewriter

An automatic typewriter that shows the characters being typed on a lighted screen, rather than on paper.

Dot Leaders

Leaders consisting of dots as distinguished from hyphen leaders.

Drop Folio

A page number printed at the foot of the page.

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A mini-glossary of computer/typographic terms. Compiled by Paul Doebler and Edward M. Gottschall.

1. In foundry type, the square of the body of a type. A 12-pt em is 12 pts x 12 pts; a 10-pt em is 10 pts x 10 pts, etc.

2. A rectangular measure for a type character based on the width of the capital letter "M" in a given typeface and size. A 12-pt em would be 12 pts high and as wide as the "M."

3.A typeface measurement representing the total number of units in a "set width" in a given system, such as 18, 54, 96 unit systems, for example. In an 18-unit system an em would represent 18 units of "set width." The em of a 12-pt face 12-pt set is 12 x 12 points; the em of a 12-pt face 13-pt set is 12 x 13 pts.

Em Dash

A dash one em long.

8 PT. EM DASH 10 PT. EM DASH - 12 PT. EM DASH

Em Leader

A series of horizontal dots or dashes evenly spaced one em from center to center.

One-half of an em (see Em).

En Dash

A dash one en long.

En Leader

A series of horizontal dots or dashes evenly spaced one en from center to center.

The design of the junction between a serif and the main stroke of a letter.

Floppy Disc

A thin, flexible disc with a magnetic surface capable of storing digitized information. A very inexpensive form of memory which can be easily inserted and removed from a computer system.

Flowchart

A diagrammatic representation for the definition, analysis or solution of a computer system in which symbols are used to represent operations, data flow and equipment.

Flying Spot Scanner

In OCR, a device employing a moving spot of light to scan an area. The intensity of the transmitted or reflected light is sensed by a photoelectric transducer.

Folio

A page number, usually placed at the outside of the running head at the top of the page. If placed at the bottom of the page, the number is a "drop folio." A folio counted in numbering pages but not printed (as on the title page) is a "blind folio." Any folio printed is an "expressed folio."

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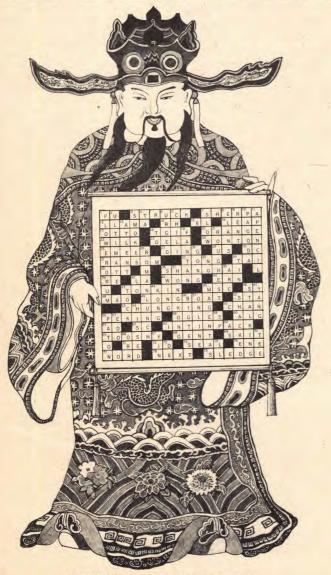
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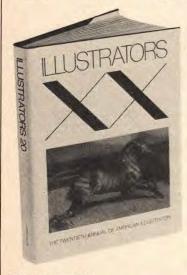
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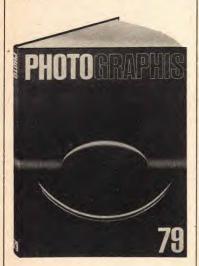
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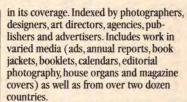
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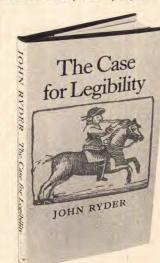


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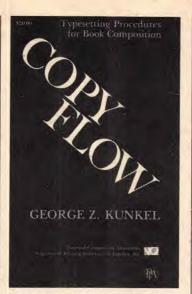


The Case For Legibility by John Ryder

A small book with a large message, this is a personal statement. John Ryder believes the importance of legibility is self-evident, but that the risks of eroding legibility have soared as computer typesetting offers the designer more and finer options -more ways to go wrong as well as right. Focusing on book design, Ryder elo-

quently pleads for legibility and elegance to go hand in hand. This illustrated presentation is adapted from his address at the Standing Conference of National and University Libraries.

Moretus Press, 363 Seventh Avenue, NY, NY 10001. 78 pages. $4\frac{1}{2} \times 7\frac{3}{4}$. \$8.50.



Copy Flow by George Z. Kunkel

This procedural walk-through of the many steps involved in setting type for book composition is detailed enough for veteran typesetters, and clear enough for newcomers

National Composition Association, 1730 N. Lynn St., Arlington, VA 22209. 83 pages. 41/4 x 7. Paper. \$20.00.

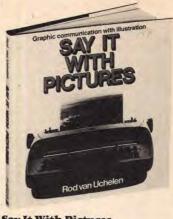


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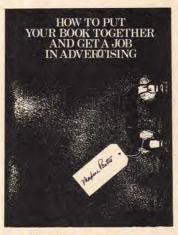


Say It With Pictures by Rod van Uchelen

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Van Nostrand Reinhold, Order Processing, 7625 Empire Drive, Florence, KY 41042. 144 pages. 81/4 x 91/4. 100 + b/w photos and line drawings. Paper \$7.95.

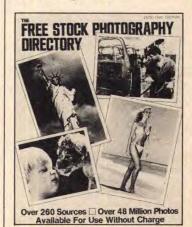
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How To Put Your Book Together And Get A Job In Advertising by Maxine Paetro

The author is Vice President and Creative Manager of Foote, Cone and Belding, New York. In question-and-answer dialogue she gives down-to-earth guidance to aspiring art directors and copywriters on everything from what constitutes an advertising concept to what to wear to the first interview.

Executive Communications, Inc., 400 E. 54th St., NY, NY 10022. 106 pages. 83/8 x 107/8. Paper. \$9.95.



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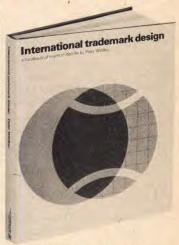
Infosource Business Publications, 1600 Lehigh Parkway East, Allentown, PA 18103. 36 pages. 81/2 x 11. Paper. \$10.00.



Lettering Art In Modern Use by Raymond Ballinger

Now in paperback, this basic book examines lettering as it relates to other phases of graphic design. Covers currently used styles in many fields and discusses basic lettering methods.

Van Nostrand Reinhold, Order Processing, 7625 Empire Drive, Florence, KY 41042.96 pages. 73/4 x 101/4. Paper. \$5.95.



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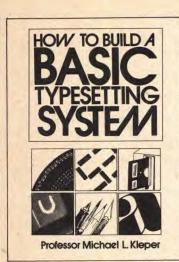
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THE ART OF THE CINEMATOGRAPHER: A Survey and Interview with Five Masters.

Dover Publications, Inc., 180 Varick St., NY, NY 10014



How to Build a Basic Typesetting System by Professor Michael Kleper

Today, many typesetting novices not only have to make typesetting purchase decisions and operate typesetters but must also configure various devices into a workable and cost-effective system. This book, addressed to such people, bridges the gap between typesetting technology and practical applications. It helps one, in the words of industry consultant Frank Romano, "reduce alternatives, narrow choices, and pretty much pinpoint selection." An illustrated photocomposition primer offering a comprehensive strategy for evaluating and specifying a basic typesetting system, it is of particular value to those in word processing and business communications who are becoming involved in typesetting. Graphic Dimensions, 25 Beekman Place, Rochester, NY 14620. 100 pages. 6 x 9. \$10.00 softcover.

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D.B. Updike

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Correspondence

EDITED BY DAVID MERITTERICK

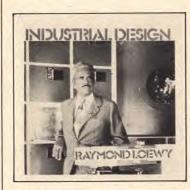
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THE MORETUS PRESS

Stanley Morison and D. B. Updike: Selected Correspondence Edited by David McKitterick

Stanley Morison visited America in 1924 and first met Daniel Berkeley Updike (his senior by thirty years) in August of that year. They had already been corresponding across the Atlantic and continued to do so until Updike's death in 1941. This book is a collection of the letters exchanged by these admired proprietors of Merrymount Press and Kelmscott Press. You don't have to be a typophile to enjoy it, though that certainly helps. Here are stimulating thoughts and expressions exchanged by thinking/creative men with shared interests and enthusiasms. A 22-page introduction, which supplies background on the principals and their times, sets the stage for understanding and enjoyment of the letters. A chronology and index add to the book's reference value. The Moretus Press, Inc., 363 Seventh Avenue, New York, NY $10001.200 + pages. 6\frac{1}{8} \times 9\frac{1}{4}.20$ illustrations. \$25.00.

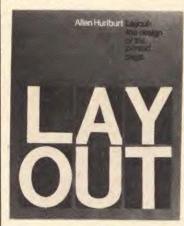
From Typist to Typesetter by Ann Williamson

This book by the former Assistant Director of Publications for the American Bar Association attempts to bridge the gap between the typist and the typesetter. It recognizes the fact that there's more to training a bright typist for typesetting than teaching the new keyboard, that the judgment and skill of a typesetter are not learned overnight. The only book of its kind, it presents typesetting basics in a clear, instructive manner to general typists. Including examples, quizzes and step-by-step instruction, it is an easy-tounderstand and use training manual and reference book. In teaching the language of typesetting as well as the techniques, it covers many refinements, such as when to use a hyphen and when to use a dash, how to cope with rivers and widows and ellipses. Indexed. And Type, Inc., 927 Argyle, Chicago, Ill. 80 pages and cover. 51/2 x 81/2. \$10.95.



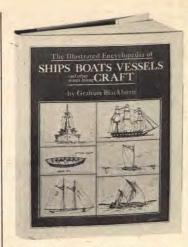
Industrial Design by Raymond Loewy

A record of a life's achievements, *Industrial Design* covers Loewy's career chronologically, with more than 700 color and b/w illustrations. This is a personal and professional document by and about a brilliant designer—the only one ever given a *Time* cover story. It celebrates 50 years of designing everything from cigarette packages to automobiles, from streamlined locomotives and ocean liners to logotypes and the U.S. Postal Service emblem. The Overlook Press, Rt. 212, P.O. Box 427, Woodstock, NY 12498. 250 pages. 103/8 x 103/8. \$47.00. A limited, numbered, slipcase edition with a signed lithograph is \$225, plus postage and handling.



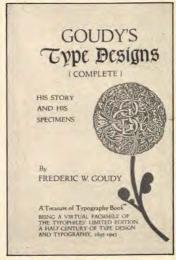
Layout by Allen Hurlburt

Presents the keys to successful graphic design by tracing the history of 20th-century design, analyzing basic principles, explaining content of the printed page and the psychology of graphic communications. Deals with major art movements and ways of dividing space on the page, from the Golden Mean of Greece to Le Corbusier's modular system and the Swiss grid system. Relates content to photography, illustration typography, and all to the communication's purpose and to achieving the desired response. A thoughtful and articulate analysis of applied graphics by a master practitioner. Watson-Guptill Publications, Inc., 2160 Patterson St., Cincinnati, OH 45214. 160 pages. 8½ x 10½ 200 illustrations. Bibliography. Index. \$17.95.



The Illustrated Encyclopedia of Ships, Boats, Vessels and Other Water-borne Craft by Graham Blackburn

The beauty and consistency of Blackburn's line drawings and the encyclopedic documentation of these water-borne craft form a reference and survey of the earliest vessels through today's most advanced nuclear-powered vessels. A charming and practical, fully illustrated directory of all types of craft, arranged alphabetically and supplemented by a nautical glossary, bibliography and indexes. The Overlook Press, Rt. 212, P.O. Box 427, Woodstock, NY 12498. 448 pages. $8^{1}/4 \times 11.1,000$ line drawings. \$19.95.



Goudy's Type Designs by Frederic W. Goudy

This is a virtual facsimile of the Typophiles' limited edition, "A Half-Century of Type Design and Typography, 1895–1945." It is Goudy's autobiography and a complete record of his contributions to typography, including showings of all his typefaces. All material from the original edition is retained, and two additions are an introduction by Dr. J. Ben Lieberman (founder of Goudy Thirty) and footnote updating the name change of the California face. The Myriade Press, 7 Stony Run, New Rochelle, NY 10804. 286 pages. 4½ x 7¼. \$14.95 cloth; \$9.95 paper.

Intimate Landscapes by Eliot Porter

Eliot Porter is a poet with the camera, recognized as America's premier colorist and one of the world's most distinguished nature photographers. This beautifully designed and produced book features 54 stunning nature studies and close-ups, ranging from a fragile woodlands flower to a canyon, a waterfall or a summer sunset, together with a selection from Dr. Porter's writings about photography and nature. This book is to be published in connection with an exhibit of Eliot Porter's work this winter at the Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York. Dutton, 2 Park Avenue, NY, NY 10016. 160 pages. 95% x 1234. \$40.00.



Typographic Variations by Hermann Zapf

Here are 78 book and title pages designed by Hermann Zapf, each as different from the other as was the problem they solved. Collectively they are wonderful examples of exquisite design and typography, always appropriate to the subject matter at hand. As Paul Standard's preface comments: Studying the experimental title pages in this volume, the reader is grateful for the typographer's instinctive agreement with Stanley Morison's dictum that 'the typographer's only purpose is to express not himself but his author. Our designer has in every case thought chiefly of the subject matter in hand, and how best to show it forth, using all he has of tact, reserve and understatement along with his judgment of type-interactions for the desired end. He seems resolved to commit no slightest aggression upon author or reader...Of the pages in the present volume one gen-eral conclusion may be drawn: that in print the tradition of the gentle, courteous reader is best advanced by the gentle, courteous typographer, who thus becomes a true servant of the book, and so of civilization." This paperback edition of a work first issued in 1963 is available from the Myriade Press, 7 Stony Run, New Rochelle, NY 10804. 200 + pages. 6 x 9.



Type and Typefaces by J. Ben Lieberman

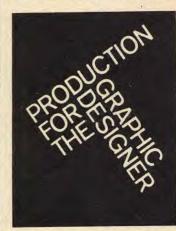
For those who want a readable, heavily illustrated mixture of practical information concerning typefaces plus highlights of the story of how our letters and typesetting systems evolved. Tells how to recognize and classify typefaces, illustrates nearly 1,000 alphabets (mostly metal) and defines over 600 terms in a unique running "glossary in context" 3,000-entry index. The Myriade Press, 7 Stony Run, New Rochelle, NY 10804. 142 pages. 8½ x 1114. \$14.95 cloth; \$9.95 paper.

Illustrator Illustrated No. 1

This is a beautifully presented visual index to the work of hundreds of leading illustrators all over the world... from the best known, such as Milton Glaser and Seymour Chwast, to lesser-known illustrators representing a wide range of styles. Color and b/w pages show the work of the artist or studio represented and the address, phone, specialties, list of artists (if a studio) and the artists' representatives. Art Directors' Index, 415 West Superior St., Chicago, IL 60610. 350 pages. 8¾ x 12¾. \$51.90.

Folk Painters of America by Robert Bishop This reference work on American for

This reference work on American folk painting from its early 17th-century beginnings to the present was written by the Director of the Museum of American Folk Art in New York City. It covers the subject by regions: New England, New York and New Jersey, Pennsylvania, the South, the Western Reserve and Old Northwest Territory, and the Southwest. Its 368 photographs and 70 color plates present the wonderful variety of American folk paintings: portraits, silhouettes, landscapes, calligraphic drawings, Fraktur, theorems, wall murals, furniture decoration, shop signs and overmantel paintings. A rich harvest of people's art, past and present. Bibliography. Index. Dutton, 2 Park Avenue, NY, NY 10016. 248 pages. 8½ x 11. \$25.00.



Production for the Graphic Designer by James Craig

Written by a designer for the designer. Covers typesetting, printing, paper, inks, binding/folding/imposition, and preparation of mechanicals. A basic fact book. Glossary of 1,100 entries. Paper section lists papers by generic names, describes their characteristics and uses. Type specimens. An excellent table of comparative typesetting systems. Bibliography. Index. Watson-Guptill Publications, Inc., 2160 Patterson St., Cincinnati, OH 45214. 208 pages. 8½ x 11. Over 400 illustrations. \$19.95.

Holidays

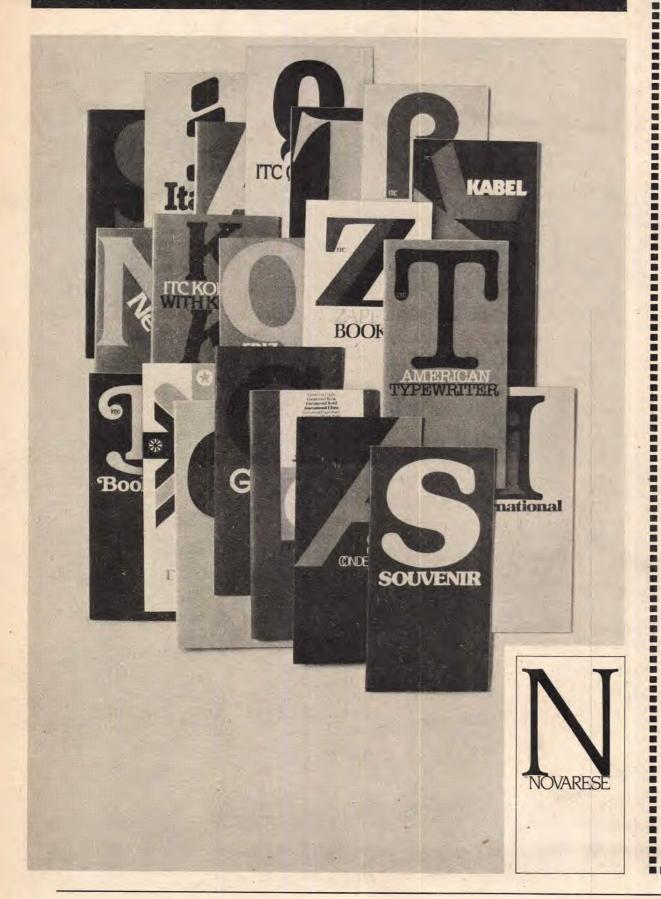
A Hart Picture Archives collection of public domain pictures of national and religious holiday festivities, scenes and paraphernalia. Large, easily reproducible pictures are printed on glossy coated paper. All are identified and the source is given. Indexed. Hart Publishing Co., Inc., 15 West 4th Street, New York, NY 10012. 80 pages. 9½ x 12½. \$14.95.



Pasteup by Rod von Uchelen

A how-to especially helpful to offices and personnel with duplicating and reproduction centers. Explains functions and mechanics of paste-up at three levels of complexity: office duplication, professional and art production. Includes basic data on tools, materials, methods, and what the artist needs to know about typography and printing processes and such special areas as assembly, markup, retouching and lettering. Watson-Guptill Publications, Inc., 2160 Patterson St., Cincinnati, OH 45214. 132 pages, 200 illustrations. 8½ x 9¼. \$12.95.

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